GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Wednesday, Apr. 22nd, 1908.

VOL. XXXIV, NO. 51

OFFICIAL CANVAS.

TOWNS, CITIES and VILLAGES	Justice of Supreme Court	Circuit Judge	Delegates at Large Democratic National Convention		District Delegates to National Democratic Convention		Delegates at Large to Republican National Convention						District Delegates to Republican National Convention			
	John Barnes	Robt. M. Bashford	William Ruger	Chas. M. Webb	John A. Aylward	Melvin A. Hoyt	Herbert H. Munson	Chas. W. Wheese	Dennis D. Conway	Chas. B. McDonald	Wm. Chas. Brunder	Hen. Allen Cooper	John M. Ke	Hiram O. Fairchild	Adolph A. Homstad	Adley Peterson	Isaac Stephenson	Frederick G. Winkler	Walter Alexander	Theo. W. Brazeau	Charles D. Feneldon	Erick J. Onstad
Arpin Town	18	18	1	154	15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Auburndale Town	16	16			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Auburndale Village	58	58			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Cary Town	16	16			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Cameron Town	35	35			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Cranmoor Town	4	4			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Dexter Town	74	74			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Grand Rapids, 1st W	86	86			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Grand Rapids, 2nd W	82	82			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Grand Rapids, 3rd W	85	85			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Grand Rapids, 4th W	88	88			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Grand Rapids, 5th W	88	88			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Grand Rapids, 6th W	88	88			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Grand Rapids, 7th W	88	88			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Grand Rapids, 8th W	88	88			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Hansen Town	16	16			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Hiles Town	16	16			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Lincoln Town	16	16			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Marshfield, 1st W	88	88			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Marshfield, 2nd W	88	88			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Marshfield, 3rd W	88	88			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Marshfield, 4th W	88	88			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Marshfield, 5th W	88	88			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Marshfield, 6th W	88	88			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Marshfield Town	16	16			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Nekoosa Village	16	16			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Port Edwards Village	16	16			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Port Edwards Town	16	16			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Pittsville, 1st W	88	88			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Pittsville, 2nd W	88	88			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Pittsville, 3rd W	88	88			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Remington Town	16	16			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Richfield Town	16	16			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Rudolph Town	16	16			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Rock Town	16	16			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Sherry Town	16	16			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Sigel Town	16	16			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Saratoga Town	57	57			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Seneca Town	16	16			15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Wood Town	25	25	4	73	15	15	15	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
	1291	1291	5	1605	1002	870	871	557	672	705	819	1508	1482	722	785	642	1215	1365	682	1142	902	704

STATE OF WISCONSIN } ss
COUNTY OF WOOD }

We Geo. W. Davis, County Clerk, and Jacob Searls Citizen, and G. D. Fritzsinger Citizen, in and for said, constituting the Board of County Canvassers for said County.—GEO. W. DAVIS, County Clerk. JACOB SEARLS, Citizen, G. D. FRITZSINGER, Citizen.—Board of County Canvassers.

...Spring Floor Coverings...

Are an important item in every household and worthy a careful consideration. IF IT IS OF ANY VALUE to you to see the carpets before they are made up and judge for yourself of their quality and see the color combinations THEN IT IS IMPORTANT that you see us and look through our line of floor coverings which is the largest and best appointed stock in central Wisconsin. We carry the goods in our department, you do not have to wait to send away. Workmanship--the all important part in made rugs; every rug is strictly hand made and guaranteed the best that good workmanship can produce.

Special Values in Three-Quarter Carpets that will Appeal to You.

A 10-wire tapestry Brussels with border to match, extra quality in floral or oriental designs, 20 patterns to select from, at a yard finished price..... **90c**

Windsor Brussels in floral and conventional designs, light and medium shades, all borders to match, finished price a yard..... **$1.25**

Leistershire Body Brussels with borders, a superior five paine carpet. The best all wool Brussels in the market, finished price a yard.... **$1.75**

Quarter Axminster in high floral and oriental designs with borders to match, all in dainty and perfect colorings and patterns, finished price a yard..... **$1.25**

Smith's extra special Axminister in Persian designs, rich and elegant in contrasting colors, full three-quarter border to match, finished price, a yard..... **$1.25**

Smith's No. 4,000 velvet in latest oriental and floral designs with borders to match, finished price, a yd.. **1.30**

Royal Wilton velvets. These carpets are made of finest Australian wool. We are showing them in a well assorted range of patterns, finished price, a yard..... **$1.60**

Room Size Rugs

With the growing demand for room size rugs this department has placed for the spring trade a full assortment of rugs in all regular sizes. The colorings and patterns are all desirable and new. We append a list of sizes and prices.

SMYRNA RUGS—

6x9 Smyrna rug for..... **$9.90**

9x12 Smyrna rug for..... **$18.00**

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS RUGS—

9x12 tapestry Brussels rug, oriental designs..... **$15.00**

9x12 Nopperham seamless rug in tapestry Brussels..... **$16.00**

9x12 metropolitan seamless rug. 10 wire tapestry Brussels, dyed in the wool, each..... **$18.00**

AXMINSTER RUGS—

9x12 Smith's Saxonia axminster in medallion and floral designs each..... **$22.00**

9x12 Smith's axminster of fine grade of wool, each.. **$25.00**

9x12 Bigelow electra rug. This rug is of best quality of Saxony wool, each..... **$27.50**

9x12 Bigelow "Marmara" Body Brussels rug, a five paine Brussels, in staple shades, only each **$27.50**

9x12 Bigelow Bagdad rug, finish Wilton velvet in Turkish and Persian designs, each..... **$40.00**

Room Size Carpet Rugs

The following room size carpet rugs are made in our own workroom and are the best grades and values that can be shown.

10 6x12 Tapestry Brussels rug	21.50	10 6x12 Smith's velvet rugs	31.00
10 6x12 Cordova Brussels rug	24.00	10 6x12 "Savonneria" extra super axminster rug	35.00
10 6x12 Windsor Brussels rug	29.00	10 6x12 Royal Wilton velvet rug	37.50

Any of the above quoted room size rugs can be made up in any desired size at a proportionate price.

Special values in all Ingrain carpetings, all grades per yard..... **35c** to **75c**

Johnson & Hill Co.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

Jane Addams Coming.

The postponed lecture of Jane Addams will take place Wednesday evening, April 29th at the opera house. The people of Grand Rapids will be glad to know we are really to have this great treat as was planned earlier in the season by the women of the Federated clubs. There has been a great deal written about Miss Addams recently, one of the leading dailies of the country not long since in a long review of her life and work in Chicago, designates her as the greatest woman in the world today.

That the people of Grand Rapids are alive to the fact that it is an unusual privilege to have an attraction of this kind come to us is demonstrated by the enthusiasm with which the announcement of Miss Addam's lecture in February was received, and it was a great disappointment to the public when illness prevented her from keeping her engagement here. It will be a pleasure therefore to many to know that the lecture will actually take place so soon.

The Chicago Record-Herald, speaking of Miss Addams, says:

"As is well known, there have been a thousand and one attempts to bridge the social chasm; but Miss Addams decided to make her life her answer. So she moved down in the slums—and worked."

Later from the same article, we quote as follows:

"In her work, Jane Addams early surrounded herself with willing workers, from many levels of life,—rich or poor, college bred or self educated, and of many shades of opinion,—and from the very first this group tried to make Chicago a better city. On the civic side whenever facts were gathered on conditions that needed correction, the information was turned over to a legislative or an executive body for action. I wish I had time to tell of the long fight against the druggists who sold cocaine to children; of the twelve hundred school children whose only playground was the "dump;" of new factory laws; the tuberculosis inquiry among rear tenement dwellers; and the dreadful center that was found, like the infamous "Long Block" on Cherry st., New York city; and the fight against typhoid by personal inspection of some four thousand tenements.

Neighborliness? An Italian woman came in one day, and, seeing a vase of roses, wondered how they could be so fresh, "so far from Italy. Really, are there roses in America?" One night, Russian wives, not knowing what to do or to say, at last proudly showed their hand embroidered petticoats; told that it was their own work. Miss Addams saw a new way to neighborliness, through old country handicraft; put in spinning wheels, hand looms, and even a Jacquard loom,—the machine that has brains, if ever a machine had brains. Peasants were soon making beautiful cloth; and to-day the spinning and weaving room is a pleasant place to spend half an hour, taking you back to the days of the simple life. "Culture," says Miss Addams, "is an understanding of the long established occupations and thoughts of men." She used also the appeal of folklore, in old country songs; taught immigrant women how to cook, and how to sew on a button, and how to run a seam, and how to mend a child's dress without botching it; and she showed the wives in her parish how to make a bed and how to sweep. Then she added music, for, as she says, "Music makes men forget their differences."

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

Ladies. Campbell, Miss Isabel (card); DeMott, Mrs. Agnes (2); McCooz, Mrs. Laura (card); Schaug, Frau, Alle (foreign); Thompson, Mrs. Lydia (card).

Gentlemen. Anthony, Abe; Campbell, Richard (2 cards); Ganau, Geo. (card), Martin, L. R.; Svetz, John (card); Wendt, Arthur (card); Yetter, Bert.

Death of Mrs. Daigle.

Mrs. Julia Daigle, wife of John Daigle of the town of Rudolph, died on Monday night from a complication of diseases. Deceased was aged 37 years, one month and 16 days and is survived by her husband and three children.

Mrs. Daigle, whose maiden name was Julia Janson, was born at Roseville, Minn., but came to this section with her parents some thirty years ago. Besides her husband and children she is also survived by her father, L. J. Janson, who resides at Rudolph, and two sisters, Mrs. E. Juneau of Merrill and Mrs. C. Baldwin of this city.

The funeral occurs on Thursday from St. Philomena's Catholic church at Rudolph, the remains to be interred there.

The husband and sorrowing family have the sympathy of all in their affliction.

Gilkey-Brooks.

Miss Irene Gilkey of this city and H. W. Brooks of Green Lake were married in this city on Thursday morning at the home of the bride's mother on Fourth street, Rev. Fred Staff of the Congregational church officiating.

The ceremony occurred at ten o'clock and was witnessed by only the immediate friends of the family in this city and some of the relatives of the groom from out of town.

The bride, who is the younger daughter of Mrs. Jennie Gilkey, is a graduate of our high school and has since been attending Ripon college. She is a most estimable young lady who has many friends here to wish her success on her journey thru life. The groom is engaged in the mercantile business at Green Lake and was also a student at Ripon.

The young couple left the same day for the south and after a short wedding tour will make their home at Green Lake.

Among those from out of town who were present at the ceremony were J. R. Brooks, Harry Brooks and Miss Flora Brooks of Green Lake, Misses Louise Dillon of Ripon, Vina Germond of Oconto., Mabel Frost and Frank Haigh of Ripon.

Patrick Mullen Very Sick.

T. E. Mullen received word on Monday afternoon that his father, Patrick Mullen, was quite sick. As the old gentleman is 96 years of age the outcome would naturally be rather doubtful and Mr. Mullen left the same evening for Milwaukee. Mr. Mullen has been in a Sisters institution at Milwaukee since last fall and has been enjoying the best of health since going there.

Later word was received here this morning that Mr. Mullen had died at one o'clock last night. The body is expected to arrive this evening over the C. & N. W. Ry., and the funeral will be held at ten o'clock Friday morning from the Catholic church.

Were Using a Net.

Game warden Cole arrested five young fellows last week near Biron on a charge of fishing with a net. They were Wm. Helmer, Percy Kemfort, J. E. Babcock, E. Olson and Arthur Cronin. Kempfert was arrested on a different charge from the others and was allowed to go after paying the costs. The others were fined $25 and costs, which sum was paid. They pleaded guilty to the charge against them and were lucky to get off with so light a fine.

School Officers.

At a recent meeting of the school board the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

I. P. Witter, president
H. S. Youker, clerk
W. H. Reeves, treasurer

The chairmen of the different committees are as follows:

Teachers and texts—D. B. Philleo
Finance—L. M. Nash
Building and grounds—T. A. Taylor
Witter Building—E. Oberbeck

New Council Convenes.

The old city council passed out of existence and the new council came in last night. The committee on general business of the old council made a report concerning street lights, stating that the Electric & Water Co. would furnish 50 candle power lamps for street purposes at the rate of $1.66⅔ per month. The committee recommended the placing of ten lights on the east side and designated the location. The placing of lights on the west side was to be left to a committee from the west side. After this matter was disposed of the old council adjourned.

The new council then organized, mayor Pomainville taking the chair and made the following appointments:

City Attorney—George P. Hambrecht
City Clerk—C. E. Boles
Health Commissioner—Dr. W. O. Blanchar
Chief of Police—John Garlhee
Day Police—J. D. Gibson
Night Police (East Side)—Herman Smith
Night Police (West Side)—William Berg
City Engineer—E. I. Philleo
Poor Commissioner—Peter McCamley
Supt. of Fire Engine—D. M. Huntington

COMMITTEES.

Finance—Aldermen A. D. Hill, Payne and Jackson.
General Business—Aldermen Briere, Bamberg and Lukaseski.
Streets—Aldermen Steib, Lyon and Panter.
Side Walks—Aldermen Jackson, Rosenus and Ristow.
Waterworks—Aldermen G. M. Hill, Gilmaster and Sampson.
Sewers—Aldermen Ellis, Rossler and Briere.
Board of Public Works—Mayor Pomainville, Aldermen Steib, Ellis, Jackson, and Hill.

Alderman Fred Jackson was elected president of the council. The bond of the city treasurer was fixed at $30,000 and that of the city clerk at $1000. The clerk was instructed to get bids for the city printing and the city depository.

The city attorney was instructed to draw an ordinance covering the formation of the board of review under the new law. The number and the compensation to be left blank to be filled in at a future meeting of the council.

The mayor and city clerk were instructed to enter into a contract with W. T. Jones for the construction of a ditch from the Sigel road to the river in accordance with a bid submitted by him, the price for removing the dirt being 18c per cubic yard, regardless of what kind of soil is encountered.

The council then adjourned until the next regular meeting which occurs on the first Tuesday in May.

Death of W. O. Cornahan.

Eau Claire, Wis., April 16.—William O. Cornahan, aged 42, member of the state assembly from the Second district of Eau Claire county, to whom the American Society of Equity in Wisconsin owed more for leadership and organizing ability than any other man, prominent in the Democratic party and once a candidate for congress, died at 4 25 o'clock this afternoon at Sacred Heart hospital of lockjaw. He had been unconscious for several hours before his death.

Tetanus was due to abrasion and contusion of the left leg below the knee caused by falling while trying to board a moving street car April 7. Symptoms of tetanus developed April 14, when he was taken to the hospital and serum treatment began. Four physicians were in attendance.

Mr. Cornahan was unmarried. He leaves a considerable estate, including a farm in the town of Union, where he resided. He will be remembered as one of the men of force and ability in the last Wisconsin legislative session. He championed important measures, including the prison binding twine bill, which became law.

Mr. Cornahan was well known to many of the residents of this section, having spoken here at the potato growers convention and also about the county on numerous occasions.

Death of Ole Thorp.

Ole Thorp died on Tuesday morning of consumption at the home of Mr. Englebretson on the west side. Deceased was twenty-two years of age. The funeral will take place Friday from the Scandinavian Moravian church, Rev. Johnson officiating. Interment will take place in Forest Hill cemetery.

Paperhanging and Painting.

—Interior finishing of all kinds. Our papering is first class. We also handle Alfred Peter wall paper and will be pleased to call at your residence and take your order at reasonable prices. Nelson Laramie. Phone 89.

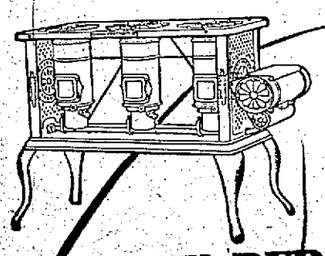
Stetson' Double Monster "Uncle Tom's Cabin" Company.

—Will present their popular and unrivaled version of the ever welcome "Uncle Tom's Cabin" at the Grand tonight. That their entertainment is giving unlimited satisfaction is fully evidenced from the number of laudatory notices complimenting their excellent performance. Prices 25, 35 and 50 cents.

B. M. VAUGHAN,
Attorney at Law.

Money loaned. Real estate bought and sold Gardner Block, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis

Hot Stove—Cool Kitchen



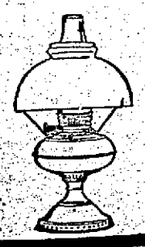
How do you expect to endure the broiling days of summer if you prepare all the food over a glowing coal fire?

You need a "New Perfection" Oil Stove that will do the cooking without cooking the cook. It concentrates plenty of heat under the pot and diffuses little or none through the room. Therefore, when working with the

NEW PERFECTION
Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook-Stove

the kitchen actually seems as comfortable as you could wish it to be.

This, in itself, is wonderful, but, more than that, the "New Perfection" Oil Stove does perfectly everything that any stove can do. It is an ideal all-round cook-stove. Made in three sizes, and fully warranted. If not with your dealer, write our nearest agency.



The **Rayo Lamp** a substantial, strongly made and handsome lamp. Burns for hours with a strong, mellow light. Just what you need for evening reading or to light the dining-room. If not with your dealer, write our nearest agency.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(Incorporated)

Jubilee Services Sunday.

Next Sunday three services will be held in the opera house to commemorate the 25th anniversary of the building of the Evangelical Lutheran Immanuel's church in this city. The services will be held at 10 a. m., 2:30 p. m. and 7:30 p. m. The evening service will be conducted in the English language in order to comply with the wishes of many English speaking friends of the congregation.

Immanuels congregation was organized in 1881. The first pastor was the Rev. F. Leyhe of Kellner, who began preaching in the old court house. When, in 1883, the number of families had reached forty, the present church building was erected. In 1886 the Rev. J. T. L. Bittner became the first resident pastor of the congregation, and remained here for more than eighteen years. On Jan 1st, 1905, the present pastor, Rev. H. Manck was installed.

Altho the St. Paul's church of the west side and also the newly organized Lutheran congregation at Port Edwards have branched off from the congregation, Immanuel's congregation still has a membership of 140 families, a total of about 750 souls.

The present church building has become too small to accommodate the throngs which assemble every Sunday to hear the word of God, and as a consequence the congregation is seriously considering the erection of a larger and more commodious church edifice.

The public in general is extended a cordial invitation to attend the services at the opera house next Sunday.

Death of Charlotte Otto.

Little Charlotte Otto, the eight year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Otto, died on Thursday morning, her death being a great surprise to the friends of the family, most of whom were under the impression that her entire recovery was only a matter of time.

Charlotte had been quite sick for some time past, but several weeks ago she began to improve, and the change was so marked that it was hoped and expected that she would soon be all right again. She was taken quite bad again on Wednesday evening, however, and in spite of everything that could be done for her she passed away at two o'clock Thursday morning.

The funeral was held on Saturday afternoon from the Congregational church, Rev. Fred Staff conducting the services. The parents have the sympathy of the entire community in their sad affliction.

Matter for New Council.

The Board of public works looked over the proposition of widening Vine street one day last week. They found upon inquiry that M. A. Bogoger wanted $7,000 for a 20 foot strip off from his property along the south side of Vine street. This rather took the wind out of their sails and they investigated the cost of widening Oak street. It was found that this would cost between five and six thousand dollars, a sum that was more within the reach of the city.

As the matter could not be closed at once, and a new council was to take charge of matters within a very short while, it was decided not to do anything further about the matter, but to leave the proposition for the new council to wrestle with.

Unless the city is willing to pay the price asked, the only thing that can be done is to assess the damages and benefits and go ahead with the work, and then if the property holders are not satisfied they can take an appeal in the courts.

Oscar Bandelin Married

Word was received here recently of the marriage on April 16th of Oscar Bandelin of Sand Point, Idaho, to Miss May Davis of Spokane, Washington. Mr. and Mrs. Bandelin will make their home at Sand Point where Mr. Bandelin holds the position of probate judge. Oscar's many friends here will be glad to unite with the Tribune in extending congratulations.

Bought a New Machine.

J. C. Hamilton, W. H. Reeves and F. S. Gill have purchased the floor dressing machine that was used at the opera house last week in smoothing up the floor at that place. The price of the machine was $1000, and this also includes the right to work in several counties in this neighborhood; enough, they consider, to keep the machine busy when once the business is worked up.

The machine does a lot of work in a little while, the work on the opera house floor having been done in twenty five hours at a cost of $75, which if done by hand would have cost $200 or more. Mr. Gill, one of the purchasers, has finished a good many floors in his time and appreciated what the machine was capable of doing.

The machine consists of two parts, one being a gasoline engine and dynamo and the other a motor on a movable carriage. The motor whirls a sandpaper block 2400 revolutions a minute, and when this is touched to the floor it takes the top off in a hurry. The engine and dynamo can remain outside of the building and the power transferred to the machine by means of a flexible lamp cord, the whole thing being so simple and effective that it is very queer that they have not been in use for years.

The machine can be used for private homes as readily as on dance floors and a few nail heads sticking up do not offer any difficulties, as it takes them off with the same facility as wood. After the coarse work is done a polishing block can be put into the machine and any kind of a finish desired put onto the floor.

Will Erect New Home

D. E. Carey will erect a new home on his place during the coming summer, the plans having been prepared by A. F. Billmyre, who will have charge of the construction. The place will be modern and up to date, and will cost in the neighborhood of $4,000.

Messrs. Frank Steib, F. X. Pomainville and A. F. Billmyre have bought the old house now occupied by Mr. Carey and it is the intention to move the structure out on Baker street, between 11th and 12th, and after fixing it up use it for renting.

Closed for the Season.

The Entre Nous club held its last meeting for the season at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Conway on High street. Only the members of the club and a few invited guests were present. The evening was spent very pleasantly, light refreshments being served. Music was furnished by Misses Blanche Cleveland, Ruby Natwick and Luella Jackson.



WE ARE STILL DOING BUSINESS

And we are headquarters for everything good in watches, clocks, jewelry, silverware and musical instruments. Our prices are close on everything and we quote t sample as follows:

Elgin or Waltham movement, in 20 year guaranteed gold filled case for..... **$11.00**

We do only first-class repairing and guarantee all our work. Come and see us.

A. P. Hirzy
Jeweler and Optometrist
WATCH INSPECTOR FOR C. & N. W. RY

ENGLAND SAYS NO ALUM IN FOOD



and strictly prohibits the sale of alum baking powder—

So does France
So does Germany

The sale of alum foods has been made illegal in Washington and the District of Columbia, and alum baking powders are everywhere recognized as injurious.

To protect yourself against alum, when ordering baking powder,

Say plainly—

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

and be very sure you get Royal.

Royal is the only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar. It adds to the digestibility and wholesomeness of the food.

News of Wisconsin

Interesting Happenings in the Various Cities and Towns of the State.

WATER IN RIVERS IS LOW.

Delay in Getting Logs to Sawmills Will Result.

Eau Claire.—The ice is now out of the Chippewa and the season for logging has arrived. Those who engage in the work, however, are much concerned because of the low water. There has been little rainfall during the last month, and through the winter months scarcely any snow, so that the streams in this part of the state are far below their average depth for this season of the year. Nevertheless, there are millions of feet of lumber in logs cut last winter that the lumber companies expect to have driven down the river from landings where they are now accumulated up stream. Thousands of logs have been brought down by rail, but in no case has a sufficient number been shipped to supply the mills during the sawing season.

Former Assemblyman Dies.

Wescott.—Walter S. Wescott, for the last 20 years one of the most prominent citizens of Custer county, is dead at his home in Wescott. He was born in Weatherfield, N. Y., April 18, 1828. He left New York with his parents and settled in Wisconsin in 1884. He took up his residence on a farm near Monroe, Wis., where he at once became prominent in public affairs.

Adopt Milk Ordinance.

Waukesha.—The city council has adopted the milk ordinance which has been pending for some time. The ordinance, while less drastic, resembles in many respects that recently adopted at Milwaukee. It provides for the licensing of all retail dealers and the tuberculin test of all herds, and demands absolutely sanitary conditions at barns and dairies.

Fifty-Foot Fall Harmless.

Racine.—Illmuth Kugel, a tinner, fell from the roun of a house 50 feet high, striking heavily on solid earth. He was taken to a hospital, physicians expecting that his bones were broken to pieces. They were astonished to discover that nor a single bone was broken, and that he was but slightly hurt internally.

"Boy Preacher" Doomed.

La Crosse.—Rev. L. L. Sanders, the "boy preacher" of La Crosse, is ill at a hospital at Litchfield, Ill., with consumption. Rev. Sanders is ignorant of his condition, and is making plans for his work when he returns to La Crosse. He is pastor of the Tabernacle Baptist church of that city, and is only 18 years of age.

Fix the Price of Milk.

Waukesha.—At a meeting of the Milwaukee Milk and Cream Shippers' association, at which representatives of 28 shipping stations were present, the price of one dollar a can was fixed for May, June and July milk and 2½ cents a pint for cream in May and June and 2¾ cents for July.

Waukesha Saloons Open.

Waukesha.—Local saloons were open for the first time on Sunday since January 5. Only soft drinks and cigars were sold. The saloon keepers take the position that to keep their places open and sell only soft drinks and cigars is not a violation of the law.

Fire Excitement Fatal.

Chippewa Falls.—Karl Sorenson, who was undergoing an operation when the Northwestern hospital caught fire, died. Although great care was taken in carrying him from the burning building, the shock was too great. His home was at Withee.

Fire at Coal Docks.

Appleton.—Fire broke out in a pile of coal at the docks of the Berwind Fuel company, and the fire department and the steamer O'Hare were called in to aid in extinguishing the blaze.

Aged Woman Drowned.

New Richmond.—Mrs. Joseph Harbach was accidentally drowned in Willow river near her home southeast of the city. She was one of the first settlers, about 80 years old.

Racine Population Rises.

Racine.—The new city directory shows 17,095 names, against 16,180 a year ago. Figuring on the usual per cent, it gives Racine a population of 38,464.

Thieves Loot Offices.

Racine.—Sneak thieves entered two dental offices by means of skeleton keys recently and carried away $100 worth of gold and other property.

Water Causes Anxiety.

Appleton.—High water and floating islands of bog are a cause of concern to the Northwestern railroad people. It is feared that a portion of the switch track built on piles over the Fox river may be carried away.

To Lecture on Weather.

Green Bay.—W. C. Devereaux, local forecaster of the United States weather bureau at Milwaukee, will give an illustrated lecture on "Our Weather and How It Is Forecasted" at the East high school on May 1.

Till Is Off for Europe.

Chippewa Falls.—John Till has closed his patients' register, which now contains 4,800 names of people from all parts of the country, and will leave May 18 for his old home in Austria to spend two months.

Confer Third Degree.

Oconomowoc.—The German blue lodge of Milwaukee, Aurora lodge, were guests of the Oconomowoc Masonic lodge. The third degree was conferred, the ceremonies being followed by a banquet.

Third Fine for Same Offense.

Racine.—George Snidervin of Waterford township has pleaded guilty to selling liquor without a license and was fined $100 and costs. This is the third time that he has paid a fine on the same charge.

Probes Water Question.

Sheboygan. — State bacteriologist Bowles is in the city for the purpose of ascertaining whether an extension of the intake pipe into the lake would give residents here better water to drink.

ACCUSED CASHIER TRIES SUICIDE

Edwin C. Story of State Bank Said to Have Embezzled $8,000.

Madison.—Confronted with the charge of having embezzled over $8,000 of the funds of the Citizens' State bank of the village of Belleville, Edwin C. Story, cashier of the bank, attempted to commit suicide by taking poison. He was discovered, however, before the poison had much chance to take effect, and physicians believe he will recover. The bank is in charge of State Banking Commissioner M. C. Bergh. If the shortage does not exceed the amount so far discovered it is probable that the stockholders will make up the loss, and the depositors, who have $110,000 in the institution, will not lose anything.

ENGINEERS ON ANNUAL TRIP.

University of Wisconsin Students Commence Their Yearly Tour.

Madison.—About 75 civil, mechanical and electrical engineers at the University of Wisconsin left the other morning for Chicago, Milwaukee, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Pittsburg and other eastern points on the annual engineering trips. The students were placed under the direction of Profs. E. R. Maurer, G. J. Davis and E. E. Baker.

Deserter Surrenders.

Janesville.—After roaming about the country since last October, James P. Gallagher, a deserter from company I, Twenty-eighth infantry, stationed at Fort Snelling, Minn., gave himself up to the police here. Chief Appleby telegraphed Maj. F. M. M. Boyll, commanding at the fort, and received a reply directing the officers to take Gallagher to Fort Sheridan.

Gold Found on Wisconsin Farm.

La Crosse. — Dirt in which gold assays at from $15 to $800 a ton has been discovered on the farm of George Wolfert in Lost creek valley. Mr. Wolfert made the discovery several years ago but kept it secret while continuing work. Samples of the dirt which were sent away for analysis indicate that a fortune is imbedded on the farm.

Woman Succeeds Pastor.

Madison.—Rev. J. M. Naughtin was the only member of the trustees of the Madison General hospital not re-elected at the recent meeting. Mrs. R. G. Thwaites succeeded him, she and M. S. Dudgeon being elected for one year. Dr. E. G. Updike, H. M. Lewis, Mrs. C. H. Tenney and Dr. L. M. Head were elected for three years.

Brooklyn Fire-Swept.

Brooklyn—A fire caused a request for assistance to be sent to the Janesville department. An engine and a hose wagon were loaded on freight cars, but before the journey was started word was received that the fire was under control. The fire did thousands of dollars' worth of damage in the business district of Brooklyn.

Stockbreeders at a Sale.

Waukesha.—Over 300 prominent stockbreeders from all parts of the country attended the sale of blooded shorthorns at the farm of Frank W. Harding. Forty-five head sold for a total of $20,000. The highest price paid for a single animal was $2,750 for the shorthorn bull White Sultan, sold to J. N. Tittemore of Oshkosh.

Asks $10,000 for Loss of Husband.

Green Bay.—Summons and complaint have been filed by Mrs. Della Hedberg, widow of Severe Hedberg, in an action for $10,000 damages against the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road. The woman is suing for the loss of her husband, who was killed in the road's switching yards in this city February 19.

Arrested as Suspects.

Superior.—Tracked in the snow from their rooms to the saloon of Frank Feeney and then back to their rooms, Grant Stevens and Walter Hovey were arrested on suspicion of being connected with the burglary of the Feeney saloon. J. W. McAllister was also taken on suspicion, but was released.

Sentenced for Burglary.

Eau Claire. — Henry Halvorson, caught in the act of burglary by Chief O'Brien and Capt. Elliott, has been sentenced to four years at Waupun.

Well-Known Mason Dead.

Ashland.—C. M. E. McClintock, mayor of Ashland in 1895, died of hemorrhage of the brain. He was a well-known Mason.

Milwaukeean to Get Cash.

Watertown.—Willis L. Cheney of Milwaukee by the will of Barney Gardner of this city is left all that is left of the $3,000 to the credit of the testator in the Wisconsin National bank in Milwaukee on April 9, 1904.

New Ripon Instructor.

Ripon.—Miss Isabella Wait of the University of Michigan has been appointed instructor of French and German at Ripon college to fill the vacancy caused by the recent death of Miss Alice Whitbeck.

Prepares Regiment's History.

West Bend.—Veterans of the civil war and of the Fourth regiment will be gratified to know that a history of that regiment is in preparation at the hands of Col. George W. Carter of West Bend, assisted by Samuel M. Pedrick.

Charged with Hurling Rock.

Waukesha.—Devere Brasted was arrested by Railway Detective W. A. Scholl on a charge of hurling a rock through a window of a parlor car of a Milwaukee road train at Pewaukee.

Voted After Making Bets.

Superior.—Warrants have been issued for the arrest of Peter Neros and Gilbert Gunderson on a charge of voting after having placed bets on the election. The warrants were sworn to by R. H. Robertson, who says that they were both challenged.

Two Mail Sacks Stolen.

Janesville.—Two mail sacks with eastern states mail were stolen from a depot platform here. The sacks were found ripped open and part of the contents gone.

FROM THE COMMONER

MR. BRYAN'S PAPER

DRAWING THE LINE.

Democrats draw a distinct line between federal legislation which is supplemental to state legislation, and that form of federal legislation which would substitute a national for a state remedy. No national charter should be granted to an insurance company and no federal supervision should interfere with the exercise of the power now vested in the states to supervise companies doing business in such states.

The Democrat would not take from the federal government any power necessary to the performance of its legitimate duties, but he recognizes that the consolidation of all government at Washington would be a menace to the safety of the nation and would endanger the perpetuity of the republic. He believes in the preservation of the power of both state and federal governments, recognizing in the constitutional division of those powers the strength of free government. The advocate of centralization is always optimistic when the dangers of centralization are pointed out. He is not afraid that any harm can come to the American people, and yet no enthusiastic advocate of centralization can talk long without betraying his distrust of the people. Instead of accepting the theory that the people should think for themselves and then select representatives to carry out those thoughts, he believes that representatives are selected to think for the people, and he does not hesitate to build barriers between the government and the voters. While the advocate of centralization is urging legislation which obliterates state lines and removes the government from the control of the voters, the monopolist may, on the other hand, hide behind the Democratic theory of self-government and use this theory to prevent national legislation which may be necessary. The Democrat who believes in Democratic principles and who wants to preserve the dual character of our government must be on his guard against both.

The first step towards tariff reform is the election of a Democratic congress and a Democratic president, not the establishment of a tariff commission.

THE PEOPLE? PSHAW!

The Financial Age, published at New York, printed in its issue of March 23 this editorial:

HOPES FOR ALDRICH BILL.

"The removal of the railroad bond feature from the Aldrich bill provokes the question: Is currency legislation something to please a voting constituency, or is it something for the financial betterment of a people? This action is considered a direct play to the west and southwest, and it may save a congressman or two. There is another question, of course—even with this feature eliminated, does the bill answer the purpose? That question is of considerable importance."

In other words, is currency legislation or any other legislation for that matter to be for the benefit of the people or for the advantage of a coterie of individuals?

The editor of the Financial Age evidently thinks that currency legislation should be passed in accordance with the pleasure of the financier. Then railroad legislation should be arranged by the railroad magnates; trust legislation by the trust magnates; tariff legislation by the tariff beneficiaries, and so one down the line. But the people—who are the people, anyhow, if they are not the men who provide the Republican party with its campaign funds?

A little more protection from the courts and a little less from the tariff would be gladly welcomed by American workingmen.

EPOCH MAKING.

Attorney General Young of Minnesota says that in the light of the recent decision of the United States supreme court state governments might as well surrender all their functions to the federal judge located in the state. It is one of the most important opinions ever delivered by a court. Indeed, it may prove to be an epoch-making decision, for most assuredly the American people are not prepared to consent to the centralization that would prevail under the system as upheld by the court in these cases. The division of the powers of government was founded upon the doctrine of self-government, and the preservation of the nation depends upon the careful observance of the limitations between the things that are local and the things that are national. Those who do not recognize the doctrine of local self-government can make an argument in favor of the transfer all power to the federal government; but those who believe in the doctrine of self-government recognize that the people can be trusted best with that with which they are best acquainted and that the people are best acquainted with the things which are near them and immediately concern them.

Mr. Harriman has given $30,000 to San Francisco to be used in the war against the rat plague. Mr. Harriman is a "practical man."

WHY?

Senator Hopkins of Illinois is quoted as saying: "There is no more reason that a man should be guaranteed the return of his funds placed in a national bank than a farmer should be guaranteed his crop."

Why, then, does the government require of national banks a guarantee for the return of government funds?

Organized labor has enjoined any further growth of Mr. Taft's love for organized labor.

LIGHT, MR. PULITZER, LIGHT!

The New York World is calling for "publicity" with respect to Wall street. It is supporting a resolution introduced in the New York legislature providing for the investigation of the stock-gambling practices now countenanced by the New York stock exchange.

A very good measure, indeed; all of which reminds us that Democrats in all sections of the country are calling for publicity with respect to the motives of the New York World in national politics.

But while finding time to attack Democrats who have criticised corporations such, for instance, as the steel trust, and who have insisted upon railroad regulation, the World has not found it convenient to tell its readers the extent of its owner's financial interest in the concerns that are to be regulated.

And this brings us again to the question: "What is the extent of the financial interest held by Joseph Pulitzer, owner of the New York World, in railroad companies and in great corporations commonly known as trusts?"

Organize Democratic clubs in every community. The way to win is to organize before the battle begins.

NO WONDER.

After considerable effort congress passed a bill that stopped rebates and enabled the railroads to keep what they had formerly returned in the way of rebates to favored shippers. The railroads weakened the bill as much as possible and no one knows yet how valuable or valueless the measure will prove.

But the state legislatures went in to work in the effort to lower rates. A number of legislatures enacted two-cent fare laws and some reduced freight rates.

Immediately railroad magnates began to plead for "federal regulation," meaning exclusive federal regulation, and the decision of the supreme court in the Minnesota and North Carolina cases is spoken of by these railroad magnates with the highest sort of compliment.

No wonder the railroads want to get away from state legislatures. The state legislatures are near to the people and quickly respond to public sentiment, while the national congress is more remote and harder to reach.

The American-made watch that is sold to the English retailer for $7.41 costs the American retailer $10.15. This may explain why the "friends of the tariff" want the job of revising it.

NO TIME FOR THE PEOPLE.

It will be remembered that in March, 1907, the Democrats in the senate killed the ship subsidy bill, which had passed the house by Republican vote. Senator Carmack of Tennessee led in the filibuster which resulted in the defeat of this ridiculous measure. Now the Republican senate has passed a ship subsidy bill and the measure goes to the house. It seems that the Republican party has ample time to pass measures demanded by the financiers, such as the Aldrich bill, and measures demanded by the subsidy grabbers, such as the shipping bill. But when the people demand tariff revision and other important reforms they are expected to be satisfied with the assurance that if they will again trust the Republican party with power they may have such tariff revision as the "friends of the tariff" think the people are entitled to—after the presidential election.

The sugar trust has just declared a seven per cent. dividend after carrying several millions to the surplus account. The sugar trust magnates are anxious that it be allowed to furnish the friendly hands that revise the tariff.

THEN CAME THE COURT.

In his speech at Trenton, N. J., Secretary Taft deplored what he called "too great centralization of government," and attributed it to the failure of state legislators to perform their proper functions. About the time Secretary Taft made this remarkable statement the supreme court of the United States was handing down a decision that in effect prevents a state legislature from performing its functions. Further than that, the decision actually goes to the length of saying that a state official may be enjoined by a federal court from appearing in a state court to move for the enforcement of a state law. Secretary Taft seems to be somewhat mixed in his ideas.

The eminent government statisticians who earn their salaries by producing figures to show that the cost of living has not outpaced the increase in wages will certainly not overlook the decrease in the price of diamonds.

"CASTING SHADOWS BEFORE."

Congressman Littlefield of Maine has resigned, explaining that he desires to return to the practice of law. Congressman Cousins of Iowa also announced that he would retire—he also desires to return to the practice of law. Can it be that aside from a great love for their profession Messrs. Cousins and Littlefield believe that "the old ship is leaking now," and that it is the part of wisdom to go ashore before the old hulk goes to the bottom in November?

Mr. Littlefield has decided not to be a candidate for re-election to congress. The last time was evidently too trying and expensive.

The most remarkable feature of the supreme court's decision in the Minnesota case is that it was not a five to four decision.

Republican songs of harmony in Ohio are now and then rudely interrupted by the sound of bobnailed shoes crushing into frontal bones.

For speed the executive mandate has the injunction beat to a standstill.

Beware the net of the Fowler.

WAS MR. ROOT A PROPHET?

The decision of the United States supreme court in the Minnesota and North Carolina railroad cases recalls the statement made by Secretary of State Root in his speech delivered something like two years ago. Following is an extract from Mr. Root's speech: "What is to be the future of the states of the union under our constitutional form of government? The conditions under which the clauses of the constitution distributing powers to the national and state governments are henceforth to be applied are widely different from the conditions which were, or could have been, within the contemplation of the framers of the constitution, and widely different from those which obtained during the earlier years of the republic."

Was Mr. Root a prophet?

Slow Growth of Love.

Love does not grow great and become perfect all at once, but requires time and the nourishment of thoughts

State Capital Notes

Weekly Budget Gathered by Our Special Correspondent at Madison.

Madison.—The state commission announced a tax levy against railroad property in Wisconsin of $3,083,720.63. This is the first time in the history of the state that railroad taxes have exceeded the $3,000,000 mark. The total valuation of general property in the state this year is $2,095,628,529 against $2,124,800,000 in 1907.

The total amount of taxes levied on this property is $3,083,720.63, an increase of $282,035.39 over that of last year. The rate of taxation is .01151236975 cents for each dollar of valuation, as against .0109505 cents last year, an increase of about 56 cents for each $1,000 of valuation. The total value of all taxable property in the state is fixed at $2,291,638,529, as against $2,124,800,000 last year, an increase of $166,538,529.

According to the new assessment the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad company will have to pay $955,820 in taxes this year, as against $889,180.60 last year, an increase of $166,639.40 or over 12 per cent. The increase in the taxes of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul company is $72,916.39, in those of the Wisconsin Central $37,941.79, in those of the Omaha $25,025.93, in those of the Burlington $18,731.80 and in those of the Soo $11,824.38. The increases of the smaller roads are in proportion.

To Present Socialist Bill.

The Socialists of Wisconsin will present a bill to the next legislature for adoption by cities of the state of the commission form of government, similar to that inaugurated in Iowa this year. The plan has been outlined in the campaign which the party has conducted at Manitowoc in the municipal election this spring, and former Mayor Henry Stolze, Jr., will probably be one of the candidates for election to the legislature on that platform. Under the plan as outlined in Stolze's speeches, cities of the second and third class will be governed by a commission of three or five members to be paid a salary that will permit them to devote their entire time to the affairs of the city, and there will in addition be elected a mayor who will possess all the powers of the present chief executive in cities of that class. The Socialists propose to do away with the assessor's office and the board of review, delegating to the commission the authority now possessed by these bodies. In support of the proposed measure it is pointed out that the passage of the public utility act of the last legislature took much work from the hands of the city council, and left that body virtually no authority in the government of public utility corporations. The bill creating the fire and police commission removes from the hands of the council any jurisdiction over these two departments except in the payment of salaries, which are fixed by the commission. In view of these conditions it is argued that a council of 10, 12 or 20 members is a useless commodity for any city. It is urged that with a commission, members of which are paid a commensurate salary, the taxation problem can be solved and reforms inaugurated that should give cities a much larger revenue than under the present system. It is said that the agitation for the commission reform is to be promoted throughout the state from now until the meeting of the next legislature.

But One Badger for Taft.

Dispatches from the Eighth and Tenth congressional districts show that La Follette delegates have been elected in the Eighth, but Walter Alexander, a Taft delegate, has won in the Tenth. The other Tenth district delegate is a La Follette supporter. Forty-three precincts out of 59 in Marathon county gave the La Follette delegates-at-large a lead of between 1,200 and 1,500 over the Taft delegates. By their being printed in alphabetical order nearly half of the polled vote had to be cast out because of defective marking. The vote for district delegates is as follows:

Tenth district—Marathon county: Alexander, 2,928; Brazeau, 2,512; Fenelon, 1,041; Onstad, 1,024. Florence county: Alexander's majority, 277; Brazeau and Fenelon, tie; Onstad behind. Langlade county: Alexander's majority, 105; Fenelon's majority, 80; Brazeau leads Onstad. Vilas county: Majority of Alexander, 200; Brazeau, 125; Fenelon leads Onstad. Iron county: Alexander's majority, 152; Brazeau's, 32; Fenelon leads Onstad. Wood county: Alexander's majority, 450; Brazeau's, 612; Fenelon leads Onstad. Shawano county: Onstad's majority, 487; Alexander leads rest. Oneida county—Even: Alexander and Fenelon. Ashland county: Fenelon's majority, 488; Alexander leads rest. Taylor county: Fenelon's majority, 350; Onstad and Alexander tie. Price county: Fenelon's majority, 737. Alexander's grand majority, 980.

Commence Canal May 1.

The work on the first drainage canal in Marinette county will begin about May 1. As soon as the frost disappears the land dredges will scoop out the channels which will drain about 500 acres of the best land in Marinette county. The contract calls for the excavation of about 14 miles of ditches, extending from the Peshtigo river into the town of Porterfield. The prediction is made that it will in time be worth $100 an acre on account of its fertility and its nearness to a big market.

Try to Defy State Law.

Angered at what they considered usurpation of their charter rights by the act of the fire and police commission in electing George M. Appleby Janesville marshal, members of the Janesville council tried to elect John Brown marshal, and in 22 ballots failed owing to the refusal of the aldermen to agree on Brown's candidacy. Had they been successful the state law passed by the last legislature creating a fire and police commission in cities of the second class would have been tested in the courts.

Bashford for Law School.

Petitions to the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin were circulated for signature among the students in the college of law requesting that the board reappoint Justice Robert M. Bashford of the supreme court bench, who was defeated by former Railroad Commissioner John Barnes, to the faculty of the college. Justice Bashford is popular among the students in the college, as was evidenced by the large number who took an active part in his campaign. At the next meeting the petitions were presented.

Dates for Summer Fairs.

The Wisconsin state board of agriculture issued a list of the places and dates of the principal agricultural fairs in Wisconsin next fall. The state fair will be held in Milwaukee on September 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11. The locations and dates of other fairs in the state, together with the name of the secretary of each where reported, are as follows: Antigo, September 24-27; Appleton, September 9-12; Baraboo, September, 22-25; Beaver Dam, September 28-October 2; Boscobel, September 30-October 2; Bruce, September 9-11; Cedarburg, September 17-19; Chilton, August 27-29; Chippewa Falls, September 14-18; Darlington, August 25-28; Elkhorn, September 15-17; Evansville, September 1-4; Fond du Lac, September 1-4; Friendship, September 22-24; Gays Mills, October 6-9; Hillsboro, August 18-21; Jefferson, September 22-25; Kilbourn, September 29-October 2; Lancaster, September 1-3; La Crosse, September 21-26; Lodi, September 7-9; Madison, September 29-October 2; Manitowoc, August 25-28; Marshfield, August 25-28; Mauston, August 25-27; Menomonie, September 8-11; Merrill, August 25-27; Mineral Point, August 18-21; Monroe, September 9-12; New London, September 17-20; New Richmond, September 23-25; Neillsville, September 1-4; Phillips, September 22-25; Platteville, September 1-4; Plymouth, September 1-4; Portage, September 1-4; Reedsburg, August 11-14; Richland Center, September 22-25; Spring Green, September 15-18; Stevens Point, September 7-11; Tomah, August 18-21; Viroqua, September 15-18; Watertown, September 15-18; Wausau, September 1-4; West Bend, September 22-24; Weyauwega, September 22-25.

Western Wisconsin Dry.

The prohibitionists won a great victory in western Wisconsin. In many towns not going dry, notably Black River Falls and Menomonie, license majorities were considerably lower than in other years. Rock Falls voted 108 against license, 16 for. The village of Dallas went dry by 19, Wilson went dry by 19, Hersey went dry by 44, Black River Falls went wet by 70 as against 117 last year, Mondovi went no license by 47, Catawba went dry by 5, Merrillan voted license by 114 against 28, prohibition won in Wheeler by 80 to 54, Augusta voted dry 163 to 139, Bangor went wet by 113 to 60, Greenwood voted for license by 70 to 42. There were 39 blank ballots. An illegal ballot was used, so the election will probably be contested. Baldwin went wet by four votes. Osseo 65 to 67 against, Meridean, 7 for license, 70 against; Glenflora dry by 101 to 63, Ridgeland wet by one vote, Clear Lake dry by 11 votes. In Eleva the vote resulted in a tie, but two ballots thrown out are said to have been for no license. Altoona went wet by a small majority.

Noted Elks to Attend Session.

Members of the Racine Elks have completed the program for the state convention to be held there June 2, and 4. One of the chief attractions will be an Elks' circus. This will be made one of the best attractions ever seen in the northwest. There will be a large banquet at Dania hall, and such Elks as Gov. James Davidson, United States Senator Robert M. La Follette, Congressman Henry A. Cooper and others have accepted invitations to be present. An automobile ride and a big vaudeville performance are also on the list of attractions. A new state constitution which has been under discussion for the last year and which embodies several changes in the state laws will be one of the most important features of the convention. Members of the Gov. Harvey post, No. 17, G. A. R., and the Woman's Relief corps, are also appointing committees for the state encampment to be held June 17 and 18.

Attack State Commission.

A combined attack on the powers of the state railroad commission will be made before the supreme court of Wisconsin by attorneys for four railroads. The supreme court justices have invited the attorneys to argue these three questions: "What is the scope of review by the courts of orders of the railroad commission of Wisconsin, contemplated in the railroad commission act? " "Is it within the legislative power to confer upon the courts authority to review the reasonableness of rules, or orders of the railroad commission?" "What is the true construction of the word 'unreasonable' in said section?" In these questions is involved the general propositions of the constitutionality of the law itself.

Rate Law Hits the Dells.

If the present two-cent rate law remains in force, the famous Dells of the Wisconsin river, one of the most noted summer resorts in the state, are threatened with obscurity. As soon as the law was put into effect the railroads abolished excursion rates and immediately the number of visitors at the Dells began to decline. Although at the beginning of the season the resort had been profitable, the meager patronage after the excursions were discontinued caused the management to lose the previous profits.

Railroad Is Vindicated.

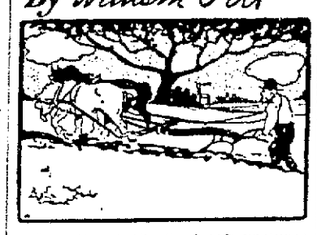
The state railroad commission dismissed the complaint of J. Hanowitz, alleging excessive rates and inadequate service on the Mattoon railroad, a short logging line running from Aniwa into the woods in Shawano county. The commission, however, recommended a distance tariff schedule for the transportation of logs and timber products. This rate is 2.2 cents for each 100 pounds for five miles or less, 2.4 cents for ten miles and over five, and three cents for 30 miles and over 25.

Societies Name Debaters.

Edwin E. Witte of Watertown, Douglas Anderson of Rhinelander and Charles Hart of Madison were elected by the Athenaean Literary society of the University of Wisconsin to represent that organization in the annual joint debate next December. Walter G. von Kaltenborn of Merrill, C. E. Thayer of Delafield and Daniel M. Ryan of Ellsworth were elected by the Hesperian Literary society, which will meet Athenae. Athenae won the right to debate this year by defeating Philomathia Literary society.

NOTES FROM MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt



Keep the stock off of soft pastures.

Alfalfa is too valuable to pasture.

What do you think of sheep as a manure spreader?

Bells on the sheep will save you lots of time in looking for them.

The chicks that are crowded will not make good, vigorous growth.

The right kind of a cow expects the right kind of treatment and gets it.

The sows appreciate clean drinking water as much as any farm animal.

Clean cultivation of the apple orchard will bring most profitable returns.

Remember the best ground for the garden, and make it better still by fertilizing liberally and cultivating assiduously.

Look up but always have the weather eye out for the stumbling block in the road.

The good horse is his own best salesman, and this is true of every other farm animal.

A good road along the side of your place makes a good impression on the stranger as he drives by.

Set the first eggs the turkeys lay under the chicken hen and thus encourage them to lay a second clutch.

Begin in a small way and grow as fast as you can is a safe rule in any branch of farming or stock-raising.

Some breeders claim that chickens fed sulphur are liable to rheumatism in damp weather. What has been your experience?

The land intended for alfalfa should be plowed and harrowed, then disked and harrowed again, and then it would do no harm to harrow again.

The good idea is good to use, not to be stowed away and forgotten. For this reason get busy after you have read Meadowbrook Farm Notes.

Don't keep the kicking cow. And at the same time that you get rid of her get rid of those methods of yours by which the bad qualities in her were developed.

The cry has gone forth that soon a famine of hickory will be upon the land. Why not plant a few such trees? Young trees can be obtained from many of the nurseries.

No wonder you don't have good roads in your township if politics is mixed up in the business. Deal with the road question strictly on a business basis. Cut the politics out.

One cannot always prevent being crowded by the season's work, but one can keep from fretting over it. Fretfulness of this kind leads to hurry, and hurry often entails much work that is needless.

A good tobacco dip for sheep is made by soaking 20 pounds of tobacco in sufficient water to cover; boil for an hour, strain, and then dilute to 100 gallons. Twenty pounds of sulphur will improve the dip.

Underfeed may save food but it is more than offset by the unthrifty condition of the animal. Overfeed wastes the food and hampers the animal in making the best growth. Irregular feeding causes nervous irritability in the animal which interferes with digestive processes. Improper feed of course must with animals as with man produce unhealthy conditions.

Here is a fox trap which will work, says an experienced hunter: Find a good-sized stump 2½ feet or more from the ground. Get a set of small sticks two feet long and nail them around the stump one inch apart, letting them project above the stump 18 inches. Put a rooster in this coop and cover the top with brush so he can't get out. Set your traps around the stump, being very careful about covering them.

The gasoline motor on the farm is coming to fill a most important mission, the uses to which it can be put being almost unlimited. One farmer who has a ten-horse power engine had it mounted on four wheels so that it is able to propel itself from place to place by means of a driving gear. When in the field it was harnessed to a cornstalk cutter by means of a belt, and later, when run to the barn, it drove a large threshing and winnowing machine. In dry weather it pumped water for irrigation, filling the reservoirs and ditches rapidly. In the fall it was taken to the wood-pile, where it worked a circular saw and cut up the season's supply of fuel. It was harnessed with equal ease to a bone-cutter, a feed-cutter, a grindstone, a cream-separator and a mammoth churn. Surely the gasoline motor, or the motor using denatured alcohol, has a place on every farm of any size. It will never banish the horse from the farm, but it is destined to do much which the horse has been expected to do, and do it quicker and better and cheaper.

A well-known fruit expert claims that the cost of picking apples upon very large, high trees is 20 cents a barrel, while on low-headed trees the cost does not exceed 7 cents a barrel. This is a potent argument in favor of low-headed trees.

If the cream does not rise readily there may be two reasons for it. First, the milk being produced in the last of the period of lactation, and, second, improper feeding. It takes longer for cream to rise upon milk of the cow who has been giving milk a long time.

The orchard will not take care of itself.

Take time to clean up around the house and barn.

It takes 45.4 quarts of average milk to weigh 100 pounds.

Waste not those eggs on the hen which is not thoroughly broody.

Have a kind word always for your horse, and he will prove your faithful servant.

Increase the fertility of your land by growing clover and then plowing it under.

Be easy on the horses while they are hardening to the heavy work of the season.

Get the young pigs out on the ground as soon as possible to prevent their getting too fat.

Finish up on the little odd jobs before the full rush of the spring work makes you forget them.

The better the seed bed the better the crop. Remember that when getting the land in shape for the seed.

The weakling lamb needs special care and in most cases will repay your efforts by growing into a strong animal.

Charcoal, and grit, oyster shell and granulated bone are essential to the health of the chickens. Be sure your flock is supplied.

The drill for planting grain crops has the advantage of more even planting at the proper depth, thus ensuring even start and uniform growth.

Don't let the cattle run on the pasture when the ground is soft. It will cause more damage than the land will be able to recover from for years.

The saleableness of a good grade of butter may be spoiled by the way it is placed on the market. Appearance has much to do with the sale of an article.

When wife is troubled about that sponge cake which has become dry and which she is tempted to feed to the chickens, tell her that it will make fine toast for tea.

The horse that has been idle all or most of the winter, needs careful handling to be inured to hard work. Increase the grain diet and exercise regularly, increasing the tasks gradually.

Young chicks that have become drenched by a sudden shower and are cramped with cold should be taken into the kitchen and wrapped in hot flannels. Many a chick can be saved in this way.

The low-grade fertilizer may not entail so great an initial outlay, but it is the dearest in the end, for no man ever made a dollar by buying the low-grade fertilizer, while it does pay to put good fertilizer on the land.

It is well to look over machinery to see if bolts and screws do not need tightening, but especially is this true of new machinery. The nuts and bolts work loose with the first use of the machine, and it is the safest plan to examine often.

Pen-fed pork is growing in favor in some sections. Some raisers have produced profitable hogs without feeding a single grain of corn, the feed consisting almost exclusively of the peas. But there is little question but that the better ration is a combination of peas and corn.

A comfortable nest for the setting hen is made by putting fresh earth into a box and covering with straw—hay is better for it will not gather moisture — and sprinkling slacked lime and sulphur upon the straw. In such a nest the hen will not be troubled with lice and she will not break her eggs.

Do not let the soft corn of last season, which was abnormally backward, lead you to make the mistake of planting too early corn this year. Plant the kind of corn which has given the best results in former years. There is no sort of likelihood that we shall have another such season as last year, at least not for another 25 years anyway.

How do you raise your cream? It has been estimated that the losses of butter fat by the different methods of skimming the milk of 20 cows in a year amount to $120 by the shallow pan setting, $60 by the deep setting and $15 by the centrifugal separator. This is based on a price of only 20 cents a pound for butter fat and an average loss of fat in the skim milk by each method.

It may sound like repetition, but it is good advice to follow: Remove manure from buildings daily, and haul it to the fields and place it on the land as soon as possible, at least every few days—winter and summer. Manure allowed to remain in the stable renders the building unsanitary for animal occupancy. Manure loses in value lying in the stable. When immediately placed upon the land, the soil has a chance to absorb some of the richness that would otherwise be lost.

As a general fertilizer for bearing orchards Prof. W. M. Munson of Maine favors a formula containing about three per cent. nitrogen, six per cent. phosphoric acid and eight per cent. potash. To brace up an old orchard or to force more growth more nitrogen may be needed. A simple formula for bearing trees, and one easy to remember, is 250 pounds nitrate of soda, 250 pounds muriate of potash and 500 pounds acid phosphate. Mix thoroughly and apply broadcast at the rate of 500 pounds per acre every year. If the orchard has not recently been fertilized, used 800 pounds the first year.

If the tree is valueless don't plant it, but any tree that is worth planting at all is worth planting right. Select the right place, prepare the soil right and plant right. Make the hole big enough to spread the roots properly, set just a trifle deeper than the tree stood before, put in a few shovelfuls of dirt and then throw in some water to have the soil pack about the roots. Then finish filling the hole and pile soil about the trunk, as it will settle with the first rain and the bracing of the soil will help the tree on windy days.

FIRE FIGHTING, POLICE AND PRISONS IN JAPAN

The Funny Things One Sees in Smiling Round the World

By MARSHALL P. WILDER

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

One evening while going through a street in a Japanese town, Yokohama, I heard a clanking sound at regular intervals, and found it was made by a man who as he walked along was striking a sort of sword on the ground. At the concussion two plates of bronze or brass were driven together, making a metallic clang. I was told that he was a watchman, paid by contributions of a few sen a month from the households along the way. As he goes about, clanging his sword, it is a comfortable assurance to these people that all is well.

This watchman is for fire chiefly, as the houses of the Japanese town are mostly all of wood, and a fire once started means widespread destruction before it can be got under control.

On a little cart are also carried two folding screens of asbestos, about five feet high, with which the men protect themselves when facing the fire. To anyone familiar with the American fire departments the whole outfit seems like a toy.

* * * * *

The police department will much better bear comparison with those of other countries than the fire department.

I was told that about 125 police belong to each station house. Their names are written on little blocks of wood, in red on one side, and black on the other. The men are on duty in the station house for two hours, and outside for two hours, and the little blocks are turned as they come in or go out, the red or black showing the superintendent at a glance just where the men are.

We were shown the cells, which were about ten feet square, fairly light, very airy, and immaculately clean. There were but five prisoners at the station house, all detained for petty offenses—rickshaw men overcharging, and similar arraignments. Their names were on little wooden tags hung outside the door. These were turned inside, however, and upon no consideration to be looked at except by the proper authority. The side that is clear has only the date of incarceration, and length of sentence printed on it.

The guard opened a couple of occupied cells, showing the prisoners, one man alone in one cell, while three together were in the other. They looked very comfortable, kneeling on straw mats, which are also their beds.

* * * * *

While on our tour of inspection the most frightful cries came at intervals from one part of the main building. As they continued I began to be assailed by a nervous apprehension that I might be called upon to witness some horrible torture, for I felt sure that nothing short of that could call forth such unearthly yells.

When I was conducted into a large room, where about 20 men in very abbreviated white linen suits were squatting about the edge, the shouts were explained. Here was the school for the famius jiu-jitzu, which is acknowledged to be the most effective and deadly form of wrestling.

We were given seats on the edge of a platform, and two muscular Japs sprang onto the mats in the middle of the room. First they bowed, by squatting down, leaning their left hand on the floor, and bowing their heads. Then standing erect, first one, and then the other gave vent to one of the blood-curdling cries I had heard. This is the challenge, intended to intimidate the antagonist. Suddenly they clutched each other and straining and struggling each strove to dislodge the other's feet from the floor.

All at once one of the men made a quick move, which it would be impossible for me to explain, and his antagonist was hurled backwards over his shoulder, landing on the mats with a terrific thud.

This performance was gone through with a number of times with infinite variety in tactics and methods of bringing about the fall, the most marvelous skill and training being displayed.

In addition to the male wrestlers of Japan there is one band—and one only—of women wrestlers—Amazons of enormous strength, who travel about giving exhibitions. Their physical beauty and development are wonderful, and they create the greatest enthusiasm and admiration wherever they appear.

Every man on the Japanese police force is required to become proficient in the jiu-jitzu. Every day there is practice, with the best teachers, from eight a. m. until noon. About 20 at a time take part in this practice, wrestling with the masters or each other, so that each man's turn in the school comes about once a week.

Fencing is also a part of their education, not for practical use, but merely to make them quick and supple. They practice with long bamboo swords, wearing wadded hoods and gloves.

There did not seem to be any exact skill about it, the men simply rushing at each other, striking and slashing, holding the sword in both hands, the principal object seeming to be which one could yell the loudest.

After the regular modern jiu-jutzu, two young men gave an exhibition for my edification of the ancient form of the art. It was not so easy nor so finished as the modern method, and was performed with such ardor that arms and elbows were cut rather badly on the sharp edges of the mats. The principal feature of their entertainment was the fiendish shouts with which they inaugurated each clutch.

With all this splendid training in quickness, adroitness and the wonderful muscular power it develops a criminal has no chance at all with a Japanese policeman. One of my party remarked that he should like to see the Broadway squad try to do the things we were looking at.

I am very much afraid a member of that august body would be like a man of straw in the hands of one of Japan's quick, cat-like policemen.

* * * * *

At the Sugamo prison in Tokio I found many features that to an American were unusual.



HERE WAS THE SCHOOL FOR THE FAMOUS JIU-JITZU.

The corridors of cells were arranged like the spokes of a wheel, one warden sitting on a platform that was the hub. Labor is saved in this way, for one man can watch five corridors of 28 cells each, making in all 140. There are two of these wheels built in the inner court of the prison, so that 280 cells are watched by two men, who sit on revolving stools and, by turning, can take in at a glance the five corridors intrusted to their vigilance.

A head warden sits between the two wheels and maintains a general supervision, so that practically the entire number of prisoners are watched by but three men.

There is another inclosure where there are cells for punishment. The most severe form is the dark cell, where prisoners are punished for insubordination. They cannot be confined in this cell for more than 11 days at a time.

The cell for the next less severe punishment has a little light; so, in gradation, there are several cells for varying degrees of punishment.

The prisoners all work in different shops at basket-weaving, making mats, iron utensils and all sorts of things for which there is a ready market. They work from 6:30 a. m. until 11, when they have their midday meal. This is principally rice, and quickly eaten. Until 12 they rest (sitting comfortably on straw mats).

Advantage is taken of this time for one of the four resident chaplains to give the prisoners a talk. The day I visited the prison it was during this midday rest, and the men in two large work-rooms were sitting quietly listening to a Buddhist priest. Standing before a small altar, that looked like a reading desk, he was placed in a passageway between the two rooms, thus enabling the men in both rooms to hear him. He was talking earnestly, probably pointing out the error of their ways and exhorting them to lead better lives in the future.

At 3:30 the work of the prisoners is finished, so it may seem they lead a life of comparative ease.

It struck me as rather an inducement to crime, for they live better than, and do not work nearly as hard as, the average Japanese laborer.

Every man is credited with a certain amount of wages for the work he does, and the money given to him when he is discharged, so that he does not leave the prison penniless.

Every method seemed most humane and the prisoners treated with kindness in every way. The same consideration in regard to revealing their identity is practiced here, as in the police stations. Outside of each man's cell is a wooden sign with his name, age, crime and the length of his sentence printed on it. But a little extra tag comes down, and hides his name.

After my inspection I came away with the idea that to be sent to prison in Japan was not the worst thing by any means that could befall a man.



A Japanese Policeman.

The Excuse for New Fiction.

The taste has changed, or rather the times have changed, and with the times the fashions, men's habits, occupations, ways of thinking and speaking. For the very language changes. No power can stop it, not even the printing press or the French or any other academy. The condition of growth is change. Recommend to your boy the books you used to read as a boy. He may try them in deference to your parental authority and judgment, but for his pleasure he reads quite other books. This is the justification of the novels of to-day. The business of the writer is to touch the hearts of his contemporaries.

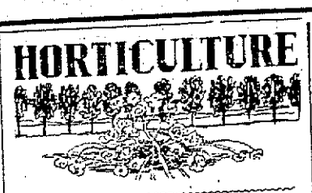
Her Record Against Her.

Mrs. Upmore (to applicant for position as cook)—Have you ever worked for Mrs. Highmus?

Applicant—Yis, ma'am; wan week.

Mrs. Upmore—Well, if you suited her for as long a time as that you wouldn't suit me at all. Good morning."—Chicago Tribune.

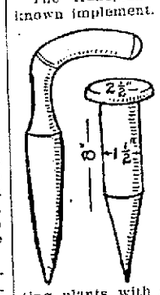
HORTICULTURE



THE DIBBLE.

Make Quick Work of Transplanting by Its Use.

The transplanting peg is a little known implement. It would be profitable to many to form its acquaintance. By it much profit and pleasure can be derived from the garden. To transplant by making holes in the ground with your finger is as crude as to cultivate with your hand instead of a hoe or plow.



The rapidity of an expert in setting plants with a peg is a surprise to the novice. I have had men peg in 20 plants to the minute or 1,200 in an hour. Steel pegs are for sale, but a wooden one costs nothing and is far better. As plants are of different kinds and sizes, I find different sizes and shapes of pegs necessary, so I whittle the pegs to suit the kind of plants I am setting.

The right use, and the rapid use, of the peg will gradually be learned by practice. If the ground is too wet, dirt will stick to the peg; if too dry, dirt will fall back into the hole when the peg is removed. In either case, this can be avoided by giving the peg a twirl as it is removed from the hole. Sometimes the hole is too small to admit the plant. This can be overcome by wabbling the peg while making the hole.

When the plant is inserted, continues the writer in Farm and Home, the dirt should be pressed firmly about it with the peg. This is done by a movement of the wrist, in which the peg is thrown from an upright position to a sharp slant, so that while the point of the peg has pressed the dirt on the far side of the plant, the side of the peg, by a semi-circular movement of the hand, has pressed the dirt on the right and on the side next to you. This movement is not easily learned.

To gain rapid movement practice by counting four. When you say one, pick up the plant with the left hand; two, make the hole with the right; three, insert plant with the left; four, press the dirt about the plant with the right. Begin very slowly and increase the movement until you are planting as fast as you can count. You will be surprised how quickly you attain this speed.

A HOME PARK.

Suggestions for Laying Out One on Your Farm.

There are at present many neatly kept farmsteads. The attention of the writer is always attracted by their inviting appearance, and, when driving with people who are interested, he usually comments on tenants or owners. A tidy, well-arranged farmstead is evidence of refinement as well as prosperity. The farmer who spends his spare time in town and many of his evenings in company with saloon patrons rather than at home rarely has time to keep the yards and buildings looking tidy. A fat bank account is coveted by many farmers who have struggled for years with a mortgage and its money-consuming interest payments. When the prize is attained they keep it a secret for fear the assessor will list it for taxation. Why not invest some of the surplus money in making the home grounds attractive and enjoyable for the family rather than depositing the same in a bank where even its association is lost to the owner?

A home park or commodious lawn is a thing of beauty and should become a part of many farmsteads where good buildings are located on ranches that contain many acres. A landscape gardener should be employed to lay out the land to be dedicated to this purpose, says the writer in the Northwestern Agriculturist. The expense of his services will be small when compared to the pleasing effect his professional skill can suggest and produce in the arrangement of the drives, walks, trees, shrubs, flowers, etc. Of course this is not entirely necessary, but it will add much to the attractive appearance of large grounds.

A park-like effect may be produced in a small way by constructing a few rustic arbors, mounds for flowers and hedges of evergreens, to define the boundary of the grounds, drives, walks, etc. These spring-like days are suggestive of planting time. We feel quite sure all of our readers are preparing to do more or less tree planting this spring. Why not anticipate a home park and order a generous supply of evergreens, shrubs, flowering roots, bulbs, etc., to plant in the same for a starter?

The material for the rustic arbors can be procured from the wood lot on the farm or in the timber at a distance. One load of poles will make a commodious arbor, which should be located so near the house that when it is covered with vines for shade it will become a resting place for members of the family, especially the women folks when they are preparing vegetables and fruits for the table. A canopy-top swinging lawn chair is also an attractive as well as comfortable piece of furniture for the home park.

The same is true of hammocks, rustic chairs, merry-go-rounds, etc., for young and old.

A smooth croquet ground should also be provided for the benefit of the family and visiting neighbors. Lawn tennis is a favorite game for the ladies who are at home in the cities. It is equally good out-of-door exercise for women in the country. Consider the making of a home park as a part of the spring work this year. Don't attempt to complete the proposed improvement in one year, but begin the planning at once.

Lime Sulphur Wash.

Twenty pounds stone lime, 15 pounds flowers of sulphur, 50 gallons of water. Slack the lime in the cooking receptacle. With a little water make a thick paste of the sulphur. Witch about ten gallons of water, add the sulphur and the slacked or partially slacked lime and boil, preferably by steam, an hour. Add enough water to make 50 gallons. Strain when putting into spraying tank. Use while warm if possible. This is the best-known remedy for scale insects.

ORCHARD MANAGEMENT.

The Methods Which Give the Best Results.

An interesting discussion upon the cultural and sod methods or orchard management is now going on in horticultural circles. Valuable information is given by the adherents of the different methods. Arguments in support of either method are not only logical, but are supported by experiments successfully conducted, extending over a period of years. The searcher for knowledge is left in doubt as to which system is best, unless he has had personal experience or is able to read between the lines of the discussion and get at the true inwardness of the situation.

It is well for all persons to understand that few men fall under any system where intense energy is practiced, and signal ability in utilizing conditions and circumstances is displayed. Grant Hitchings brought immense success to a sod mulch system, where hundreds would fail. It is the man in my opinion that constitutes the first requisitie. I would emphasize, writes A. N. Brown in Orange Judd Farmer, that Mr. Hitchings studied and understood his conditions. He knew exactly how to control them. He could calculate results, based upon his own experiences, just as intelligently as he could solve a problem in mathematics.

It is my purpose to take up the lesne and discuss either system, but lest we forget, I want to call attention to a few facts that the thoughtful orchardist must ever keep before him if he wishes to make the best of his environment. If he practices the sod system, or the sod mulch system, or the cultural mulch system, the fundamentals must be observed. It is known that a fruit tree makes 80 per cent. of its wood growth and buds before July 1.

There is then a cessation of wood growth and bud formation, ostensibly to allow it to mature fully before the approach of winter. Any system practiced not in accord with this plan of nature is faulty.

Again, a bearing apple tree requires to make its growth, 1.47 pounds nitrogen, 0.39 pounds phosphoric acid and 1.57 pounds potash. These plant food elements must be supplied in this ratio. A deficiency in any one of the elements lowers the ration to the same extent. We know that these elements must be supplied either naturally or artificially. In supplying them, however, we dare not lose sight of the fact that moisture, tilth and humus are factors in the availability and solubility of these plant food elements.

A cultivated orchard contains 100,000 gallons water per acre more than an uncultivated one. A cultivated orchard admits of greater soil aeration than an uncultivated one, thus admitting a freer flow of soil waters and more favorable soil conditions for feeding roots, and the action of soil bacteria.

A proper cultural system will also stimulate growth and make necessary soil conditions at the time when such wood growth and bud growth must take place. Such cultural system, accompanied by the fall and winter mulch system, with some legumes, which must never be removed, but plowed under, will furnish the necessary humus so that moisture consumed by culture is held for supplying the tree as needed, and in dissolving and making available the mineral plant food elements latent in the soil.

The legume cover crop furnishing all needed nitrogen, or, in fact, such system practiced, will furnish to each acre 203 pounds nitrogen, 49 pounds phosphoric acid and 202 pounds potash. This amount of plant food is required for the growth of the crop itself, and such as may be eliminated in the process of disintegration. A culture mulch system practiced along these lines with a view of meeting the natural requirements of tree and fruit is ideal. It is within the reach of every orchardist except upon extremely hilly or rocky situations.

A mulch system to be successful must be such that humus and moisture are supplied in full amount at the proper time, and in such form or manner that nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash are furnished as needed. A purely sod system is faulty, by reason of the fact that no humus is furnished. The moisture is taken when it is most needed, and the growing of the sod at the season when the tree needs moisture and food takes from instead of furnishing to the plant food needed.

The cultural mulch system is within the reach of every orchardist. The sod mulch system is within the reach of only certain orchardists; those who have a particularly moist and poor soil. The sod method should only be practiced where the other systems are impossible. In every fruit section it is now pretty generally conceded that the cultural mulch system of orchard management is the most economical and the most profitable.

EASY WAY TO POLE BEANS.

Trellis on Which Beans Will Find Ready Support.

Set posts at convenient distances apart and stretch a wire at the top. This may be done as soon as ground



Trellis for Beans.

is plowed. Plant and cultivate one row each side of line until beans begin to vine, then set pole slanting, tying them together where they cross at the wire. This braces the whole row, explains Farm and Home, and beans can be cultivated with hoe. Hills three feet apart in row with one vine to hill are better than two vines.

Kerosene Emulsion.

One-half pound soap, one gallon water, two gallons kerosene. Dissolve the soap in water over fire. Remove from fire and add kerosene. Stir violently. Use one part of emulsion to 15 parts water.

Burn the Rubbish.

Old rubbish is more valuable in the form of ashes to the gardener than any other way. Wood ashes make excellent garden fertilizer if applied properly.

Solution Copper Carbonate.

Dissolve five ounces copper carbonate in three pints ammonia, add 45 gallons water.

Copper Sulphate Solution.

One pound copper sulphate, 25 gallons water.

SPRING KIDNEY TROUBLE.

Vividly Described by One Who Has Suffered from It.



Mrs. H. Mutzabaugh, of Duncannon, Pa., says: "I was sick and miserable all last Spring and as I did not know what was the matter I kept going down and down until I was a physical wreck. I had smothering spells, flashes of heat over the kidneys and pain in passing the kidney secretions, which contained sediment. My husband urged me to try Doan's Kidney Pills, and at last I did so. They did me much good, and I used in all eight boxes which restored me to perfect health."

Sold by all dealers, 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

MADE HIS MEANING CLEAR.

Professor's Son Translated Father's Speech Into the Vernacular.

A college professor, in company with his son, was enjoying a walk in the country, when he met an old farmer. It had been a very wet season, and the professor, thinking to start the conversation in a way that would prove interesting to the farmer, remarked:

"There has been a rather abnormal precipitation of late."

The farmer seemed somewhat embarrassed, and the professor's son, who used a different vernacular, though he was a student in the college to which his father was attached, attempted to straighten out the matter. Drawing the farmer to one side, he said in a superior way:

"The governor means that we've been having a devil of a lot of rain."—Harper's Weekly.

MACHINE-GROUND PAINT.

Occasionally one hears the "hand-mixed" paint of the painter slightingly spoken of as "unscientific" and "not thoroughly mixed." The facts are all on the side of the painter and his hand-prepared paint.

It is the most "scientific" paint there is, because it is made on the spot to suit the particular purpose for which it is to be used. It is as scientific as a good doctor's prescription. If the painter did not mix it thus it would be as unscientific as a patent medicine. Moreover, the paint which a good painter turns out is made of genuine white lead and pure linseed oil. If he does not mix it himself he is not sure what is in it, and consequently his client cannot be sure.

As for not being thoroughly mixed by machinery, that is simply a misstatement. White Lead as made by National Lead Company is thoroughly incorporated with 7 or 8 per cent. of pure Linseed oil in the factory, making a paste. This paste need only be thinned with additional linseed oil to make it ready for the brush.

The thorough incorporation of pigment and oil has already been accomplished before the painter gets it.

To know how to tell pure white lead is a great advantage to both painter and house-owner. National Lead Company will send a tester free to anyone interested. Address the company at Woodbridge Building, New York, N. Y.

REPARTEE.



Younger—I wonder if I shall lose my looks, too, when I am your age?

Elder—You'll be lucky if you do.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Lest He Forget.

Church—What's that piece of cord tied around your finger for?

Gotham—My wife put it there to remind me to mail a letter.

Church—And did you mail it?

Gotham—No; she forgot to give it to me!—The Congregationalist.

Pettit's Eye Salve for 25c

relieves tired, overworked eyes, stops eye aches, congested, inflamed or sore eyes. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

The woman who marries for money usually gets what she went after, but it's different with a man.

Garfield Tea cannot but commend itself to those desiring a laxative at once simple, pure, mild, potent and health-giving. It is made of Herbs. All drug stores.

Men have no rights in the world; they have only duties.—George Meredith.

Smokers appreciate the quality value of Lewis' Single Binder cigar. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Truth, like a rose, often blossoms upon a thorny stem.—Hafiz.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The more a man doesn't know the less he doubts.

NEW ARRIVALS IN CANADA NEARLY 300,000 IN 1907.

ABOUT SIXTY THOUSAND FROM THE UNITED STATES.

Now that it is known that in the year just closed nearly sixty thousand from the United States declared their intention of making their homes in Canada, it might not be out of place to search for some reasons that would bring this about. These people are but following the example of the fifty-five or sixty thousand who did the same thing the year previous, and an almost equal number who the year before that but followed the example of the thousands of the year preceding. An excellent climate, certain and positive crops of grain of all kinds, good markets for their produce, land—and good land, too—at low prices, easy terms of payment, (not forgetting the 160 acres of land given free by the Government, particulars of which the Canadian Government Agent whose name appears elsewhere will tell you about) and then the splendid social conditions. The situation is pretty well sized up by a writer in one of the magazines. Quoting from this article, we find this: "Those of us who made good in the States," interjected another settler as if to continue the story of his neighbor, "have had it easy from the start; a little money is a mighty good thing on coming into a new country. But those who make an entry, or even buy lands at low rates, are able to square things in two or three seasons' crops. There are hardships in building shanties, and then with increasing prosperity getting things into shape for better homes. But affairs go much as in the States. We have the largest liberty in the world; there is more home rule in the Provinces than in the several states of the Republic. Taxes are light and with only a few million people west of Winnipeg we don't get in each other's way. One's friends over the line probably thought we would not live through the winter; and while it is cold, real cold, it is free from the moisture experienced in the east. Schools are good as encouraged by the Government; the enterprising American promoter and Yankee drummer see to it that we take notice of the latest improvements and best agricultural machinery. Altogether we are as near to affairs as we would be on our own farms in the States. Winnipeg bears the same relation to us as Chicago did at home; and Edmonton with the surrounding region advances as Omaha did in the days when we were as young as the boys yonder. We get together much as they did in the granges over the border; the government has established experimental schools of agriculture, and progress in every line is stimulated. This is a great region for grazing," we hear the Calgary citizen continuing, "and then with building elevators of wheat at one dollar a bushel, many of us find time to go over to the live stock exhibition in Chicago or visit old friends during the course of the winter. Every man is taken for what he is worth or for what he can raise; and in this good air and on this fertile soil we intend to show our old friends that we are made of the right stuff—that we are chips of the old block who built up the American West."

The Wrong Tense.

Dorothea's father was sitting before a window in his country house with Dorothea on his knees. He was looking across the fields with unseeing eyes, when the lassie broke in on his reverie with, "What are you looking at, papa?"

"I was looking into the future, my dear."

"The future, papa! I thought it was into the pasture!"—Harper's Weekly.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

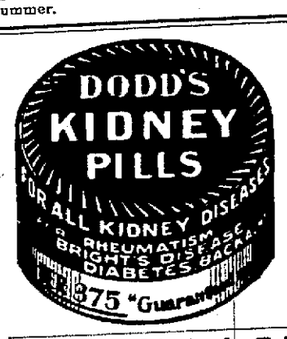
His Great Fault.

"Yes," said the would-be author, "I've taken a home in the country, but it will be necessary for me to engage a gardener. There's quite a plot of ground around the house; too much for me to handle."

"Yes," replied Crittick, "you never could handle a plot, could you?"—Catholic Standard and Times.

Winter the Most Deadly Season.

In most large cities the death rate in winter is much greater than in summer.



Putting It Concretely.

Although Mr. Lawton was wont to indulge in a sort of language which left his hearers in some doubt as to his exact meaning, yet when he was "put to it" he never failed to make himself understood.

"No, I shouldn't want to live in a house like Philander's," he announced to Mrs. Lawton on the evening of his return from a visit to a nephew. "His cellar, now—it's most desperately overflowed whenever the weather is anyways damp."

"Just what do you mean by desperately overflowed?" asked Mrs. Lawton.

"I mean," said her husband, mildly, "that all they had to do was to open the door that led from the kitchen down cellar, and the apples come floating right in on to the kitchen floor. Is that plain to ye?"—Youth's Companion.

THAT OFFICE YARN.



Mrs. A.—I think offices are horrid. My husband is out all day and says he is looking for an office.

Mrs. Z.—How funny! Mine is out late nights and says he is detained at the office.

A Gentle Request.

"Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "I wish you wouldn't pay so much attention to the personal popularity of horses this year."

"What do you mean?"

"You have a dreadful habit of picking out animals who are favorites before the race and absolutely friendless after."

Her Kick.

"John, I wish you would not be quite so polite, and so considerate of me when we are in company."

"Why, dear, I want them—the whole world—to see how I love you."

"That's all right but they—the whole world—thinks I've got you scared."—Houston Post.



This woman says she was saved from an operation by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Lena V. Henry, of Norristown, Ga., writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I suffered untold misery from female troubles. My doctor said an operation was the only chance I had, and I dreaded it almost as much as death.

"One day I read how other women had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I decided to try it. Before I had taken the first bottle I was better, and now I am entirely cured.

"Every woman suffering with any female trouble should take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Truth and Quality

appeal to the Well-Informed in every walk of life and are essential to permanent success and creditable standing. Accordingly, it is not claimed that Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is the only remedy of known value, but one of many reasons why it is the best of personal and family laxatives is the fact that it cleanses, sweetens and relieves the internal organs on which it acts without any debilitating after effects and without having to increase the quantity from time to time.

It acts pleasantly and naturally and truly as a laxative, and its component parts are known to and approved by physicians, as it is free from all objectionable substances. To get its beneficial effects always purchase the genuine manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists.

160 Acres FARMS in Western Canada FREE



Typical Farm Scene, Showing Stock Raising on

WESTERN CANADA

Some of the choicest lands for grain growing and stock raising in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta have recently been opened for Settlement under the

Revised Homestead Regulations

Entry may now be made by proxy (on certain conditions) by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of an intending homesteader. Thousands of homesteads have been taken up there now entirely in the vicinity of railway lines. Grain growing, stock raising and mixed farming are the principal occupations followed.

There you will find healthful climate, good neighbors, churches, schools, splendid markets for your children's grain and live stock, and railway facilities convenient to market.

Entry fee in each case $10.00. For pamphlet, "Last Best West," particulars as to routes, best time to go and where to locate, apply to

C. J. BROUGHTON, Room 410 Quincy Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; W. H. ROGERS, Third Floor, Traction Terminal Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.; or T. O. CURRIE, Room 12 B, Callahan Block, Milwaukee, Wis.

$41.66 Each Hen

Absolutely big money in taking poultry to feed and fattening for market. Our new and improved poultry book explains how; tells exactly how much profit you can make; how to feed, fatten, dress and market poultry; how to construct inexpensive incubators and brooders; contains information on poultry diseases; gives prices paid for poultry in all cities without exception.

Hen Sets 6 Days Only

Not 21 Days, as usual. With our complete book of instructions we send all about the Simplex Incubator and Brooder, illustrations, plans, illustrations of leading poultry breeds, and a library of valuable information for all poultry raisers. Our prices are low.

$1.00

MONEY BACK If you do not find this offer and our 112 pages as we say we can, return it at once and your dollar back without question. This alone is worth a fortune to you. Don't delay.

THE ELWOSHIN CO.
814 O. T. Johnson Bldg. Los Angeles, Cal.

We Want Ladies

Honest and worthy, who would like to make big money in a lady-like, healthful, inspiring manner. No canvassing or soliciting. Not one cent of money required—only good references. For full particulars address

NEW YORK SUPPLY CO.
Flushing, New York.

Your Opportunity I own a thousand acres of the best timber land in Wisconsin, producing 250 tons of grapes. (The World's Grape Belt.) Near Chi. New York, best year's product 2000 tons. Why not help me organize a stock company to handle this land profitably? Will sell you what you want of same in tracts of 10 acres or more, or will organize a stock company. No "take off" for me. Will put in from $50 to $100 per acre. Mark this and write me to-day. Will give you all information. Write First National Bank, Upland, California, regarding my reliability. Business highly profitable. Don't want full particulars? Don't you want a home? Address

W. H. Crabtree, Upland, California.

PILES ANAKESIS relieves in ten minutes. Is a painless, safe and certain cure. At druggists or by mail. Sample FREE. Address "ANAKESIS," Tribune Bldg., New York.

PATENTS Send sketch and description of invention and I will advise you as to patentability free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured. Letters strictly confidential. Book, How to obtain Patents, free. Highest references. Best services. Edgar T. Fitzgerald, Dept. F, Washington, D. C.

A. N. K.—A (1908—16) 2226.

IRRIGATED LANDS WRITE US FOR BOOKLET CONCERNING IRRIGATED LANDS IN THE GREAT TWIN FALLS AND JEROME COUNTRY, IDAHO.

Altitude only 3700 feet above the sea level. Inexhaustible water supply, taken from the great Snake River, the seventh largest river in America. 420,000 acres of the finest fruit and agricultural land in the West.

The man who wants a home where everything grows that makes farming profitable—on easy terms—or the man who wants land for investment should write us, as we quote nothing but absolutely reliable information. Address

Twin Falls, Idaho

H. A. STROUD & COMPANY,

South Dakota Land Cheap

in the **"NEW EMPIRE"** along the 250 miles of new line just completed by the Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. Special Excursions over Iowa Central Railway from Peoria every Monday.

Only $15 round trip. Splendid Opportunities for the investor and business man in the new towns, and for the "Homeseeker" where good land is still cheapest. Write for illustrated folder which tells all about the best openings.

A. B. CUTTS, G. P. & T. A., Iowa Central Ry. Minneapolis, Minn.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES $3.00 $3.50



SHOES AT ALL PRICES, FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY. MEN, BOYS, WOMEN, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

W. L. Douglas $4 and $5 Gilt Edge Shoes Cannot Be Equalled At Any Price

CAUTION. W. L. Douglas name and price is stamped on bottom. Take No Substitutes. Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere. Shoes mailed from factory to any part of the world. Illustrated Catalog free to any address. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.



The discriminating farmer keeps a supply of

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

For spavin, curb, splint, sweeny, capped hock, founder, strained tendons, wind puffs and all lameness in horses—
For thrush, foot rot and garget on cattle and sheep—
For hog distemper, hog cholera, thumps and scours in hogs—
For diarrhoea, canker and roup in poultry—

AT ALL DEALERS — — — PRICE 25¢, 50¢ & $1.00

Send for free book on Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Poultry— —Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Apr. 22, 1908

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....$1.50
ix Months..... 75

Advertising Rates.—For display matter a flat rate of 10 cents an inch is charged. The columns in The Tribune are 24 inches long, making a one column advertisement cost $2.40 for one insertion. All local notices, cards of thanks, resolutions of respect, and all notices of entertainments where an admission fee is charged will be published at 5 cents per line.

It's Up to the President.

(Wausau Pilot.)

Washington dispatches of the 26th instant say that Representative John Sharp Williams of Mississippi, as leader of the minority in the house, has issued to the press a written statement defining precisely the attitude of the democratic party in the house toward legislation urged by President Roosevelt in his messages to congress at the present session. The statement describes what republican legislation the democrats will support, what they will oppose and what concessions they demand on the part of the majority as the price of refraining from an organized filibuster throughout the remainder of the session. Mr. Williams says:

"Some things in the president's recent message are so immediately important to the interests of the entire country as to pass the bounds of partisanship and to make it excusable, if not necessary, for me to say something concerning them with the view of assuring the president himself and reasonably inclined republican members of the house and the country of the support and endorsement or the opposition, of the democratic minority. Insofar as the things urged by the president are good things I would like the country to know that all he has to do is to deliver 20 or 25 republican house votes in favor of them. These, conjoined with the solid democratic votes, will put them through."

Mr. Williams notes the following measures as ones which will "command virtually the solid democratic vote within constitutional limits."

To compel publication of campaign contributions.

Prohibition of child labor in the District of Columbia and the territories.

An employers' liability law, drawn to conform to the recent decisions of the supreme court.

Federal liability to government employes.

A law to prohibit the issuance of injunctions without notice to the party enjoined.

Removal of the tariff on wood pulp and printing paper.

Imposition of a federal charge for every water power right granted in a navigable stream.

Governor Johnson of Minnesota is now a full fledged candidate for the presidency before the Denver convention and has opened headquarters at Chicago. While The Times questions the wisdom of Mr. Johnson in entering the field at this time, it does not for a moment question his right to be a candidate. Democracy is not a close corporation, any man in the party has the right to have his name placed before the convention and it is an honor even to have ones name mentioned in connection with the position. The Times, does, however, dislike the gall exhibited by the men behind the Johnson movement, so far as they attempt to flirt with the Wisconsin democracy. Democrats of the Badger state consider the action of the Johnson committee an insult to their intelligence. Two years ago the democrats in this state in convention assembled passed resolutions endorsing William J. Bryan for president. This spring, at the most representative convention ever held in the state by that party, resolutions endorsing Bryan first, last and all times, were passed and candidates for delegates recommended. At the primaries held in April the men named for delegates were elected without a dissenting vote.

In view of this expression of the wishes of the common people of Wisconsin, which is well known to the Johnson crowd, we think it about the nerviest thing that has taken place in politics in some years for the Johnson managers to ask the democrats of Wisconsin to co-operate with them in heading off Bryan's nomination, which the people of the entire country desire and which the politicians, who represent the "system," New York World and other kindred evils, do not want. Badger democrats are not hero worshippers, they are supporting Mr. Bryan for the reason that he best represents the democracy of the fathers.—Chilton Times.

MEEHAN

Miss Caroline Voigt of the county line spent Sunday at this place the guest of Mrs. Arthur Clendenning.

Miss Ruth Borman of Grand Rapids spent Easter with her parents at this place.

Clive Cradle was a business caller at Grand Rapids one day last week.

There will be a dance at A. Green's Saturday night. All are invited to attend.

A. Green was a Grand Rapids visitor one day day last week.

Mrs. Jos. Flatoff was a Stevens Point visitor one day last week.

Matt Hommis and son Pete were Plover callers Thursday of last week.

Pete had some dental work done.

Mrs. Andrew Lutz visited relatives at Stevens Point last week.

A baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Mike Hommis Thursday, April 16. Mother and child are both doing well.

FOR TRADE—A lot on the East Side for a horse. Inquire at this office.

Council Proceedings.

Council rooms, April 10th, 1908.

Council met in special session. Mayor Wheelan presiding. Present:—Aldermen A. D. Hill, Steib, Rawson, Nisson, Ellis, Gotzlaff, Panter, Kubisiak, Lukaseski, Jackson, Ristow, Rossier, Lyon, G. M. Hill. 15. Absent:—Alderman Hansen, 1.

Mayor Wheelan explained that the meeting had been called for the purpose of considering the proposition made by the attorney for the Centralia Pulp & Water Power Company for a settlement of the suit of said company against the city, on account of the taxes.

The proposition offered for settlement being that the company pay their general tax, as assessed and carried out in the tax roll, and that said company be relieved of the payment of the special sewer tax amounting to $1366.68, each party to pay its own costs in the suit to date.

Motion made and seconded that the proposition of the company for settlement of the suit be accepted. Motion lost by the following vote, the clerk calling the roll. Ayes: Arpin, A. D. Hill, Ellis, Jackson, Rossier, Lyon, G. M. Hill, 7. Nayes, Steib, Rowson, Nisson, Gotzlaff, Panter, Kubisiak, Lukaseski and Ristow, 8.

For the purpose of obtaining a more favorable proposition from the Company, if possible, the mayor appointed Aldermen Arpin, A. D. Hill, Steib and Rowson as a committee to confer with the officers of the said Company and to report at a special meeting to be called later.

On motion, Council adjourned.

O. E. Boles, Clerk. W. E. Wheelan, Mayor.

Council Rooms, April 11th, 1908.

Council met in special session, Mayor Wheelan presiding. Present:—Aldermen Arpin, A. D. Hill, Steib, Rowson, Nisson, Gotzlaff, Panter, Kubisiak, Lukaseski, Jackson, Ristow, Rossier, Lyon, G. M. Hill and Hansen, 15. Absent:—Alderman Ellis, one.

Motion made and seconded that the vote taken at the meeting of April 10th, on the proposition of the Centralia Pulp & Water Power Company for settlement of their suit against the city, be reconsidered. Motion carried by the following vote, the clerk calling the roll. Ayes:—Arpin, A. D. Hill, Steib, Rowson, Panter, Kubisiak, Jackson, Ristow, Rossier, Lyon, G. M. Hill and Hansen, 13. Nayes:—Nisson, Gotzlaff and Lukaseski, 3.

Motion made and seconded that the proposition of the Centralia Pulp & Water Power Company for settlement of their suit, be accepted. Motion carried by the following vote. Ayes:—Arpin, A. D. Hill, Steib, Rowson, Panter, Kubisiak, Jackson, Ristow, Rossier, Lyon, G. M. Hill and Hansen, 13. Nayes:—Nisson, Gotzlaff and Lukaseski, 3.

The following resolution was presented and, on motion, unanimously adopted.

"Terms of settlement of the pending suit of the Centralia Pulp & Water Power Company against this city having been duly agreed on and voted by this council, it is, therefore, for the purpose of carrying into effect said settlement according to said agreement,

RESOLVED, That upon the payment to the city treasurer, by the plaintiff, of the general tax for the year 1907, as of January 29, 1908, plaintiff and its property shall be relieved and discharged from payment of all items and sums under the head "Sewer District Tax" referred to in plaintiff's complaint, and that the city attorney be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed, on payment of said general tax, to enter into such stipulation with plaintiff's attorney for settlement, findings and judgment in said action as in his judgment shall be appropriate, each party, however, to pay its own costs; and that upon such payment by the plaintiff the city treasurer is hereby authorized and directed to make and deliver to plaintiff, proper receipt, or receipts, in full for all taxes and assessments against plaintiff's property for said year 1907, as of January 29, 1908."

On motion, the Council adjourned.

O. E. Boles, Clerk. W. E. Wheelan, Mayor.

ARMENIA.

Mrs. Nellie Smith of Nekoosa is spending a few days at the C. Nelson home.

Aug. Schlaupitz is building a house for M. F. Gilman.

Mrs. Peter Vandenberg returned from Chicago after a weeks visit with friends and relatives. She was accompanied home by her sister, Mrs. Kilgour.

The ball game which was played in Frog Hollow between Miner and Frog Hollow came out in favor of Miner.

Misses Chobe and Lizzie Day and Henry and Leonard Damphier of Nekoosa attended the ball game Sunday.

Pete and Oscar Engewald of Nekoosa spent Sunday at home.

Peter Vandenberg began work again Monday at Nekoosa after a weeks layoff.

Asa Smith spent Sunday at the Spice home.

A. H. Wells purchased a fine driving horse at the Grand Rapids stock fair last week.

The Solchenberger family spent Sunday at the L. W. Joslyn home.

GRAND MARSH.

Mrs. Ann Ketchum is somewhat better at this writing.

Warren Day returned home last week from Minnesota where he was operated on for appendicitis.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Kook were guests at the E. Miller home Sunday.

Sunday school as usual in the Pleasant Prairie school house every Sunday at ten o'clock a. m. Come one and all.

Mr. S. L. Bowen, of Wayne, W. Va., writes: "I was a sufferer from kidney disease, so that at times I could not get out of bed, and when I did I could not stand straight. I took Foley's Kidney Cure. One dollar bottle and part of the second cured me entirely." Foley's Kidney Cure works wonders where others are total failures. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co. and Johnson & Hill Co.

What the Highway Division is Doing.

The Highway Division of the State Geological Survey has been very successful in turning the attention of the people to the great waste of time and money on our roads, and their consequent bad condition.

During the winter when they couldn't help build roads they have been talking at farmers institutes and other meetings wherever the local people were interested enough to get up such a gathering.

In this way they have attended about 120 meetings and talked to 15,000 or 20,000 people.

They have urged the use of the split log drag and other cheap effective means of keeping our roads in good condition with such success that many towns have voted to have them used on all their roads after every rain this summer.

During the summer they are planning to help towns build a number of stretches of model road. They furnish road machinery such as crushers, steam rollers, etc., and an engineer to see that the best results possible for the money are obtained. These roads will be built at Spatta, Baraboo, Chippewa Falls, and several places in other parts of the state not yet definitely decided upon.

In addition they are furnishing expert engineering advice and bridge designs to towns which plan to build bridges this year.

This work cannot help but produce better results for the same amount of money we are now spending on our roads, and will arouse the interest of the people in this very important subject.

The Highway Division is working to the end that every town may get "A Dollars Worth of Road for Every Dollar of Tax;" and it is much to be hoped that their object will be realized.

SIGEL.

Eric Cronstedt and Leander Nordstrom took a two days vacation at home last week.

Ben Peterson was in Grand Rapids Thursday last week on business.

Eric Berg has had a few hired teams to do his spring work.

There will be an Easter dance at the Yoske's place Saturday night the 25th. Go and have a good time.

John Larson was in Grand Rapids Thursday of last week on business.

Carl Holstrom is back from Fond du Lac where he has been for some time.

Helmer Holberg was in Grand Rapids last week on business.

Carl Larson has gone to Chicago where he intends to work this summer.

Gust and Chas. Blomquist of Rockford, Ill., have been down here for some time looking after business matters.

The Swedish Lutheran church is to give a basket social here Saturday night at Mrs. Forslund's place. Go and enjoy a good time.

A few young people were visiting at M. Cronholm's place Easter evening.

The ball game took place at John Wortlund's last Sunday. Come and have a look next Sunday.

CRANMOOR.

The hearts of all our people were deeply touched over the death of little Charlotte Otto of your city. Charlotte was a niece of Robt. Skeel and both her parents have been intimately connected with our people and our business industry many years. Their affliction comes very close to us all. Mr. and Mrs. Skeel went up town at once remaining till after the last sad rites were over. Messrs and Mesdames Robert Rezin, Edward Kruger, S. N. Whittlesey and Misses Lillian Warner, Myra Kruger and Mary Kaye were among the number attending the funeral.

Messrs. O. G. Malde and C. B. Hardenberg are again at the state experimental station and we all welcome them back.

Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Clinton are at home again after a winter in Oklahoma by the latter and a visit of both in the city of Chicago.

The Robert Skeel house is receiving a coat of white paint and looks well against the background of green. A telephone has recently been installed and we welcome Mr. and Mrs. Skell on the line.

A telephone has also been put into the home of Mr. and Mrs. Nick Wirtz making a complete circuit of the year round neighbors.

Mrs. James Gaynor had the misfortune last week to fall from a vehicle when alighting and sustained injuries that have confined her to her bed over since. We hope for a speedy recovery.

We are all pleased to have Mr. McGovern home again after an absence of several months.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Potter were city visitors Monday.

An extensive fire swept up from the track Friday, burning over many acres of the Whittlesey and Lester Co's. reservoirs, burning some vines for the latter and damaging young pine of the former.

Miss Lillie Warner has been spending the past ten days in your city helping out in the central office.

Miss Marie LaBrot and friend were guests at the Ralph Smith home Sunday.

Miss Ruth Bonnett took the morning train Monday for Grand Rapids having spent Saturday and Sunday at home. Miss Ruth is a senior at the high school in the above city and was always a book lover.

The J. J. Emmerich family, Mr. and Mrs. Timothy Foley, Messrs. James Gaynor and Thos. McGovern and Miss Bertha Demske attended services at the Catholic church at Nekoosa Easter Sunday.

S. N. Whittlesey and son Harry have purchased the O. W. Dodge marsh.

The Arpin Co. is going to plant a carload of Berlin Bell and Bugle cranberry vines. Messrs. Kruger of Cranmoor and. Greiber of Babcock have gone to get them.

O. A. Jasperson and wife of Port Edwards were over Sunday visitors at the paternal home.

J. W. Fitch attended Easter services in your city Sunday last.

NEKOOSA.

(From the Times.)

The first stock fair in the town of Port Edwards was held at the R. C. C. Vehrs farm opposite the town hall last Saturday and was quite well attended. It is expected that the regular monthly fairs there will be better attended in the future when they become bette known to the farmers in the surrounding country. The next stock fair will be held at the Vehrs place on Saturday, May 16, which is the first Saturday after the 10th day of the month.

C. D. Billings has leased the first floor of the building now occupied by A. Wiedenwald, the tailor, and will open a confectionery store therein. Mr. Billings has purchased Mrs. Gotboil's soda fountain. Mr. Wiedenwald has moved up stairs in the same building where he will be pleased to attend to the orders of his patrons.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Beadle, of Port Edwards, called on friends here last Tuesday, the former going to Grand Rapids the same afternoon, while Mrs. Beadle was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Brandt until Wednesday morning.

E. B. Smart, manager of Wood Co. Telephone Co., was here on Thursday to arrange for moving the local telephone exchange.

Mrs. Wm. Hagerstrom of Grand Rapids visited at the home of her brother, Andrew Hansen, on Friday, returning the same day.

SHERRY

Too Late for Last Week.

Miss Blanche and Dick Shidell attended the wedding of their brother, Wallace and Miss Barbara Finch last Saturday at Wausau. The happy couple arrived at the groom's home Monday for a few days visit.

Mrs. Geo. Dillie is up and around again after a long siege of sickness.

The N. C. I. sawed pole wood Monday.

Miss Thompson was a Stevens Point visitor Monday.

Mr. Paulson was in Wausau Tuesday on business.

The report is that a new farm Superintendent has been hired by the N. C. I. It is the earnest wish of the whole community that things will go fine now.

John Beaver has a fine new line of dry goods. Call and look them over.

Fred, the twelve year old son of Mr. Drollinger, is doing nicely after an operation for appendicitis. The child was operated on by Dr. Hougen at Grand Rapids.

The N. C. I. sold $300 worth of stock to John Blenker on Monday.

The Methodist services were held in Hugh Jones hall Sunday.

The saw mill is running in full blast these days.

The New Pure Food and Drug Law.

We are pleased to announce that Foley's Honey and Tar for coughs, colds and lung troubles is not affected by the National Pure Food and Drug law as it contains no opiates or other harmful drugs, and we recommend it as a safe remedy for children and adults. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co. and Johnson & Hill Co.

RUDOLPH.

Mr. and Mrs. Isadore Livernash are at present visiting relatives here.

Misses Effie Bates and Dora Jacobson were shoppers in your city on Monday.

Miss Elsie Akey returned to her home after spending many weeks in Wausau.

Wilbur Berard and Miss Louise Sharkey were seen in our berg on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Akey and daughter Priscilla spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Akey.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Karnatz spent Sunday at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Akey.

Miss Lila and Howard Ratelle spent Sunday at the B. Sharkey home.

Mr. and Mrs. Asia Bates spent Easter with Mr. and Mrs. E. Piltz.

The E. F. U. which was held at Mr. and Mrs. Redlich's was a success. Refreshments were served and all report having a good time.

Miss Laura Johnson is reported to be on the sick list this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Akey have gone to Merrill to attend the funeral of the latter's sister.

BIRON

Levi Bates of Rudolph spent Saturday and Sunday with Jeff DeMars and family.

Miss Edith Corner and Frank Snyder enjoyed a ride to Rudolph Sunday to be guests of the former's parents.

Lucas Perch and daughter Rosy of Sigel were in this burg Monday and took the children of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Klappa back with them as Mrs. Klappa will enter the Riverview hospital and undergo an operation some time this week. We all hope to see her well in the near future.

Bert Gaffney was called to Necedah Sunday by the sudden death of his mother.

Miss Bertha Akey, who is teaching near Marshfield, spent Easter with her parents in this burg.

Stephen Snyder and family spent Saturday and Sunday at Stevens Point the guests of the Biron family, former residents of this place.

Mrs. C. Crotteau and children spent Sunday with relatives in Rudolph.

Miss Udell of Stevens Point is now filling the vacancy made in our school by the resignation of Reslo Havenor.

Don't fail to attend the big Easter dance at John Fossley's hall Wednesday night. Good music and a fine time for all.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Sipe spent the latter part of last week with the latter's parents at south Grand Rapids.

Master Earl Akey is taking advantage of his weeks vacation and is spending the time with little friends in Rudolph.

Mr. and Mrs. Ullrich Schank and little son, Roy took a pleasant ride to your city Sunday.

Best Day of All.

The day that succeeds the downfall of a tyrant is always the best.—Curtius Montanus.

VESPER.

Pat Flanagan has accepted a position as manager in a retail lumber yard in north Milwaukee and left for that place Friday.

C. R. Goldsworthy left Sunday evening for Sheboygan Falls.

Walter Little of Sheboygan Falls was in Vesper last week with several land buyers.

The Equitable Creamery Co. purchased a team of horses and engaged Leo White to drive them.

Rev. Brown of Marshfield held services in Vesper Sunday forenoon, afternoon and evening.

Four families all Hollanders came via the Chicago & Northwestern railway Friday from Chicago and moved into the Hollander settlement north of Vesper.

A wagon load of young people from Arpin visited at the Prentice home Sunday.

Wm. Merrick and family visited at the Murgatroyds home last Sunday.

An Insidious Danger.

One of the worst features of kidney trouble is that it is an insidious disease and before the victim realizes his danger he may have a fatal malady. Take Foley's Kidney Cure at the first sign of trouble as it corrects irregularities and prevents Bright's disease and diabetes. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co. and Johnson & Hill Co.

ARPIN.

Miss Ella Dahlke visited Mrs. Dwain Robinson the first of last week.

Miss May Wittman had a party last Monday evening in honor of her birthday.

Robt. Morris was a delegate to the Presbytery meeting at Weyauwega last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Prentice of Vesper attended the party at Wittman's Monday evening.

There has been a medicine show in town the past week.

The C. P. Winebrenner family and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Winebrenner spent Sunday at Vesper.

Mr. and Mrs. Bryon Whittingham and son Percy were Pittsville visitors Sunday.

Mrs. Robt. Morris and daughter Margaret and Miss May Fors are visiting relatives in Sigel this week.

Mr. Titus of Grand Rapids gave a number of stereoptican views at the hall last Friday and Saturday evenings.

W. E. Robinson has been very busy clipping horses the past week with his new machine.

Miss Emily Sanville has gone to Pittsville to care for her mother, who is quite sick.

Wallace Robinson was at Marshfield Tuesday where he purchased a new buggy.

Notice of Sale on Foreclosure.

State of Wisconsin, Wood County in Circuit Court.
Thomas Aitken, Plaintiff
—VS—
Joseph H. Rapol and Gertrude Rapel, his wife, Nicolus Sonderhauf and Bertha Sonderhauf, his wife, John Link and Ella Link, his wife, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a judgment for foreclosure and sale, rendered and entered in the above entitled action, in the above named court, on the 1st day of March A. D. 1907, in favor of the above named plaintiff and against the above named defendants (more than a year having elapsed since such entry and no part of such judgment having been paid), I, the undersigned sheriff of Wood County Wisconsin, as such sheriff, will on the 9th day of May A. D. 1908, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at the front and north door of the Court House in the city of Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin, offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, all the following lands and premises situated in the County of Wood and State of Wisconsin and particularly described in said judgment as follows:—

The North half (N½) of the Southeast Quarter (SE¼), and the Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of the Southeast Quarter (SE¼) of Section No. Thirty Five (35); the Northwest Quarter (NW¼) of the Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of Section No. Thirty Six (36), all in Township No. Twenty Two (22) North, of Range No. Six (6) East.

Dated this 24th day of March A. D. 1908.

J. T. Welch.
Sheriff of Wood County, Wisconsin
D. D. Conway,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
P. O. Address, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.
First Pub. Mch. 25.
Last Pub. Apr. 29.

State of Wisconsin, Circuit Court for Wood County.
G. B. Dorward, Plaintiff,
—VS—
Rose Dupee, Aggie Dupee, Blanche Dupee, Percy Dupee, Adline Dupee and Lester Dupee, Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, made in the above entitled action on the 14th day of Jan. 1907, the undersigned sheriff of Wood County, state of Wisconsin, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the front door of the Court house in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county of Wood, on the 9th day of May, 1908, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the real estate and mortgaged premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:—

The northeast quarter (NE¼) of the northwest quarter (NW¼) of Section Ten (Sec. No. 10), in Township Twenty-three North (T. 23 N.) of Range Three East (R. 3 E.), located in Wood County Wisconsin.

Terms of sale cash.

J. C. Davis, Atty. for Plaintiff. J. T. Welsh, Sheriff for Wood Co. Wis.
First Pub. March 25.
Last Pub. May 6.

State of Wisconsin, In Circuit Court for Wood County.
F. J. Wood, Plaintiff.
—VS—
Mary Nelson, Margaret Nelson and Arthur Nelson, Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, made in the above entitled action on the 19th day of March 1907, the undersigned sheriff of Wood County, state of Wisconsin, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the front door of the court house, in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county of Wood, on the 7th day of May 1908, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the real estate and mortgaged premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:—

The Southwest quarter (SW¼) of the Northwest quarter (NW¼) of Section Twelve (12), in Township twenty-two (22) north of Range two (2) East.

Terms of sale cash.

Dated March 20, 1908.

J. C. Davis, Atty. for Plaintiff. J. T. Welsh, Sheriff for Wood Co. Wis.
First Pub. March 25
Last Pub. May 6

Oldest Building in Wall Street.

The oldest building in Wall street is the government assay office, immediately east of the sub-treasury, yet it is only 83 years old, having been erected in 1823.

This Space Belongs To



Dandruff Remedy

Ask Your Barber.

TWENTY YEARS
Experience as a Specialist

DR. REA

Will be at The Witter House
GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.,
Tuesday, May 12th
Returning Every Month



Dr. Rea has been educated in the best hospitals of Europe and America. Consultation in German, French, English.

He is eminently successful in all chronic diseases, as proven by the many cures that he has effected in cases which have baffled the skill of physicians in the general practice of medicine. His long and continued practice and experience has made him so proficient that he can locate any disease in a few minutes. Treats all curable medical and surgical diseases of eye, ear, nose and throat. Early consumption, bronchitis, bronchital catarrh, constitutional catarrh and nasal catarrh.

LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWEL TROUBLES, dyspepsia, sick headache, gas on the stomach, appendicitis, gall stones, constipation, and the many diseases dependent on weak and inactive digestive system.

KIDNEY and BLADDER TROUBLES. Diabetes, Bright's disease, inconninence of the urine, burning urine and passing of the urine too frequently.

NERVOUS DISEASES, NEURALGIA, sciatica, nervous prostration, nervous debility, nervous indigestion, paralysis and brain diseases.

BLOOD and SKIN DISEASES, heart diseases, dropsy, swelling of the limbs, open sores, pain in the bones; rheumatism, enlarged veins, eczema itch, pimples and eruptions of all descriptions.

DEFORMITIES and CLUB FEET, curvature of the spine, interrupted nutrition, slow growth in children, and all wasting diseases in adults.

CANCER, TUMOR, TUBEROULAR GLANDS, goiter, fistula, piles, varicose veins, rupture and all large glands treated successfully by the pypoeermic method. This is really one of the most scientific and effective plans of the twentieth century.

DISEASES OF MEN, Failing memory, weak eyes, lack of energy, nervousness, can't sleep, falling of the hair, sore throat. Cured by modern treatment as adopted by America's most eminent specialists.

DISEASES OF WOMEN. Headache, pains in the back, and other diseases which women are subject to. Can be cured at home by a system far superior to anything else.

Drs. Rea Bros. & Co., guarantee absolute secrecy in all professional dealings. No cases treated by correspondence unless absolutely necessary.

Address DR. REA & CO.,
202 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis, Minn.

AMERICAN BEAUTY CORSETS
"DAINTY AS THE ROSE"



Any woman who chooses can improve her personal beauty with little effort or expense. Wear an AMERICAN BEAUTY $1.00 to $8.00 They improve the appearance of any gown that is worn over them.

KALAMAZOO CORSET CO.
Exclusive Makers
KALAMAZOO, MICH.

Because we believe in them we sell and recommend them

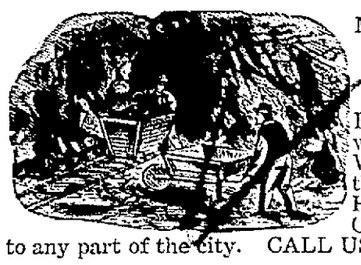
COHEN BROTHERS

A Bargain in a Home.

—I have for sale a five room house on the west side with a good woodshed and two lots, which will be sold for $800, will accept half cash and time on balance. This place is only eight blocks from bridge and close to all the mills, and will make a good and cheap home for a laboring man. Inquire of G. W. Paulus.

New York Summer Exodus.

Thirty-two thousand homes were closed in New York city while their occupants are at the summer resorts.



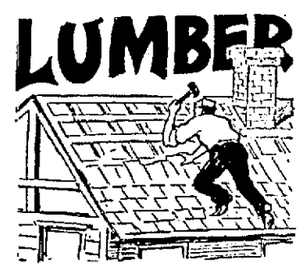
Make Your Wants In COAL

Business known to us, we will supply them. We handle about anything in the line of HARD and SOFT COAL and deliver it to any part of the city. CALL US UP AT NO. 54.

Bossert Bros. & Co.

NAIL THIS DOWN

LUMBER



Many men think there's no difference in Lumber. That Lumber is Lumber, no matter where you get it. This is true, of course, but there is both

Good and Poor Lumber

If you are looking for good Lumber, at moderate prices, let us figure with you on your next bill, etc.

PARKINSON-MARLING LUMBER COMPANY.

H. J. GIESE, Mgr. East Side Yard. Phone 377
M. G. GORDON, Mgr. West Side Yard. Phone 169

...Wood County National Bank...

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

Extract from Statement to Comptroller of Currency February 14th, 1908.

Capital and Surplus - - $185,000.00
Cash on Demand Loans - $207,647.01
Total Resources - - $918,614.64

Savings and Checking Accounts Solicited.

VICTORIA, DEWEY, SUNBEAM

A WISE WOMAN
Knows that one of the first requisites in making good bread is to have first-class flour, and she will generally have it if it is obtainable.

A WISE MAN
Will always see to it that his wife has good flour and to make sure of the matter he will order VICTORIA, DEWEY or SUNBEAM.

GRAND RAPIDS MILLING CO.

Fishing Tackle...
Of All Kinds
Steel and Bamboo Rods
A Fine Assortment

Carpenter Tools
One of the Finest Lines in the City to select from.....
REPAIRING DONE ON SHORT NOTICE
Get Your Lawn Mower Sharpened

..D. M. HUNTINGTON..

T. A. TAYLOR. WM. SCOTT.

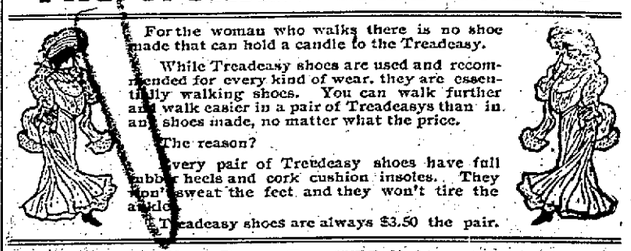
TAYLOR & SCOTT

Abstracts, Loans, INSUPANCE and Real Estate.

Telephone No. 364.

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

-The Woman Who Walks-



For the woman who walks there is no shoe made that can hold a candle to the Treadeasy.

While Treadeasy shoes are used and recommended for every kind of wear, they are essentially walking shoes. You can walk further and walk easier in a pair of Treadeasys than in any shoes made, no matter what the price.

The reason?

Every pair of Treadeasy shoes have full rubber heels and cork cushion insoles. They don't sweat the feet and they won't tire the ankle.

Treadeasy shoes are always $3.50 the pair.

For sale by I. Zimmerman

Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea never fails to tone the stomach, purify the blood, regulate the kidneys, liver and bowels. The greatest spring tonic, makes and keeps you well. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Johnson & Hill Co.

This May Interest You.

No one is immune from Kidney trouble, so just remember that Foley's Kidney Cure will stop the irregularities and cure any case of kidney and bladder trouble that is not beyond the reach of medicine. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co. and Johnson & Hill Co.

LOCAL ITEMS.

—Fishing tackle at Daly's.

Mrs. W. H. Getts is quite sick at her home on the west side.

Prof. M. H. Jackson was at Marshfield on business last Friday.

Miss Francis Heintz spent Easter with her parents at Rudolph.

Andrew Ingraham of Almond spent Sunday with friends in this city.

Mrs. H. S. Lutz is visiting with relatives in Neenah this week.

—WANTED—A girl for housework. James Dalzin, 324 10th Ave.

Ferdinand Withelm visited with relatives in Mauston over Sunday.

Mrs. Guy O Babcock is visiting relatives at Kunkauna for a week.

—Victor talking machines at Dalys.

It is a mighty poor stick of a man that cannot tell a fish story these days.

Misses Pauline and Lizzie Schultz are spending a week with friends in Merrill.

Prof. Frank Bliss and son Lester spent Saturday near Bancroft angling for trout.

Dr. J. J. Ballin is now located at Wausau where he will practice his profession.

James McLaughlin of Babcock transacted business in the city on Thursday.

—Edison phonographs at Daly's.

Arthur Sundet and sister Matilda spent Sunday with relatives in Chippewa Falls.

Miss Minnie Getts of Milwaukee is at home at the present time visiting her parents.

Miss Ella Hasbrouck left on Friday for Milwaukee intending to be gone about a week.

—WANTED—A bookkeeper and stenographer. Address Tribune office stating experience.

Miss Anna Bamberg spent Sunday in this city. Miss Bamberg is teaching in Rudolph.

Miss Margaret McCarr of Stevens Point was a guest at the L. J. Ule home last week.

Mrs. O. Voyer of Junction City was a guest of her mother, Mrs. Lotebro on Friday.

Henry Kaunitz, foreman in the Almond Press office, spent Sunday with his parents.

Emil Loloff spent several days at Merrill during the past week visiting with his brother.

Frank Noel of Chicago is visiting with relatives in the city and Port Edwards this week.

—What ties we sell on the installment plan. $5.00 down and $5.00 per month. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Mike Sierck purchased a lot in the Lyon addition below the Northwestern tracks on Monday.

Ed Smith, tinner at the Centralia Hardware Co., spent Easter with relatives in New London.

Mrs. Louis Reichel spent several days in Milwaukee the past week visiting with a sister.

—We have some bargains in diamonds. Installment plan if you like. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Dan Cooney is spending a few days in Wausau this week the guest of his grandmother, Mrs. Martini.

Mrs. August Sutor and son Raymond of Marshfield spent Sunday with relatives in this city.

Mrs. F. E. Haskins of Milton is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. Bert Coon for a few weeks.

Mrs. John Bell and Mrs. Louis Schall were at the Jasper Crotteau home in Rudolph last Wednesday.

Geo. Anderson, the popular agent for the St. Paul Ry. at Oshkosh, spent Easter in this city with friends.

Earl and Fern Slattery of Sturgeon Bay are spending a week in the city visiting with relatives and friends.

Charles Loock and daughter, Minnie were called to Chicago on Thursday by the death of a relative.

Rev. Richard Evans spent several days in Milwaukee last week attending the Men's missionary convention.

Mrs. John Benke and two children of Marshfield are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Young for a few weeks.

—Photographic supplies at Daly's.

Mrs. Charles Holiday was called to her home at Cheboygan, Mich., on Friday by the sudden death of her father.

Mrs. A. H. Stange of Merrill, who had been visiting her daughter, Mrs. E. W. Ellis, returned home on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Arnin returned on Monday from Milwaukee and Chicago where they had spent several days.

The Odd Follows will go to Marshfield on Friday to take part in the anniversary services that will occur there.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Garrison were up from Port Edwards on Monday evening to attend the Lady Maccabee dance.

Gerald Fritzsinger was at Marshfield Monday night where he played cornet with the Second Regiment orchestra.

Mike Hazza purchased two lots in block one, Lyon addition on Monday and will build a residence in the near future.

—Base ball supplies at Daly's.

Will George has accepted a position as cutter in the new meat market of Ebert & Topping on the west side which was opened up on Saturday.

—Easter Novelties at Daly's.

Ed Baldwin purchased two lots in the Lyon addition recently and expects to build a house thereon this summer.

Mrs. Will Martin of Mosinee spent several days the past week at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Baker.

—Just received a new line of sundries for autos, carbide, Oils, grease, Skidoo Compound, inner tubes, etc. Everything fresh.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stamin and Geo. W. Wood went to Wild Rose on Tuesday to fish for trout. They reported fairly good success.

C. A. Jasperson of Port Edwards was a business visitor in the city yesterday.

O. W. Dodge, superintendent of the mill at Port Edwards, was in the city on Tuesday.

Assemblyman O. R. Goldsworthy of Vesper was in the city yesterday on business.

Pat McDonald of Minneapolis, a former resident of Saratoga, is spending a few weeks in the city the guest of his brother, Mike.

—A new line of ladies fine white shirt waists just received.

Respectfully,
Heineman Merc. Co.

Pat Starr is confined to his home as the result of an operation which he underwent one day last week. He is getting along nicely.

Misses Mabel Mails and Alma Valentine, popular young ladies of Biron, favored this office with a pleasant call on Thursday.

Private advices received from Geo. B. McMillan were to the effect that he intended to leave Long Beach, Cal., on the 21st for home.

Ernest McFarland, who is attending the university at Madison, has been spending the past week in the city visiting his parents.

Wm. Baile, the Rudolph hardware man and agricultural implement dealer, was a pleasant caller at the Tribune office on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Derrious are making preparations to move to Milwaukee in a few weeks where they will make their future home.

Dr. K. W. Baker, Geo. W. Baker and C. O. Baker are spending a few days in the neighborhood of Greenwood this week fishing for trout.

—The latest in wall paper at Dalys.

Miss Mabel Hamilton left on Saturday for Oshkosh to take up her work as teacher in the commercial department of the public schools of that city.

Wm. Rogers, who was formerly with Geo. W. Parnell, the hardware man, has opened a plumbing shop in the McRaith building near the Witter House.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Karnatz of Almond were in the city and vicinity over Sunday visiting with relatives and friends. Mr. Karnatz has charge of the drug store at Almond.

Will Burt has accepted a position in the Fournier barber shop, the establishment being under the supervision of Clayton Fournier, who has leased the place from his father.

Henry Halvorsen, who recently sold the Grace House on High street to Martin Hansen, has purchased four lots in the Gardner addition and will build himself a home this summer.

Alvin Hetzel of Almond was married last Wednesday to Miss Lillian Louis of Belmont. The groom is well known here, having played ball with the local team season before last.

Lafe Brooks, who formerly ran a livery on the west side but for the past year lived on a farm below Nekoosa, has moved to Chicago where he will engage in the real estate business.

There will be a regular meeting of the Eastern Star tonight. A good social program has been provided and all members are requested to be present.

—A fancy line of ladies hose in blue, brown, white, black and other colors. Heineman Merc. Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Kellogg expect to move to Biron the latter part of this week, having been engaged for some time past in furnishing their residence and getting it ready for occupancy.

Ed Fahl recently installed a Gilson gasoline engine and a feed cutter for R. A. Rector of the town of Grand Rapids. The rig will also be connected up so that it can be used to pump water.

Tom Kane, who formerly made his headquarters here, was in the city on Monday and Tuesday shaking hands with his friends. Tom has been enjoying good health of late and is looking well.

The Wisconsin Central is now carrying mail between Marshfield, Arpin and Vesper. No mail is taken from this city, however, as the government considered the mail facilities here were good enough.

Uncle Tom's Cabin is said to be on its way to Grand Rapids. Like taxes and measles and mosquitoes, there is no escape from this popular play, and there is no doubt but what there will be a crowded house.

There were Easter services at the Congregational church last Sunday morning with a special program of music. In the evening the young people were in evidence, when there was another large crowd out.

John Bienker, a well known merchant and lumberman at Sherry had his right leg very badly crushed between two logs at his mill last Saturday and will be disabled for a long time if not crippled for life.

Quite a fire burned south of the city on Sunday afternoon and evening on the Hamilton and Wood properties. The ground was quite dry and the fire ran very rapidly. No serious damage was reported.

—Local view post cards and 150 kinds at Daly's.

Prof. E. L. Hayward of the Grand Rapids business college was sick several days last week, making it necessary to close the college. Business was resumed again Monday morning.

—A fancy line of ladies hose in blue, brown, white, black and other colors. Heineman Merc. Co.

Hugo Oldsen, who has had charge of the German Lutheran school on the east side for the past two years, has resigned his position and will leave for Addison, Ill., this week where he has been engaged to fill a similar position.

Conductor Frank Brown of Fond du Lac was in the city Monday and Tuesday shaking hands with his numerous friends about town. Mr. Brown now runs between Fond du Lac and Janesville, having one of the best runs on the road.

Nate Anderson, proprietor of the Anderson House, expects to leave in the near future for the old country. It is about twenty years since he left his native land and he expects to spend several weeks there going over the scenes of his childhood.

Private advices received from Purl Chose say that he is nicely settled in his new location at Stanley, N. D., and that it is one of the finest little towns in that section. Purl's many friends here will be pleased to know that he likes his new location.

Emil Mathews, who has been running the old Rick place near the city limits in the town of Sigel, has sold out to John Wheir and moved to this city. Mr. Mathews will occupy the position of sawyer in the mill of the Stange-Ellis company.

The Elk's state convention will be held at Racine, June 2-4. Among the prominent features already arranged for, is an Elk's circus, a large banquet, and Gov. Davidson, Senator LaFollette and Congressman Cooper will be present.

—All sizes and out sizes in hosiery and underwear now complete.

Respectfully,
Heineman Merc. Co.

A. P. Bean of Hansen was a pleasant caller at the Tribune office on Saturday while in the city on business. Mr. Bean has been suffering quite severely from rheumatism for the past couple of months, but is somewhat better at this writing.

Geo. W. Lyons and S. R. Titus have been giving exhibitions thru the county during the past week and have met with very good success. They were in the northern part of the county the fore part of last week and in the southern part during the last few days of the week.

Judge Webb and Court Reporter Morse returned on Saturday from Stevens Point where court has been in session for several weeks past. They left on Monday for Wautoma where there will be a session of court. Circuit court convenes in this city on the second Monday in May.

Charley Heiser, who has been located at Crookston, Minn., for some time past, was in the city on Saturday and favored the Tribune office with a pleasant call. Mr. Heiser has sold out his business at Crookston and will spend some time at Sikel until he has looked up a new location.

—A fancy line of ladies hose in blue, brown, white, black and other colors. Heineman Merc. Co.

A. H. Zechiel of Appleton, representing the Wisconsin Anti-Saloon league, had three Junction City saloon keepers arrested last week for operating slot machines in their place of business. They were arraigned before a Stevens Point justice where they plead guilty and paid a fine.

Conrad Hessler of Stanley was in the city Monday and Tuesday, having come down to dispose of some property which he owned on the west side. Mr. Hessler favored the Tribune office with a pleasant call while in the city and reports everything running along nicely. He is engaged as head sawyer in a mill at Stanley.

J. C. Davis, supervisor of assessments, and the various assessors throughout the county are holding a meeting at the courthouse today. This is a regular meeting they hold each year for the purpose of getting together and comparing notes and thus making the assessment all over the county as near equal as possible.

The opera house floor has been ground down until it is in good shape. R. T. Schuettor of Oshkosh was in the city doing the work and had a special machine run by a gasoline engine that did the work. The machine is said to be something entirely new and will take the roughest floor and put a fine finish on it.

Jasper Crotteau of Rudolph was in the city on Saturday. Mr. Crotteau reported that he recently received word that his daughter, Mrs. E. B. Grignon, who lives at Virginia, Minn., had been badly burned by gasoline. He did not know just how bad her injuries were, but the letter stated that it was thought that she would recover.

The idea of organizing a stock company for the support of a baseball team for the coming year has been abandoned. Those who had the matter in charge having met with so much opposition that they were discouraged. There are many who enjoy watching a good ball game, but without enclosed grounds it is a pretty hard proposition in this town.

—Our stock of fancy and black hosiery now complete. Heineman Merc. Co.

A flock of wild geese flew over Wausau recently and afterward a dead goose was picked up that bore a tag with the inscription, "A. T. R. Dec. 14, 1848" fastened to its leg. It was either an old goose or else somebody was fooling the boys. Geese are reputed to live from 80 to 100 years; so this might have been an authentic case.

—Of all the great American plays, the old historical play of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" has the strongest hold on people. It is beyond question one of the best plays ever written, hence the warm place it retains in the hearts of people of every clime. The great production that this American classic has ever had will be given at the Opera House tonight under the management of Wm. Kibble. Prices 25, 35 and 50 cents.

—The simple fact that Dr. Brewer has made his visits regularly for years, and at every visit has seen increase of practice, affords pretty strong evidence of his popularity. Those afflicted with chronic ailments should give him a call. If any can help, Dr. Brewer can do it. He makes his next visit to the Hotel Dixon in this city on Tuesday, April 30th.

Gentle and Effective.

A well-known Manitoba editor writes: "As an inside worker I find Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets invaluable for the touches of biliousness natural to sedentary life, their action being gentle and effective, clearing the digestive tract and the head." Price, 25 cents. Samples free. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Marshfield Times:—C. E. Blodgett received a thoroughbred saddle horse from Kentucky on Sunday, the animal being accompanied by its trainer. The horse is a stylish animal, sorrel in color with a bald face, is trained to all the gaits of a high bred saddler and is also a fine driver. The animal cost Mr Blodgett close to $500 laid down in this city, and is the most costly saddle horse ever brought to Marshfield.

—Our stock of fancy and black hosiery now complete. Heineman Merc. Co.

The dance given by the Lady Maccabees at the opera house on Monday evening was largely attended, the floor being crowded with dancers. The music was furnished by the Bliss orchestra and was good. The opera house floor was in better shape than ever before, the work done on it by the machine during the past couple of days having smoothed it down in pretty good shape.

Political aspirants are already beginning to bob up and the name of Atty. F. S. Woodworth of Pittsville has been mentioned for the office of register of deeds on the republican ticket. Anybody that wants an office may come before the people now and be voted for at the primaries and then if they succeed in getting the nomination they can put up another campaign and may get the office. No trouble at all to run for office under the new law.

—The ladies of the Congregational church will hold their sale in the Foresters hall on Saturday afternoon and evening, April 25th. A "Cafe-tierreian Supper" will be served from 5:30 p. m. until all are served. At the sale the ladies will have a fine display of gingham skirts, kimonas, aprons, slips, corset covers, handmade neckwear, etc. all prettily and tastefully made. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend. Remember Saturday afternoon and evening, April 25th in Foresters hall.

Here is a farmer's mode of ridding his premises of rats and mice. If you sprinkle sulphur on your barn floor and through your corn as you gather it there will not be a rat or mouse to bother. I have done this for years and have never been bothered with rats or mice. I have some old corn in my crib at present and not a rat or mouse can be found. In stacking hay or oats sprinkle on the ground and a little through each load and, my word for it, rats and mice can't stay there. A pound of sulphur will be sufficient to preserve a large barn of corn, and is good for the stock and will not hurt the corn bread.

Reduced Colonist Rates.

—One-way tickets at special low rates on sale daily throughout March and April, from all points on the North Western Line to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland and Puget Sound points.

Daily and personally conducted tours in tourist sleeping cars via the Chicago, Union Pacific & North Western Line. For full particulars write S. A. Hutchison, Manager, Tourist Dept., 212 Clark St., Chicago, Ill., or address nearest ticket agent. 4t.

A Stray.

—A strange horse came to my farm Tuesday, April 14th, and is now in my possession. Owner can have same by calling and paying damages

Jacob Korcz
3w R. R. 2, Dover, Wis., Box 21

Rummage Sale.

—The west side Ladies Aid society of the Congregational church will hold a rummage sale in the Lyon block on Saturday, May 2d.

Stetson's Uncle Tom Company.

—The old story of slavery days is well interpreted and is enjoyed by all. There are a number of excellent specialties introduced. Will exhibit at the Opera House tonight.

Sand For Plastering and Dirt For Filling

In any quantity desired. Delivered to any part of the city.

Call Phone 237 for Prices, Etc.

Gust. Kruger

Dekko,
The cold water wall Finish:
Noxall Paints and Enter-Lac
Those things to assist in touching up things about the house,
All for Sale at
Ed. Fahl's Place
On Second Street.
Window Glass and Putty

KAMMERS
SHOE STORE & SHOE HOSPITAL

Is the place to fit your feet,
And get your repairing done neat.

Second Street North
—EAST SIDE—
Next to the Market Square

Paperhanging & Painting

We are prepared to do anything in the line of painting, paperhanging and all kinds of decorative work. We handle three kinds of wall paper—the Henry Bosch, the C. O'Niell & Co., and the Independent. Will call at the house with sample books for you to select from. Call us at Phone 291.

Ellis Brothers
320 8th St, Grand Rapids

C. E. Boles
ABOUT IT

About what? About the farm or city property you wish to buy or sell. About the Abstract of Title to your property or your fire Insurance, or that loan you wish to make. He will look after your interests carefully and promptly.

FOR SALE.

A nice comfortable six room house, pantry, closet, two nice lots and a good wood shed. City water in house. Located only six blocks from Dixon Hotel, one block from the foundry. Will sell cheap and on easy terms.

FOR TRADE.

Or Sale 160 acres of good land with plenty of wood located in town of Saratoga. What have you to offer?

FOR SALE.

Seven nice lots, six blocks east of Lincoln High School. Any or all of the lots at $100 each.

C. E. BOLES,
Telephone 322 Lyon Block

The Wood County Industrial Advertising Company

will list your lands and other property free of charge and advertise them for sale on a commission basis, and list your factories, stores, houses, farms or other business and have a stereopticon view made of same, and will show it on a large screen in a trip around Wood county for the sum of $5.00. All property listed with us for sale with pay for views will be shown on the screen in each city or village in our route through southern Wisconsin and Illinois, for the period of six months, and probably until sold. There will be no further charge unless sold, and if sold through our efforts, there will be the usual commission fee.

Call or write for listing blanks and terms at our offices, 221 4th Ave. So., or 113 Second St. N.

GEO. W. LYONS,
Manager.

S. R. TITUS,
Lecturer.

Can You Read and Write?



If so, read how you can write and win a $350 KINGSBURY PIANO or a share of the $5000 in cash prizes.

Explanation

To the person writing the following words: "Mrs. Daly sells the old reliable Kingsbury Piano" the most number of times on a U. S. postal card we will give free a new $350 Kingsbury Piano. Write one way and on one side of the card only.

WHY WE DO THIS

1st. By writing our name hundreds of times you will never forget it.

2nd. You will remember that we sell Kingsbury Pianos.

3d. You will remember that Kingsbury Pianos are OLD RELIABLE PIANOS.

SPECIAL—Owing to the fact that the postals sent out by this company fail to accommodate the demand the ordinary postal cards will be accepted as stated below, many of them already having been received. Be careful to follow the rules given below. Anyone wishing to see the piano to be given away, call on Mrs. Daly at her home, 903 Gardner Street and 8th Ave.

$5,000 IN PRIZES

FIRST-PRIZE This $350 Kingsbury Piano. A strictly high-grade instrument which we assure the winner will last a life time. To the next four nearest, we will award to each a $100 check, which will entitle them to this amount of discount on any Piano or Player in our store. Said instrument we agree to sell at our regular retail price. To the next eight we will award each a $75 check as above. To the next twenty-five we will award each a $50 check as above. And to the remaining contestants we will award checks in proportion to the number of times they have written the sentence, until the full amount of $5,000 is awarded.

RULES

No person connected with the Piano business allowed to compete—all cards must be in by May 7th. Expert penmen and engravers are barred from this contest.

We will publish the name of the winner and all cards are open for examination at our ware-rooms on and after May 8th.

In event of a tie, the first list received will win the piano.

There is absolutely no chance for dissatisfaction. After the close you can count the winner's card if you so desire.

FINAL EXPLANATION

Use an ordinary U. S. postal card.

All you have to do is to write as many times as you can on this U. S. postal the following words:

"Mrs. Daly sells the old reliable
Kingsbury Piano"

and mail to us. State somewhere on your card your name, address and the exact number of times you have written the sentence.

TAKE THIS OPPORTUNITY AND GET BUSY AT ONCE

We hope you win the piano or a Large Check; which will be promptly honored by us when presented, as stated above. Checks not good on pianos purchased prior to May 7th, and only one check will be honored on each piano. Monthly payments accepted. If you already have a piano, you can transfer your check to a friend by making the transfer in our store.

A carload of the "Old Reliable" Kingsbury Pianos will arrive about April 28th, and a special factory representative will have charge of the distribution. This is the largest shipment of high grade pianos that has ever been made into Grand Rapids at one time by one factory. We will put our best pianos up against your good judgement and penmanship and we will do absolutely as we agree.

A written guarantee for ten years given with the PRIZE PIANO and every piano we sell.

Mrs. F. P. Daly
903 Gardner St. & 8th Ave.
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

BIRTHS.

Rev. and Mrs. C. B. Blakeslee are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby boy at their home, which event occurred on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bohmsach are happy over the arrival of a baby boy at their home.

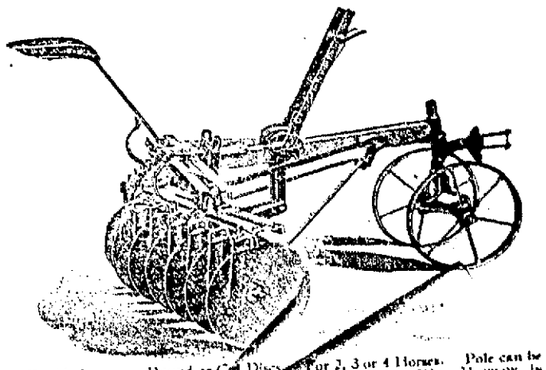
A daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Orlin Doughty on Saturday.

A Great Man

once said, "save while you CAN, that you may spend while you MUST." The time is sure to come when we must spend more than we earn for a while. A few dollars put in the Savings Bank each month will provide for this.

SAVINGS BANK DEPT.
First National Bank—Grand Rapids, Wis.
Under U. S. Government Supervision

SYRACUSE STEEL FRAME DISC HARDWARE

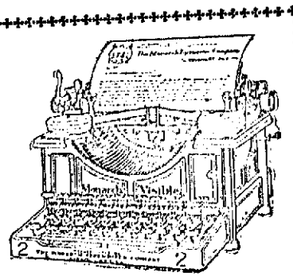


Double Levers. Round or Cut Discs for 2, 3 or 4 Horses. Pole can be furnished in place of Truck when desired. The Syracuse Disc Harrow is unrivaled for cutting up sod, hard baked clay and lumpy ground. Each gang has a double jointed hinge which acts vertically and horizontally, giving free action when working on uneven ground. Bearings are long and dust proof. The harrow draws direct from the axle. Gangs can be set at different angles when necessary. Examine this harrow before buying elsewhere. It will pay you. SYRACUSE CHILLED PLOW COMPANY, Syracuse, N. Y.

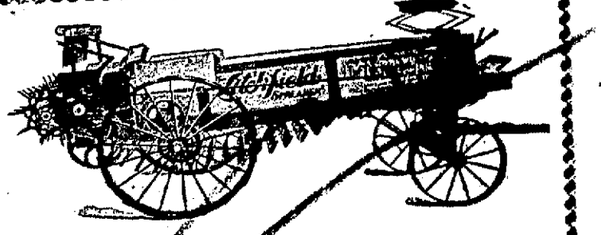
CENTRALIA HARDWARE CO.

We will Rent you a
MONARCH VISIBLE

---the typewriter of the present and the future---and apply a full month's rent on the purchase price. We furnish typewriter supplies and furniture, and also secure competent stenographers.



The Monaroh Typewriter Company
419 Broadway
Milwaukee - Wis.



MR. FARMER!

If you would like to see the best

Manure Spreader

made, call at the Hardware Department. A visit will do us both good. Your for the best,

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

A Card.

This is to certify that all druggists are authorized to refund your money if Foley's Honey and Tar fails to cure your cough or cold. It stops the cough, heals the lungs and prevents serious results from a cold. Cures la grippe coughs, and prevents pneumonia and consumption. Contains no opiates. The genuine is in a yellow package. Refuse substitutes. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co. and Johnson & Hill Co.

How to Avoid Appendicitis.

Most victims of appendicitis are those who are habitually constipated. Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup cures chronic constipation by stimulating the liver and bowels and restores the natural action of the bowels. Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup does not nauseate or gripe and is mild and pleasant to take. Refuse substitutes. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co. and Johnson & Hill Co.

GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

GRAND RAPIDS, - WISCONSIN.

It is just possible that yellow perils may neutralize each other.

The Tennessee supreme court has upheld the segregation which confines saloons to certain city territory.

"The horse must go." Sure, assents the Toledo Blade; quite often he must go out and haul the automobile out of the mud.

A 14,000-horsepower plant operated by tidal energy is to be established on the south bank of the Elbe, near Cuxhaven.

If anybody but a naval expert had said that the naval marksmanship at Santiago was bad it would have been flat treason.

Floods along both the Pawpaw and the Maumee rivers make it seem probable that the whole family will be involved before the troubles are over.

Some American girls, says the Chicago News, may feel that they just have to take counts and dukes. There are not enough star baseball players to go around.

An Englishman says American men make ideal husbands. But, says the Chicago Record-Herald, ideal husbands are not what American heiresses are looking for.

The New York jury which decided upon its verdict by flipping a coin has succeeded in strengthening the popular impression that a jury verdict is generally more or less of a gamble.

A gentleman cannot live on less than $50,000 a year, is the complaint of a New York bankrupt. There are several thousand gentlemen here in Zanesville, says the Zanesville (O.) Signal, who live on less than that.

Inspectors from Ellis Island are to go over the country to locate alien criminals. It seems to the average person that it would have been an easier proposition to have kept them in the first instance from locating at all.

A baby hippopotamus valued at $5,000 was born a few days ago at the Central park zoo in New York city. Babies, it may be remarked, are not rated according to their beauty, but according to the exclusiveness of their station in society.

A St. Louis preacher is quoted as asserting that kisses are "unpardonable under any circumstances before marriage." Unpardonable or not there can be more variety in them before marriage than is consistent with discretion after that ceremony.

A lady of social fame hired an agent to keep her name and doings out of the newspapers. The immediate result was a column article about the engagement, with a double-column picture of the retiring social light. Question: Was the "repress" agent's salary raised or lowered?

A town containing 10,000 inhabitants has sprung up in Nevada during the past three months. A few mornings ago its daily newspapers got out an extra to announce the fact that two respectable women had arrived. We extend hearty congratulations—not to the two ladies but to the town.

New York city has $102,834,326 due for back taxes. This statement is vouched for by City Comptroller Metz. Of this amount $29,816,153 is in taxes assessed on real estate, $47,348,499 on personal property, $1,118,662 taxes on real estate owned by corporations, and $24,521,012 in special tax on franchises.

The United States government has granted a permit for the erection of a $1,000,000 power plant on the South Platte watershed, a short distance from Denver, Co., and has also given a right-of-way for the necessary transmission lines. The plant will permit the production of 20,000 electrical horsepower.

"He never said 'Go, boys,' but always 'Come, boys,'" was the splendid eulogy that Bishop Potter pronounced over the body of a New York fireman who lost his life on duty. But such heroism as his is not unusual in the fire department, for it is true, as the chief of the brave man says, that every fireman knows that he risks his life at every big fire, and he does his duty in spite of it.

Texas by legislative act recently ceded to the United States a large territory in the Panhandle for a national park. If congress should accept the gift, the country will have another Yellowstone. The tract is 40 miles long and contains part of the Palo Duro canyon, a wild and mysterious gorge which has not been fully explored. Near the canyon is a private herd of buffalo, which it is said will be given to the government if it takes the park.

Fresh air seem to be good for monkeys as well as for human beings. In the autumn of 1906 the Chicago health commission suggested to the keeper of the Lincoln park zoo that he put a pair of monkeys in the outdoor cage for the winter. The keeper thought that was a rash experiment, as monkeys seldom survive a single winter in Chicago, even with all the care that can be given to them; but he prepared the cage for them. The monkeys not only survived the outdoor air, but were in better health in the spring than those kept indoors.

Mr. William H. Allen, secretary of the bureau of municipal research in New York city, said in a recent address: "Municipal government in America is a dead failure." Of course, comments the Youth's Companion, this startling overstatement was qualified in the rest of a careful, illuminating address, for it is the business of the bureau to help municipal government to avoid failure. The municipal government of Babylon is a dead failure because the city is dead. Cities that are alive have not lived long enough to fail.

A man bitten by a rattlesnake has just recovered down in Georgia. We have suspected right along, says the Newark News, that the state was not as dry as has been represented.

That Minneapolis man who carried his coffin with him to Europe, remarks the Pittsburg Gazette-Times, had probably been up against the three-franc table d'hotel before.

Even a coal strike would be a blessing, should it teach coal consumers to burn their smoke as a matter of economy.

BANKERS HARD HIT

BAD FAITH ALLEGED CONCERNING THE ALDRICH BILL.

SERIOUS CHARGES MADE

Alfred O. Crozier Says Panic Was Deliberately Created by Wall Street and Offers to Prove It.

Washington.—In picturesque language, at times violently denunciatory, Alfred O. Crozier of Wilmington, Del., Thursday told the house committee on banking and currency that he had unearthed a secret scheme for a compromise on the Aldrich currency bill. He intimated plainly that the members of the currency commission and the American Bankers' association did not act fairly with the banking and currency committee in unanimously opposing the Aldrich bill Wednesday.

While opposing the bill "on principle," he said, "the members of that commission objected to it because the emergency currency was to bear six per cent. interest, and are ready to support it now if the interest is reduced to three per cent.

"The Aldrich bill," Mr. Crozier declared, "is a gambling game from start to finish brought here by gamblers and promoted by gamblers for gambling purposes."

He asserted stoutly that he knew the late financial stringency was brought on deliberately by Wall street men.

"I was told in Wall street that such a measure as the Aldrich bill would be brought before this congress and that a panic would precede it."

Mr. Prince suggested that this charge was a very serious one, and ought not to be made on opinion but on actual facts. Mr. Crozier replied that if a commission was appointed he would furnish a list of witnesses to the counsel by whom this charge can be proved.

As an evidence of the conspiracy to bring on a panic Mr. Crozier said a prominent financier told the president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford company that it was to be brought on before the meeting of congress, and on that information, he said, the railroad borrowed $30,000,000. Urged to tell who the financier predicting a panic was, Mr. Crozier said he did not like to give his name at this time, but would give it to the counsel of any commission congress might appoint to investigate the causes of the recent financial crisis. He predicted that when the panic was finally investigated it would be seen that there had been a concentration of banking capital in New York.

DESTRUCTIVE PRAIRIE FIRES.

Three Are Burning Over Large Areas in South Dakota.

Hetland, S. D. — A prairie fire near Broadland has burned over half a county and is still burning. Five hundred men are fighting the fire, which has destroyed six houses and goods, a number of barns and other buildings, thousands of tons of hay and a number of horses and cattle.

Two extensive prairie fires are reported to be burning in Sully county, north of Pierre. A gale has been blowing, making it impossible to head the fires and a large area has been burned over. While it is feared that buildings and stock have been lost it is impossible to get definite information. One of the fires started north of Okobojo, in the western part of the county, and the other north of Harrold, in the eastern part.

Benson, Minn. — A prairie fire that has been raging northwest of this town has destroyed several buildings, and is being driven southward by a high wind.

OCEAN LINERS IN COLLISION.

Steamers Crash Together in Lower New York Bay.

New York.—Two ocean liners, the Monterey of the Ward line, bound for Havana, and the Danish steamer United States, of the Scandinavian-American line bound for Copenhagen, collided in the main ship channel in lower New York bay Thursday night. Both vessels were damaged, but no lives were lost and no one, so far as reported, was injured.

Miser's Hoard Is Discovered.

New York.—Convinced that William Jaynes, who died last fall at Hempstead, L. I., had possessed a considerable amount of money, the executors of his will made a search of his property and decided to tear down the dilapidated cottage in which the man had spent his life. After a portion of the wall had been taken down the workmen found two bags, one containing $5,000 in gold, the other $6,000 in bank notes. Later they discovered bank books which will bring the value of the estate to $25,000.

State Police for Chester.

Chester, Pa.—Following early morning scenes of wild disorder during which two men were slightly injured by bullets and others were beaten by crowds, a request was sent to Gov. Stuart Thursday asking him to send two companies of the state police to this city at once to preserve order. The governor granted the request.

Widow of Famous Clown Dies.

San Antonio, Tex.—Mrs. Marcella Rice, widow of the famous circus clown, died here Thursday.

McKinley Home Is Sold.

Canton, O.—The home of the late President McKinley was formally transferred Wednesday to Mrs. Rose G. Klorer of Canton, the price being $21,000. The sale was effected through Miss Helen McKinley electing to take the property under the appraisement at $20,000.

Chicago Man Falls Dead.

Springfield, Ill.—James Vincent Burke, a furnace inventor of Chicago, dropped dead in the pool room of the St. Nicholas hotel Wednesday.

Chief Arrests Police Judge.

Carmi, Ill.—During an altercation Tuesday between Police Judge Alfred Pendell and Chief of Police H. S. Parsons over the release of a prisoner, Judge Pendell, it is claimed, attempted to shoot the chief and was knocked down by him and jailed.

Telegraphers' Law Upheld.

Milwaukee.—The Wisconsin telegraphers' eight-hour law is constitutional in the opinion of Judge Tarrant, who Tuesday handed down his decision in a test case.

FLOOD LOSS IS MILLIONS

TOWN OF CRAIG DESTROYED BY THE HAUSER LAKE DISASTER.

Broken Dam Certainly Will Be Rebuilt—City of Great Falls Not In Danger.

Helena, Mont. — With the little town of Craig wiped entirely off the map, thousands of head of cattle and livestock drowned and scores of valuable ranches greatly damaged, the loss from the flood caused by the breaking of the great 70-foot dam at Hauser lake, it is conservatively estimated, will reach several million dollars.

In view, however, of the contract between the Helena Power Transmission company, owners of the dam and the Wisconsin Bridge and Iron company of Milwaukee, the latter company, it is said, will be liable for all damage resulting from the flood.

After making a careful examination of the dam site Wednesday, since the water receded, A. H. Gerry, Jr., general manager, is of the opinion that the wrecked structure can be rebuilt at a cost of probably less than $250,000. That the dam will be rebuilt at once and the construction of the third dam at Wolf creek which was approved by Secretary of War Taft will not be delayed, is assured by a telegram received in Helena from former Gov. Samuel T. Hauser, president of the Helena Power Transmission company, who is now in New York.

The indications are that the water has receded sufficiently to prevent any great damage at Great Falls. Every precaution has been taken to protect the Boston and Montana smelter, which is situated on the river banks at Great Falls, and it is now believed that the plant will not suffer from the flood waters.

Butte, Mont. — Great Northern Agent Stewart of Wolf creek reports to the local office that the track from Wolf creek east as far as he can see is flooded to a depth of three feet and that for three miles or more it is completely washed out. It is figured conservatively that for at least 20 days no trains can go over the line. This will tie up practically the entire traffic of the Great Northern between Helena and St. Paul.

ASKS FOUR BATTLESHIPS.

President Roosevelt Sends Special Message to Congress.

Washington. — President Roosevelt sent a message to congress Tuesday afternoon advocating the building of four battleships.

The message was a brief but vigorous contention for the rapid development of the navy. China was held up as an example of the "peace at any price" doctrine and Great Britain as having the naval policy to be emulated. It was contended that the result of the last Hague conference made it plain that the nations would not for some time, if ever, agree on a plan of limitation of naval armament. Disclaiming any intention on the part of the United States ever to engage in a war of conquest, the president made it plain that this country could ill afford to relax into a position where insult would have to be borne in silence.

Washington.—By a vote of 199 to 83 the house of representatives Wednesday decided against the president's program for four battleships, and adhered to the recommendations of its committee on naval affairs for two vessels of that type. This result was reached after a debate which lasted for four hours, and was received with applause.

TO PRESERVE STREAM RIGHTS.

President Sends in Veto Message on Power Privileges.

Washington.—In a special message Monday vetoing a dam bill, President Roosevelt warned congress that there are pending in this session bills which propose to give away without price stream-rights capable of developing 1,300,000 horse-power whose production would cost annually 25,000,000 tons of coal; urged in vigorous terms the establishment of a policy, such as the filibustering minority in the house demands, which would safeguard the granting of bridge and dam privileges and require the grantees to pay for them, and definitely announced a future policy on his part with regard to prompt utilization of construction privileges, by refusing his signature to a bill giving an additional three years to the Rainy River Improvement company within which to build a dam in the Rainy river.

Pat McCarren Unseated.

New York.—State Senator Patrick H. McCarren, leader of the Kings County Democracy, was unseated Wednesday night as a delegate to the party's state convention in Carnegie hall to select representatives to the Denver national convention.

The convention then selected delegates-at-large and adopted a platform which declared the delegation should be unhampered by instructions.

Entombed Miners Found Dead.

Hazleton, Pa.—After two weeks of incessant toil rescuers Thursday night came across the bodies of Michael Tokael Tokash and John Waschenick, who were entombed in the Jeddo No. 4 tunnel April 4.

Seven Lost in Prairie Fire.

Forman, N. D.—Louis Orian, wife and five children, whose farm buildings were destroyed Wednesday afternoon by a prairie fire, are missing and are believed to have perished in the flames.

Veteran Sporting Editor Dies.

New York.—John H. Mandigo, for 20 years the head of the sporting department of the Sun, died Wednesday, aged 50 years. He had been in the employ of the Sun for 33 years, having begun as an office boy.

May 10 to Be Labor Sunday.

New York.—The ministers of the 11,000 Presbyterian churches throughout the United States were requested Wednesday by the department of church and labor to observe labor Sunday, May 10.

Missing Child Found Dead.

Rosalie, Neb.—The body of Lillie Olson, the child who disappeared mysteriously from the home of her parents near here early in December of last year, was found Monday by two little girls on the prairie.

Irish Primate Is Coming.

Dublin.—Cardinal Michael Logue, Roman Catholic primate of all Ireland, is to leave here Easter Sunday for New York where he will attend the centennial celebration of the New York diocese.



CLAPP IS MADE CROW CHIEF

MINNESOTA SENATOR HONORED BY MONTANA INDIANS.

Chief Plenty Coos and His Fellow Redmen Decorate Statesman with War Bonnet.

Washington. — Senator Clapp of Minnesota, chairman of the committee on Indian affairs, is now a "Heap Big Indian," chief of the Crow tribe.

He was given a great surprise Thursday by Chief Plenty Coos and his fellow-tribesmen, who have been witnesses before the Indian committee for the past three weeks. The chief marched into the committee room at the head of the band and through an interpreter phlegmatically informed the senator that the treatment that had been accorded the Indians was highly appreciated, and that an appropriate gift was due the white chief of the committee. Chief Plenty Coos then took from one of his followers a huge war bonnet, which had been the chief's insignia of rank and worn by him whenever he went into battle. He said that he was now a man of peace and that the bonnet was of less value to him on the reservation than it would be to the senator in congress, and therefore he wanted the senator to take it.

Senator Clapp was "completely flabbergusted," according to his own description of his emotions. He took the war bonnet and thanked the chief.

The decoration would create a sensation in the senate chamber if the senator should decide to wear it there. It is made of eagle feathers, a band of which goes entirely around the head and droops almost to the feet.

Plenty Coos and his band started for their reservation home in Montana Friday.

PROMINENT MAN CONVICTED.

R. N. Harper of Washington Fined Under the Pure Food Law.

Washington.—As a result of the first conviction under the pure food and drugs law, Robert N. Harper, president of the Washington chamber of commerce, formerly president of the American National bank, a drug manufacturer, and one of the best known business men in this city, was Wednesday sentenced by Judge Kimball in the police court to pay a fine of $500 on one count and $200 on another count of the indictment recently returned against him for manufacturing and selling an alleged mislabeled pharmaceutical compound. President Roosevelt had insisted that the prosecuting officer demand a jail sentence.

MINNESOTA SOLID FOR TAFT.

Republican Convention Instructs for the Secretary of War.

Minneapolis, Minn.—The Minnesota Republican state convention Thursday elected four delegates-at-large to the national convention at Chicago and instructed them to vote for the nomination of Secretary of War Taft until he is "selected by the convention."

The action of the convention insures that the 22 votes of Minnesota in the national convention will be cast for the secretary of war, as all the 18 district delegates are under Taft instructions.

Stampede of Elephants.

Los Angeles, Cal.—An explosion and fire at the Standard Oil company's plant at Riverside Thursday afternoon, caused a stampede of elephants belonging to a circus, resulting in one person being killed, another fatally injured and several injured. The elephants are at large.

Big Hat Factory Fails.

Wabash, Ind.—Nathan Meyer, proprietor of the Pioneer hat factory, Wednesday applied for a receivership and two receivers will be named. In the statement to creditors Meyer placed his liabilities at $362,000 and assets at $355,000. This is one of the largest hat factories in the west.

Drys Win in Danville, Va.

Danville, Va.—The city of Danville Wednesday voted against licensing saloons, the majority against license being 45 votes.

Confesses to Embezzling $23,000.

Madison, Wis.—The confession of Edwin C. Story, cashier of the Citizens' State bank of Belleville, Wis., places the amount of money he embezzled at $23,000. Story is now suffering from the effects of the poison he took in trying to commit suicide.

Embezzler Pleads Guilty.

Pittsburg, Pa.—William S. Wortman, former bookkeeper of the Oakland Savings and Trust company, pleaded guilty Tuesday of the embezzlement of $14,000 of the company's funds.

Revolutionary Relics Burned.

White Plains, N. Y.—The old Van Wart mansion at Youngs Corners was destroyed by fire Monday. The old mansion, the scene of a skirmish in the revolutionary war, contained many revolutionary relics and all of them were lost.

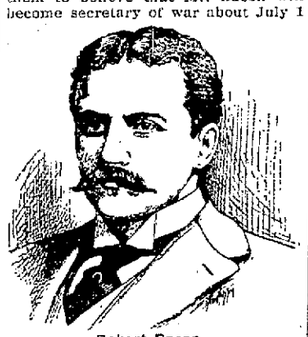
Minister Merry's Wife Dies.

Stonington, Conn.—Mrs. Alethea Blanche Merry, wife of W. L. Merry, American minister to Costa Rica, died Monday at the home of her daughter of heart failure.

BACON MAY SUCCEED TAFT.

Secretary of War Wishes to Retire About July 1 Next.

Boston. — The intimate personal friends of Assistant Secretary of State Bacon, formerly of Boston, have received information which leads them to believe that Mr. Bacon will become secretary of war about July 1 next, succeeding Secretary Taft, who is understood to be desirous of retiring from the cabinet at that time. The determination of Secretary Taft to retire is said to be quite definite, and is understood not to be dependent upon the outcome of the national convention.



Robert Bacon.

FUN FOR FLEET CREWS.

Men from Battleships Have Gay Day at San Diego.

San Diego, Cal. — After two days of pageantry on sea and land there was a restful lull in San Diego's celebration in honor of the American battleship fleet Thursday. Ninety-two of the officers, including Rear Admiral Thomas, were entertained at a picnic some 30 miles in the country. Boat races on the bay during the morning, a baseball game in the afternoon, free lemonade and fruit, horseback rides, trolley excursions and sight-seeing tours occupied the attention of the 2,000 sailors who came ashore on liberty.

All of the 16 vessels of the fleet at anchorage off Coronado were thrown open to visitors from ten a. m. to five p. m., and the excursion launches running out to sea had all they could do to handle the interested throngs. At night there were fireworks.

WORKMEN IN FIERCE RIOT.

Foreigners Attack Americans at East St. Louis Plant.

East St. Louis, Ill.—More than 150 workmen fought at the works of the American Aluminum works Wednesday when Armenian, Greek and Turkish laborers became angry because the company, in taking back its employes, gave preference to Americans and negroes.

The timekeepers' shanty at the main gate of the works was demolished and many heads were battered with sticks and stones.

Attacks Grain Dealers.

Lincoln, Neb. — Complaint was filed with Attorney General Thompson Tuesday against the Nebraska Grain Dealers' association, alleging that it is a trust and as such is trying to drive independent dealers out of business. The complainant is G. F. Godown, secretary of the Beaver Valley Grain company, at Danbury, who asserts the members of the association, in an effort to deprive him of business, are paying several cents more for grain at Danbury than the market prices and much more than they pay at their elevators in other towns where they have no competition.

Gets Life Sentence for Murder.

Omaha, Neb.—Severia Colombo was given a life sentence Thursday for the murder of his friend, Joseph Florenza. Colombo himself took the stand and testified that he first shot Florenza by accident and then by Florenza's request shot him in the body to relieve his agony.

Falls Into River and Drowns.

Janesville, Wis.—Anton Woletz, a tailor, fell from his shop window Thursday into Rock river and drowned before aid could reach him.

Great Dam in Montana Breaks.

Helena, Mont.—Hauser lake dam, across the Missouri river, 15 miles below Helena, gave way Tuesday afternoon with a great crash and precipitated from 25 to 30 feet of water over the dismembered structure.

Plague at La Guaira.

Washington.—A disease supposed to be bubonic plague is raging at La Guaira, according to a dispatch received at the state department Tuesday from American Consul Moffat at that place.

Historic Berlin Church Burns.

Berlin. — The historic garrison church in the Neue Friedrichstrasse, dating from 1703, was completely burned out Monday night, together with numerous ancient regimental shot-torn flags carried in various wars, which decorated the central aisle of the church. Only one of these flags was saved. Crown Prince Frederick William, the commandant of the Berlin garrison, and the leading military officers were in the enormous crowd of spectators which witnessed the fire.

MINE PACT IS MADE

WORK TO BE RESUMED MONDAY IN CENTRAL FIELD.

FORMER RATE IS ADOPTED

Main Features of the Agreement Reached at Toledo, with Which Both Miners and Operators Are Pleased.

Toledo, O. — The 200,000 idle miners in the central competitive district will go to work next Monday. An amicable agreement between miners and operators was reached Friday by members of the scale committee and this agreement was later ratified by the joint meeting of miners and operators.

Both sides are satisfied with the results of the convention and the conference adjourned with the best of feeling between the two parties to the controversy. The terms of the agreement provide for a general resumption of work throughout the district next Monday.

The adoption of the old rate of 90 cents a ton for mining coal; a referendum vote to be taken by districts and a call of the committee to receive the returns of the vote, the referendum being on the proposition to make the agreement hold for two years; a uniform screen of one and one-fourth inches, an eight-hour day; the referring of all local differences as to prices and conditions to the districts for settlement; an invitation to Illinois operators to join in the next interstate convention; and that the next joint interstate conference be held in Toledo in February, 1910, are the features of the agreement.

Miners and operators are delighted with the outcome of the conference and declare there is now a more harmonious feeling between miners and operators than has existed in years.

KURDISH ROBBERS ROUTED.

Russians Win Battle in Persia and Destroy Villages.

Tiflis.—The Russian troops which recently invaded Persian territory in the vicinity of Leukoran for the purpose of punishing Kurdish raiders of the Russian garrison at the Frontier post, Belesuvar, April 13 routed the Persians, inflicting a loss of 34 men killed and 50 wounded. The remainder of the tribesmen broke and fled. The Russians lost one officer and seven soldiers wounded.

The cannonade set fire to the village of Belesuvar, the destruction of which was completed by the Cossacks after a ruthless house to house search for the Russian arms stolen. Pressing their advantage, the Russians bombarded the neighboring villages of Kodzhabeklu and Zariah and razed both. The non-combatants suffered great losses.

ALDRICH BILL TABLED.

House Committee Votes to Lay Aside Currency Measure.

Washington.—The house committee on banking and currency Friday voted unanimously to table the Aldrich financial bill. It also was decided to give a hearing to Representative Vreeland of New York, who recently introduced a financial bill which is looked upon as a substitute for the Aldrich measure.

The discussion in committee was brief. The only point debated was as to whether or not the committee should make a formal report giving its reasons to the house for its unfavorable action, and the conclusion finally was reached that no reasons should be given. Consequently the committee's report will be a mere statement of the action of the committee.

THEATER PANIC AVERTED.

Saginaw Audience Moves Out Quietly with Fire Close By.

Saginaw, Mich.—The Bijou vaudeville theater here was emptied in two minutes Friday night without a panic when the building was filled with dense smoke from the explosion of a gasoline lighting plant in an adjoining building. Flames were leaping 60 feet in the air as the audience emerged from the theater, but cool heads prevailed and the exits were kept clear.

Killed by a Copper Cent.

Laporte, Ind.—A large copper cent, swallowed 60 years ago, caused the death Friday of James Huckins, 67 years old, a farmer. The coin became encased in the lining of his stomach. Recently an abscess formed and poisoning ensued.

Two Little Girls Cremated.

Worthington, Ind.—Two little daughters of William M. Watts were cremated Friday evening in a barn by a blaze they started while playing. They lived two miles north of town.

Society Girls as Firemen.

Baltimore, Md.—Carrying buckets of water across the sloping roof of Miss Marie B. Rogers' handsome country residence, near Rogers Station, Misses Mary and Fanny Bayly and Mildred Dulany, three young society women of Baltimore, Friday held in check for an hour a fire which had broken out near a chimney. When the fire companies arrived the blaze was extinguished after the rear part of the house had been badly damaged. The Misses Bayly are nieces of Miss Rogers and Miss Dulany is their guest.

Pastor Commits Suicide.

Woodbury, N. J.—Rev. George W. Tomson, pastor of the Woodbury Presbyterian church, committed suicide Friday, and subsequent developments involved the names of at least three women of this place.

Senator La Follette Better.

Washington.—Senator La Follette of Wisconsin, who has been confined to his room for two weeks by illness, is much improved, and expects to be in attendance upon the sessions of the senate in a few days.

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Iowa Jurist Is Dead.

Boone, Ia.—Judge David R. Hindman, aged 74, ten years on the bench of the Eleventh judicial district, a well-known lawyer and jurist, died Friday as a result of the bursting of a blood vessel.

Drainage Scheme Knocked Out.

Madison, Wis.—The supreme court Friday handed down a decision which in effect makes impossible the forming of a drainage system out of 35,000 acres of land known as the Horicon Marsh.

NO ONE CAN ALWAYS AVOID

Catching Cold on the Street Car



Pe-ru-na Prevents Catching Cold.

One Dose in Time, Saves Nine.

Many people persist in riding on the street cars, insufficiently protected by clothing.

They start out perhaps in the heat of the day and do not feel the need of wraps.

The rapid moving of the car cools the body unduly. When they board the car perhaps they are slightly perspiring. When the body is in this condition it is easily chilled. This is especially true when a person is sitting.

Beginning a street car ride in the middle of the day and ending it in the evening almost invariably requires extra wraps, but people do not observe these precautions, hence they catch cold.

Colds are very frequent in the Spring on this account, and as the Summer advances, they do not decrease. During the Spring months, no one should think of riding on the car without having provided with a wrap.

A cold caught in the Spring is liable to last through the entire Summer. Great caution should be observed at this season against exposure to cold. During the first few pleasant days of Spring, the liability of catching cold is great.

No wonder so many people acquire muscular rheumatism and catarrhal diseases during this season.

However, in spite of the greatest precautions, colds will be caught.

At the appearance of the first symptom, Peruna should be taken according to directions on the bottle, and continued until every symptom disappears.

Do not put it off. Do not waste time by taking other remedies. Begin at once to take Peruna and continue taking it until you are positive that the cold has entirely disappeared. This may save you a long and perhaps serious illness later on.

Bad Effects From Cold.

Mr. M. J. Deutsch, Secretary Building Material Trades Council, 151 Washington St., Chicago, Ill., writes:

"I have found your medicine to be unusually efficacious in getting rid of bad *effects from cold*, and more especially in driving away all symptoms of catarrh, with which I am frequently troubled.

"The *relief Peruna gives* in catarrhal troubles alone is well worth the price per bottle. I have used the remedy for several years now."

Spells of Coughing.

Mrs. C. E. Long, writes from Atwood, Colorado, as follows:

"When I wrote you for advice my little three-year-old girl had a cough that had been troubling her for four months. She *took cold easily*, and would wheeze and have spells of coughing that would sometimes last for a half hour.

"Now we can never thank you enough for the change you have made in our little one's health. Before she began taking your Peruna she suffered everything in the way of cough, colds and croup, but now she has taken not quite a bottle of Peruna, and is *well and strong* as she has ever been in her life."

Pe-ru-na for Colds.

Mr. James Morrison, 68 East 10th St., Paterson, N. J., writes:

"I have given Peruna a fair trial, and I find it to be just what you claim it to be. I cannot praise it too highly. I have used two bottles in my family for colds, and everything imaginable. I can safely say that your medicine is the best I have ever used."

THE MEAN MAN.



"I believe," his wife angrily declared, "that if I were dead you would be married again inside of a year."

"Oh, no," the mean man replied, "you are mistaken. Try me and I'll prove it."

GIRL WAS DELIRIOUS

With Fearful Eczema—Pain, Heat, and Tingling Were Excruciating—Cuticura Acted Like Magic.

"An eruption broke out on my daughter's chest. I took her to a doctor, and he pronounced it to be eczema of a very bad form. He treated her, but the disease spread to her back, and then the whole of her head was affected, and all her hair had to be cut off. The pain she suffered was excruciating, and with that and the heat and tingling her life was almost unbearable. Occasionally she was delirious and she did not have a proper hour's sleep for many nights. The second doctor we tried afforded her just as little relief as the first. Then I purchased Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills, and before the Ointment was three-quarters finished every trace of the disease was gone. It really seemed like magic. Mrs. T. W. Hyde, Brentwood, Essex, England, Mar. 8, 1907."

An End Missing.

An Irishman who served on board a man-of-war was selected by one of the officers to haul in a towline of considerable length that was towing over the taffrail. After pulling in 40 or 50 fathoms, which had put his patience severely to proof, as well as every muscle of his arms, he muttered to himself:

"Surely it's as long as to-day and to-morrow. It's a good week's work for any five in the ship. Bad luck to the leg or the arm it'll leave at last. What, more of it yet? Och, murder! The say's mighty deep, to be sure!"

After continuing in a similar strain and conceiving there was little probability of the completion of his labor, he suddenly stopped short, and, addressing the officer of the watch, exclaimed: "Bad manners to me, sir, if I don't think somebody's cut off the other end of it!"—The Pathfinder.

A Counter Stroke.

A stylishly-dressed woman entered a Chinese laundry and paid for a laundered shirt.

"Why do you wear those 'rats,' I think you call them, in your hair?" inquired the Chinaman, who had an inquisitive turn of mind.

"Tush, Mr. John," replied his customer. "I always thought it was Chinese etiquette not to talk about the things they like best."

The Oriental blinked his eyes as the lady passed out.

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all Druggists, 25c. Accept no substitute. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A human act once set in motion flows on for ever to the great account. Our deathlessness is in what we do, not in what we are.—George Meredith.

Smokers have to call for Lewis' Single Binder cigar to get it. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

No honestly exerted force can be utterly lost.—Froude.



Cut the cost ½

You can decorate your home with Alabastine year after year at one-half the cost of using either wall-paper or kalsomine.

Alabastine

The Sanitary Wall Coating

comes in 16 beautiful tints and white that combine into an endless variety of soft, velvety Alabastine shades which will make any home brighter and more sanitary. Sample tint cards free at dealers. Write us for free color plans for decorating your home.

Sold by Paint, Drug, Hardware and General Stores in carefully sealed and properly labeled packages, at 5lc the package for white and 50c the package for tints. See that the name "Alabastine" is on each package before it is opened either by yourself or the workmen.

The Alabastine Company
Grand Rapids, Mich.
Eastern Office, 105 Water St., N.Y. City.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Brent Good

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

LANDS In Irrigated San Luis Valley, Colo. also El Paso County Main Belt. Any size tracts. Small monthly installments. Also block and water rights in irrigation company. Both investors and homeseekers will be interested in this. Address H. E. HEERING, Box 704, Denver, Colo.

CANDY For famous and delicious candies and chocolates, write to the maker for catalog, wholesale or retail. Gunther's Confectionery, 212 State Street, Chicago, Ill.

LET ME SHOW YOU An investment in which conservative bankers have put money, that will give every man a chance. H. L. BAKER, Room 729, 218 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED to sell our remedies. Commissions good. References required. No misrepresentations allowed. Moore & Steele, Enid, Okla.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C. Advice free. Terms low. Highest ref.

PATENTS FREE REPORT. Write for particulars. W. J. Hill & Co., Century Bldg., Wash., D. C.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

There Is Only One

"Bromo Quinine"

That Is

Laxative Bromo Quinine

USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. 25c.

E. W. Grove

THE GIRL FROM TIM'S PLACE

BY CHARLES CLARK MUNN

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SYNOPSIS.

Chip McGuire, a 16-year-old girl living at Tim's place in the Maine woods is sold by her father to Pete Bolduc, a half-breed. She runs away and reaches the camp of Martin Frisbie, occupied by Martin, his wife, nephew, Raymond Stetson, and guides. She tells her story and is cared for by Mrs. Frisbie. Journey of Frisbie's party into woods to visit father of Mrs. Frisbie, an old hermit, who has resided in the wilderness for many years. When camp is broken Chip and Ray occupy same canoe. The party reach camp and are welcomed by him and Cy Walker, an old friend and former townsman of the hermit. They settle down for summer's stay. Chip and Ray are in love, but no one realizes this but Cy Walker. Strange canoe marks found on lake shore in front of their cabin. Strange smoke is seen across the lake. Martin and Levi leave for settlement to get officers to arrest McGuire, who is known as outlaw and escaped murderer. Chip's one woods friend, Tomah, an Indian, visits camp. Ray believes he seen a bear on the ridge. Chip is stolen by Pete Bolduc who escapes with her in a canoe. Chip is rescued by Martin and Levi as they are returning from the settlement. Bolduc escapes. Old Cy proposes to Ray that he remain in the woods with himself and Amzi and trap during the winter, and he concludes to do so. Others of the party return to Greenvale, taking Chip with them. Chip starts to school in Greenvale, and finds life unpleasant at Aunt Comfort's, made so especially by Hannah. Old Cy and Ray discover strange tracks in the wilderness. They penetrate further into the wilderness and discover the hiding place of the man who had been sneaking about their cabin. They investigate the cave home of McGuire during his absence. Bolduc finds McGuire and the two fight to the death, finding a watery grave together. Ray returns to Greenvale and finds Chip waiting for him. Ray wants Chip to return to the woods with them, but she, feeling that the old comradeship with Ray has been broken, refuses. When they part, however, it is as lovers. Chip runs away from Aunt Comfort's and finds another home with Judson Walker. She gives her name as Vera Raymond. Aunt Abby, Aunt Mandy Walker's sister, visits them, and takes Chip home with her to Christmas Cove. Chip goes to school at Christmas Cove. She tells Aunt Abby the story of her life. Aunt Abby tells her of their family, and she discovers that Cy Walker is a long-lost brother of Judson Walker, but fear of betraying her hiding place prevents her telling of Cy. Old Cy investigates McGuire's cave in the wilderness and finds a fortune that belongs to Chip. Old Cy returns to the wilderness camp with the news that Chip had disappeared and proposes to start out to find her. He turns over to Martin a bank book showing a deposit of $80,000 in Chip's name. Chip returns to the home of Judson Walker at Peaceful Valley for a summer vacation. Chip tells Judson of summer vacation. Chip tells Judson of Cy and writes a note to Martin which discloses her hiding place. Martin immediately visits the Walkers. He gives Chip her money and asks if he shall send Ray to her, but she says no. Aunt Abby's husband dies. Chip asks Martin to find Cy who is seeking the country over for her. He had been a youthful lover of Aunt Abby, and was supposed to have been lost at sea. Ray wants to go to Chip, but Martin advises him not to. Chip receives a letter from Ray, asking forgiveness for seeming slight and neglect. Ray and Levi return to the wilderness camp and find Cy. They tell him of his brother and the finding of Chip. Chip spends Christmas at Greenvale. Old scenes bring back her love for Ray. Chip again at Christmas Cove with Aunt Abby is visited by Ray, and all the differences of the past are forgotten in the bliss of love.

CHAPTER XXXV.—(Continued).

Old Cy evidently felt it a subject to avoid, and not until the next day did he even ask how Aunt Abby looked or what had been her life experiences. A little of this reticence wore away in due time, however, and then Aunt Mandy once more referred to her sister.

"I kinder feel you blame Abby somehow, Cyrus, the way you act," she said, "and yet thar ain't no cause for it. She'd waited 'most seven years. We'd all given you up for dead, and life in Christmas Cove wa'n't promisin' much for Abby."

"I don't blame her a mite," Old Cy answered quickly, "an' no need o' yer thinkin' so. I don't blame no woman fer makin' the best shift they kin. They've got to hev a home 'n' pertecter, bless 'em, or be nobody in this world. Comin' here and findin' how things are, sorter makes me realize how much I've missed in life, though, an' how much sorrer I've had to outgrow. I don't lay up nothin' 'gainst Abby, not fer a minit. Only I hated to hev ye tell me what I knew ye'd hev to, that fust night."

"But you're goin' to see her, ain't ye, Cyrus?" Aunt Mandy asked anxiously. "Ye won't shame her by not goin', will ye?"

"Wal, mebbe," he answered slowly, and after a long pause. "I wouldn't want to hurt her knowin'ly. I callate I've done more grievin'n she has, though, ten times over, an' seein' her now's a good deal like openin' an old tomb—a sorter invitin' ghosts o' old heartaches to step out. Abby's outgrowed the old times, 'n' I'm sartin, too, won't be the happier by seein' me ag'in. I may be wrong, but I've a notion she'll sorter hate to see me. 'Twas to keep her from feelin' 'shamed 'n' miserable 'n' spoilin' her life, I've never let her nor nobody that knew her find-out I was alive. I'm doubtin' I would now if she hadn't larned it from Chip."

He relented a little from this strange and almost cruel whim a week later, and after visiting the Riggsville store and obtaining what really amounted to a disguise in new garments, he announced his plans.

"I've got to see Chip," he said, "an' see how she 'n' Ray's gittin' on. I've got to see Abby, I s'pose. I want to, an' I don't want to, both in one. Then ag'in, these two young folks—Chip 'n' the boy—hev sorter got tangled up in my feelin's, 'n' I can't rest content till I've seen 'em settled in life. I'm goin' to Christmas Cove fer a day. Then back here till they hitch up, 'n' then—wal, then mebbe I'd better go to the woods ag'in. I ain't fitted by natur fer dressed-up folks."

No opposition to this unseemly outcome was made by Uncle Jud or Aunt Mandy. They knew, or hoped, the leaven of bygone memories and association would change the hermit-like impulse of Old Cy, and all in good time a better ending of his life would seem possible to him. To argue it now was apparently useless. A man so set in his ideas as to remain a homeless wanderer for almost a lifetime, was not to be changed in a month, or perhaps in a year.

Neither did Old Cy seem in a hurry to visit Christmas Cove.

"I don't look nat'ral or feel nat'ral in them new clothes," he said to Aunt Mandy one day, "an' while I want to see Abby, I've lived in the woods so long I'm sorter 'shamed to go 'mongst respectable people. Then I look like one o' them wooden men dressed up in a store winder with that new rig on, an' jest know folks'll all be laughin' at me. I've got to go, I callate, but I'd like to make the trip in a cage. I'm sartin sure Abby'll laugh at me arterwards." From which it may be seen how hard it was for Old Cy to fit himself into civilized life once more.

He nerved himself for the trip to Christmas Cove in a few days, however, and how he met and renewed acquaintance with his old-time sweetheart shall be told in his own words.

"Abby hain't changed near so much as I callated," he said on his return; "a leetle fuller in figger, but jest the same easy-spoken, sweet sorter woman I always knew she'd be. She was 'lone when I called, an' fer a minit arter we shook hands neither on us could speak ag'in. Then she kinder bit her lip 'n' swallered her feelin's, keepin' her face turned away, an' then we sot down 'n' begun talkin'. It was techin', too, the way she acted, for she kept tryin' to smile, 'n' all the while the tears kept startin'. It was like one o' them summer days when the rain patters while the sun is shining'. I don't think she noticed my clothes much, either, an' we sot up till 'most midnight talkin' over old times. It all turned out 'bout the way I 'spected—a



"I've Had a Short Spell o'joy."

sorter funeral o' old hopes with us two fer mourners. She's powerful considerate, too, Abby is, for the time we was talkin' she never once spoke o' Cap'n Bemis, 'n' I didn't. It was jest ez if we started in whar we left off, 'n' skippin' the gap between. She 'lowed she hoped she'd see me soon ag'in, that she felt like a mother to Chip; an' when I bid her good-by, she kinder choked once more.

"I didn't see much o' Chip, either, which sorter hurt me. Take it all in all, my visit thar upsot me more'n I callated, 'n' I guess when Chip's settled, I'd best go to the woods 'n' forgit all that's past. My life's been a failure, anyway."

Love in youth is a sweet song of joy and hope and promise. But love that spans a lifetime, that reaches and caresses our heartstrings once again as we enter the final shadows, has only the pathos of parting and the tender chords of almost forgotten melodies in it. Vainly do we strive to enter the enchanted garden once more. Vainly do our heart throbs beat against its adamant walls. Vainly do we hope to catch just one more of the old bygone thrills. It is useless, for none can live life over, and once age has locked the portals of youth and fervor, they are never opened again.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

With September came a supreme event in the lives of Chip and Ray, when Mr. and Mrs. Frisbie, Aunt Comfort, Miss Phinney and Hannah, Uncle Jud and Aunt Mandy, and Old Cy, all gathered in Aunt Abby's quaint parlor to see her aged pastor join their hands and lives. Then came the kisses, the congratulations, the rice, and old-shoe throwing, and then solitude and tears for Aunt Abby. All the wedding guests except Old Cy hied themselves away with the new pair, and he left for Bayport.

And thus closes the history of Chip McGuire, waif of the wilderness and slave of Tim's Place.

Bless her!

Two days later Old Cy returned.

No one was in the house when he knocked at Aunt Abby's door, and then, led perhaps by the invisible chord that spanned 40 years, he slowly strolled up the path beside the old mill pond, which he and she had often followed in the old, old days.

His heart had led him aright, for there, at the foot of the ancient oak that had once been their trysting-place, she sat.

"I thought I'd come over 'n' bid ye good-by, Abby," he said gently, as she arose to meet him. "I've been doin' a good deal o' biddin' good-by to-day. I bid good-by to the old graveyard whar my folks is; it's all growed up to weeds 'n' bushes, I'm sorry to say. But that can't be helped. It's the way o' natur. I've been down to the p'int whar you 'n' I used to go, an' I bid that good-by," he added, seating himself near her. "Ye 'member it, don't ye, Abby, 'n' them days when we went thar to watch the waves?"

"I do, Cyrus," she answered, her voice trembling. "I remember all the old days only too well."

"They all come back to me, too," he continued in a lower tone, "an' I wish I could skip back to 'em, but I can't. I'm an old man now, an' no use to nobody, 'n' not much to myself. I've been a wanderer many years—ye know why, Abby. I've had a short spell o' joy, kinder helpin' this boy 'n' gal into sunshine 'n' a home. They've gone their way now 'n' sure to forgit me an' you. It's nat'ral they should, 'n' all that's left me is to go back to the woods 'n' stay."

He paused a moment, glancing up the narrow pond to where it ended in shadow, and then continued: "It's curis, Abby, how life begins with how-de-do's 'n' smilin' friends 'n' cheerin' prospects, 'n' then ends with good-bys 'n' bein' forgot. It's what we must callate on, though, an' a good deal like a graveyard is left to weeds 'n' bushes."

Once more he paused, closed his eyes, and remained silent for a time.

"Wal, I might as well be goin'," he said finally, rising and extending his hand, "so good-by, Abby. I wish ye well in life."

"But is there any need of it?" she answered, turning her face to hide the tears as his hand clasped hers.

"Why, no, only to fergit my sorrer," he answered: "I can't do it here."

"But who will care for you there—at last—and—must you go?" Then she turned to him again.

And then he saw, not the gentle, saddened face upraised to his, but the tender face of sweet Abby Grey of the long, long ago.

"Must you leave us—me?" she whispered once again.

"Wal, mebbe not," he answered.

THE END.

CAIRO'S CURSE OF BLINDNESS.

Affliction Little Heeded by the Fatalists of the East.

The first thing that impresses the stranger at Cairo is the number of blind—men, women and children—to be found everywhere in the shops and on the streets. Ophthalmia is very prevalent throughout Egypt. Because of superstition concerning "the evil eye," the native mothers of the middle or the lower class do not wash the eyes of their babes at all. Watching the flies buzzing unheeded around and upon these blind children, a stranger hastens to buy a fly whisk. These are for sale everywhere, and are quite attractive with their ornaments of fancy beads and palm leaf fiber. Blind beggars greet one at every corner. Even in the high class Egyptian families there are many blind. The lower classes of Egyptians are given much to hasheesh—that is, the lower classes in the large cities—and, although it is against the law to sell it, one will have the hasheesh places pointed out and the men who smoke the drug are seen everywhere. They are distinguished by the peculiar appearance of their eyes, which become red, swollen and baggy underneath, and by the peculiar color of the skin, which resembles somewhat the skin of a Chinese opium smoker. — Leslie's Weekly.

New York's Temperature.

The records for New York are fairly complete since 1822, and they show, prior to the advent of the local bureau, that our coldest year was in 1837, with an average temperature of 47.6 degrees, and the warmest in 1865, averaging 55.5. This would make a difference of about 14 weeks in the period of vegetation in the extreme years.—N. Y. Times.

Wayward New York Girls Now Paying the Wages of Sin



THE OTHER DAY—"The sunny, velvet carpets, and the silken draperies of their rooms at the Waldorf-Astoria—and truffles and lobsters, and champagne and scented cigarettes."

TO-DAY—"Such a supper, no truffles, no lobsters, no champagne! Merely dry bread and bologna and coffee; a tin plate, a tin cup; one tin spoon.

NEW YORK.—"Straight ahead!" ordered the matron and the line of procession went past the long narrow benches placed on either side of a higher, narrow bench, called by courtesy a table. Katherine and Charlotte Poillon, the gay and pretty sirens and hotel beats, and their fellow prisoners stopped at the door at the farthest end. The door opened. The first prisoner was shoved in. Five minutes later there was heard a splash.

"It's the carbolic acid bath," whispered a woman who had been an intermittent guest at Blackwell's Island, New York's famous hostelry for malefactors.

The first prisoner came out shining from her bath, and greatly subdued in manner, and smelling of carbolic acid. A shiver ran through the delicate frame of Katherine Poillon. For the woman had dropped her gaudy finery in the bathroom and come forth arrayed in the hideous prison garb. She had seen mattresses covered with precisely the same material, heavy white ticking of alternate broad and narrow blue stripes. Its skirt was short and scant, reaching to the tops of the shoes. The waist was gathered into the same unwieldy belt of blue and white ticking that held the skirt. It was fastened over the bosom with cheap, flat white buttons. The collar was a turnover. At sight of the gown Katherine Poillon bit her lip. When her eyes traveled down beneath the hem of the skirt and fell upon the shoes, the eyes filled with tears. The shoes were of prison manufacture, flat-soled, square-toed, low-heeled, of the cheapest leather manufactured.

All Finery Discarded.

"In there, Miss Poillon." The matron's voice was softer than the warden's had been, but its tone was as determined. Into the bathroom went the siren, No. 1. An attendant helped her remove the long baby lamb cloak, the fashionable broadcloth gown, the big picture hat of black velvet and plumes. She disrobed her of the clinging pink silk underwear, the chemise trimmed with real valenciennes lace, the black silk hose with yellow butterflies flitting among violets, embroidered upon them. All these the attendant rolled quickly, and not at all gently, into a sheet, pinned and labeled the sheet, and into a bag of gray ticking thrust the woman's eight diamond rings and emerald bracelet. "Get into the tub," commanded the attendant. Miss Poillon stepped forward dipped her foot daintily into it, and drew back.

"Aw, go on," commanded the attendant, and the girl took the plunge.

"What is this for?" she asked, as her lips curled and her nose tilted at the whiff of carbolic acid.

"Antiseptic bath; don't ask questions," answered the woman in the blue-checked uniform of the prison attendant. A moment later the girl who had amazed the Peacock Alley at the Waldorf-Astoria with the magnificence of her gowns came forth, a humbled, woe-begone figure in the blue and white stripes of penance.

So fared Charlotte, Siren No. 2. Following the procession, they mounted the narrow iron stairs at the foot of the mess hall to the second tier of cells. "You into 18," said the attendant to Katherine. "You into 19," to Charlotte, and the iron door clanged after them.

The notorious and irrepressible Poillon sisters were repressed at last.

Young Women's Criminal Career.

The young women who have figured conspicuously and flagrantly in New York in eviction suits, in damage suits, in suits for slander; who have been the bane of hotel keepers, and one of whom was a particularly prickly thorn in the side of the New York millionaire, W. Gould Brokaw, whom she sued for breach of promise, and with whom she settled for $17,000, have subsided into the peace that, outwardly at least, broods over Blackwell's Island.

Latterly the young women had concentrated their energies upon ingenious devices for beating their hotel bills in the metropolis. The Waldorf-Astoria, the Breslin, the Bristol, have all complained of the success of that ingenuity. While practically penniless, the young women had lived in the most luxurious manner at these hotels for periods extending into weeks, and in some instances months. When weekly bills were presented, the debtors showed a positive genius for evasion. They were not in their rooms when the bellboy tapped gently but firmly with one hand, while he held the weekly reminder in the other. Though he slipped the bills under the doors the Poillon sisters said they never received them. Airily they asked the bookkeeper when he telephoned their rooms about the over-due bills, to add them to that for next week. And the bills for the next week were accorded the same reception as the last.

"Satan himself is not more ingenious than those women," exclaimed an unhappy manager as he ordered them evicted from his hostelry.

Retribution at Last.

But at last ingenuity failed. The last coup of charging a New York magistrate with connivance in their manner of life was defeated. The fluffy and furbelowed young women having made their last face at the presiding judge, their final grimace of derision at their keepers in the Tombs, departed for Blackwell's Island.

The small, snorting steamer, its original whiteness veiled in many accumulations of smoke, carried them from the foot of East Fifty-second street across that portion of the East river that separated the shore from the island which is the workground for city prisoners. The sisters drew their furs about them and elevated their dainty noses when the close quarters of the little steamer caused contact with the oddly assorted consignment to the island. Katherine had recourse to a cutglass, gold-mounted vinaigrette. Charlotte rose and paced the deck with her well-known athletic stride.

Fancy the contrast to the gay, indolent afternoons when the sisters in fine furs and big picture hats they never paid for flashed through the park in automobiles, in luxurious abandon.

At the landing a man in blue uniform, whose voice was as coarse as the whistle of the river tugs, met them and shouted: "Fall in line there!" When Katherine, the smaller of the pair, did not understand the order, he grasped her shoulder and thrust her beside a bent, old Italian woman, who horribly grinned and gibbered. Charlotte walked beside a negress who had been arrested for disorderly conduct on Twenty-eighth street.

Within the Prison Doors.

The sorry procession, ludicrous in spite of its wretched significance, as Falstaff's army, marched from the landing to the broad doors whose stone steps had been worn by the feet of thousands of the city's criminals.

The door of the great castlelike jail swung back grindingly on its heavy hinges. "To the right," shouted the man with the voice of a tugboat whistle, and the motley human assortment went in at the open door of the warden's office. Warden O'Fallon, white-haired, bureaucratic of manner, with crisp, metallic voice, sat at his desk and peered from under bushy brows at the women. Javert himself could not have been less emotional.

"Your age?" he said, peering under the bushy brows at Katherine.

"Twen—Oh, well, 30."

"And you?" to Charlotte.

"I am 24."

"I brought her up," volunteered the voluble Katherine.

"And right badly, I should say," came in the warden's crisp, biting tones. "Murphy, call Miss Moriarity."

The matron, stout, soft-voiced, firm-willed, entered. She looked the women prisoners over with level glance. Katherine preened and fidgeted, trying to display her prettiness in a good light. She flushed when she saw by Matron Moriarity's cool glance that for her she had no individuality. She was merely on "of the new batch."

The First Night in Jail.

"Come this way," said Miss Moriarity, and the female prisoners followed, marching in pairs, Katherine still the companion of the bent, mumbling Italian woman leering at her own untranslatable jests; Charlotte striding beside the negress. Across a wide-roofed court whose stone floor rang with echoes of the footsteps of the prisoners, Miss Moriarity led her or rather drove the prisoners, to the female department of the workhouse.

The long, high-walled, narrow room repeated the sound of their footsteps hollowly, for the female department was empty. The women were at work in the laundry, the kitchen, or the sewing-room.

The women sat down upon their narrow cots for the very good reason that there was nothing else to sit upon. In the narrow, grave-like room, white-washed walled, was a small, rough, triangular bracket that held a candle, a drinking cup, with space left for one book, a small Testament. At the foot was an electric light. On a rough stand stood a basin. That was all. The prison smell hung heavy upon the tiny room, for the only means of ventilation was the barred door, through the spaces of which filtered a slight hint of the outer air that came through the corresponding windows in the great gray walls opposite the cell.

No Dainties at This Meal.

Such a supper! No truffles, no lobster, no champagne! Merely dry bread and bologna and coffee, eaten from a tin plate, or drunk from the cheapest tin cups with but one aid, for knives and forks are prohibited at Blackwell's Island. There, primitive hands and primitive teeth are supplemented by one tin spoon. Instead of damask napery were rough, narrow boards, scrubbed clean, but boards, nevertheless.

This, after the sunny, velvet carpets and silken draperies of their rooms at the Waldorf-Astoria—the truffles and lobsters and champagne and scented cigarettes. The elder of the Poillons dampened three handkerchiefs while she sat there waiting for the nasty meal to be over.

The Poillon sisters on their first evening at Blackwell's displayed no appetite. At the end of the 15 minutes' meal they joined another procession. "It seems to me they do nothing but march here," complained Charlotte, peevishly. She met the steel-gray eyes of the matron.

"You will find out differently tomorrow," she said, dryly. "There will be processions, but there will be work also."

To cells 18 and 19 they went again after tea. There, although the electric light may burn until half-past nine, there was darkness, and a hilarious negress rattled the door of her cell and cursed softly because the sound of her neighbors' sobbing fretted her.

Beginning the Long Day.

At five the next morning the gong sounded. Every prisoner sprang out of bed. If she lingered she would be punished. Punishment, she knew, meant a brief interview with the warden, and then the dark cell behind the big iron door at the end of the mess hall. The dark cell, every prisoner can tell you, breaks the boldest spirit and renders the wildest captive humble in a few hours. It is, they tell you, an inferno of silence and darkness.

The women thrust themselves into the ugly striped uniforms, combing their hair back plain and smooth from their foreheads and fastening it in a tight, unbecoming knot at the back of the head, as is the rule at Blackwell's, and putting on the black knitted prison hood, grasp the cell pails in their hands and set forth on the first procession of the day. Down the stairs, through the corridor, past the big doors, into the dawn of the fresh day they go. If a thought of flight visits them a harsh voice at their elbows calls: "Hurry on, there! No fooling you!" They march to the shore, empty their pails and go back through the great doors into the tainted prison air once more. Up the stairs to their cells, hoods off, pails deposited, and they resume their march into the mess hall below.

Plain Bill of Fare.

If it is Monday they breakfast from the tin pan and cup, and, with the aid of the spoon, off bread and hash and coffee. If it be Tuesday their meal is oatmeal and coffee. If Wednesday, they have bread and jelly and coffee. They march around the tables, deposit their spoons in a box at the end of the table and go in regular file to the work that has been assigned them. The Poillons, as a first essay at hard labor, were ordered to the big, square sewing room. There Katherine darned socks, Charlotte mended torn sheets and tattered blue and white striped dresses.

They sat on rough chairs and stooped until their backs ached over their tasks. Through Charlotte's mind flitted recollections of the diversified golf links. Before Katherine's vision danced the gay invitation of the spring shop windows.

By noon they were faint, but their delicate stomachs rebelled at the midday dinner, vegetable soup, roast rump steak, potatoes, cabbage and thick, though not strong coffee. Katherine's tears dripped into the big tin cup of coffee. Charlotte frowned heavily.

Back again for the afternoon's work. They were interrupted only by an attendant's "Can't you do better than that? Every woman ought to be able to do a little light family washing." During the morning sewing Charlotte complained that the brass thimbles might cause blood poisoning. But no one paid any attention to the pair who had been in the public eye until they had grown to like it. Their fellow prisoners, when they looked at them at all, looked insults. When they spoke to them they jeered.

Jeered by Companions.

"How do you like the Hotel Blackwell?" whispered a hard-faced dame over the wash tubs, during the afternoon session.

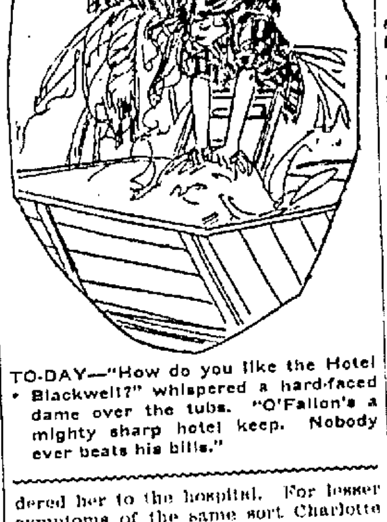
"O'Fallon's a mighty sharp hotel keeper. Nobody ever beats his bills."

The Poillon sisters reddened, and were mad through and through. Charlotte thumped her washboard viciously.

At five came the call to tea, then back to their cells went the sisters, to read a little if they chose, from books in the prison library. Lights must be out at 9:30, the hour at which these gay women of upper Bohemia were wont to dine.

The next day both sisters were heavy-eyed and pale. Katherine could not answer the matron when she spoke to her.

"Huh; 'prison sore throat,' I suppose," said Miss Moriarity, and sent for the hospital physician. He or-



TO-DAY—"How do you like the Hotel Blackwell?" whispered a hard-faced dame over the tubs. "O'Fallon's a mighty sharp hotel keep. Nobody ever beats his bills."

dered her to the hospital. For lesser symptoms of the same sort Charlotte followed her. When this temporary illness has ended they will go back to the prison routine, and the sewing and the soapsuds.

These rules will again face them from the blackboard in the mess hall:

Rules for the Mess Hall.

1. Prisoners, while at meals, are forbidden to talk or make any unnecessary noise.

2. They are forbidden to spill soup on the table or drop bread upon the floor.

3. Those wishing to pass reading matter or any other articles while at the table must obtain permission from the office.

4. No one shall leave her seat at the table without permission.

5. When leaving the mess table each prisoner will bring her spoon and deposit it in the spoonbox.

6. Violation of the above rules will subject the offender to punishment.—From the New York American.

When the Kaiser Travels.

The preparations made for the kaiser's sojourn in Corfu are on a most elaborate scale.

In addition to the chief court chamberlain and two personal adjutants there will be six officers of the guard who are among the kaiser's most intimate friends. There will also be two physicians, 12 body servants and a private secretary. This does not include the more intimate body servants who will accompany him.

The empress will have her chamberlain, two maids of honor, two maids and six other female servants. Next comes the large staff for the kitchen and waiting service, reckoned at 24 persons. Twenty grooms will accompany the staff.

The kaiser will have four motors in Corfu, and the kaiserin two. Further, there will be two freight automobiles.

ONE LESSON WHOLLY WASTED.

Little Surprise Planned by Billiger McSwat Not a Success.

"Lobelia," asked Mr. McSwat, who was rummaging in one of the closets, "have you done anything with that old coat of mine that used to hang on the last hook in here?"

"Yes," answered Mrs. McSwat. "I gave it to the Volunteers."

"You did, did you?" Well, you'll be sorry to learn, perhaps, that there was a five-dollar bill in it which I was going to give you if I found that coat undisturbed at the beginning of March."

"O, I think not, Billiger. I searched it thoroughly before I gave it away."

"You're a pretty smart woman, Lobelia, but it didn't occur to you to look inside the lining."

"O, yes, it did, and I found the five-dollar bill. I spent it for the rubber plant in the front parlor that you have admired so much and wondered how I managed to buy out of my allowance. You're a pretty smart man, Billiger, but there are times when you don't look the part."

There being no further business before the house, Mr. McSwat adjourned without form.

STUDY NOT A NECESSITY.

End and Aim of Woman's Life, as Understood by Rosie's Mother.

In one of the Philadelphia public schools is a little girl pupil whose ancestors and coreligionists have ever held that the principal end and aim of the life of a woman is marriage. This little girl is well up in most of her studies, but she has an inveterate dislike of geography and it seems impossible to teach the study to her. The other day her teacher, made impatient by her seeming unwillingness to learn her geography lesson, sent to Rosie's mother a note requesting her to see that the girl studied her lesson. The next day showed no improvement, however, and the teacher asked Rosie whether she had delivered the note.

"Yes, ma'am," was the reply.

"And did your mother read the note, Rosie," said the teacher.

"Yes, ma'm."

"What did she say?"

"My mother said that she didn't know geography, an' she got married, an' my aunt didn't know geography, an' she got married, an' you know geography, an' you didn't get married."

An Undesirable Article.

When Mr. B. went to call upon some friends the other afternoon, he was on his way out of town and so had his traveling bag with him. This he placed in a corner, and when he rose to leave he overlooked it. His hostess happened to notice it before he had reached the door, and called to her little daughter:

"Marie, run after Mr. B. and tell him he has left his grip here!"

The little one gave her mother one swift glance of surprise, but flew dutifully to obey orders.

"Oh, Mr. B.," they heard her say, "mother says you have forgotten to take your grip with you." Then she added, quickly, in a tone of polite apology: "You see, most all of us have had it this winter, and we'd rather not have any more!"

Recommended His Wife.

Irvin Cobb, humorist of New York, was recommended to a lecture management. The latter sought an introduction through a friend, Mr. McVeigh.

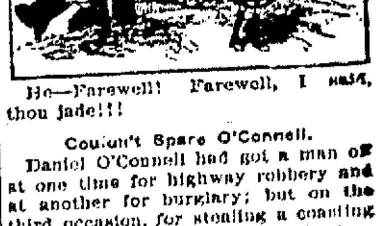
"Come here, Irvin, I want you to meet a friend of mine," said McVeigh. After a few minutes' conversation, the lecture man broached the subject of lecturing as follows:

"I was just wondering, Mr. Cobb, what you would think of a proposition to do some lecture work next season?"

Cobb looked at his questioner for just a moment in blank amazement. Evidently such a thought had never entered his head before. Then reaching out his hand confidentially, he said:

"I've got it. My wife will do it. She is the best one I know."—Lyceum and Talent.

THE QUARREL.



He—Farewell! Farewell, I said, thou jade!!!

Couldn't Spare O'Connell.

Daniel O'Connell had got a man off at one time for highway robbery and at another for burglary; but on the third occasion, for stealing a coasting brig, the task of hoodwinking the jury seemed too great for even his powers of cajolery. However, he made out that the crime was committed on the high seas and obtained an acquittal. The prisoner lifted up his hands and eyes to heaven and exclaimed: "May the Lord long spare you, Mr. O'Connell—to me!"

WILLED AWAY THE LAUNDRY.

Somewhat Peculiar Transaction, But It Went.

When a perfectly strange woman came for the soiled clothes three weeks ago the mistress of the house came to the conclusion that her own laundress had simply employed a new messenger, and made no comment on the circumstances. But when two weeks had gone by, and still the old laundress—known as Susan, no last name having been mentioned—did not appear, the mistress of the house felt that she would be lacking in her duty if she did not make some inquiry about her. "Where is Susan?" she asked the tall and bony structure who came for the clothes. "She has gone to Pennsylvania to live, yes-sum," returned this person, with composure. "She went to Pennsylvania some time ago, an' she lef' good-by fer yuh, but s'long es yuh didn't seem tuh notis I didn't say nuffin'." "But why didn't she come and tell me and allow me to make some arragements about my laundry?" asked Susan's ex-mistress. "Well, she lef' yo' clothes tuh meh. She made a will an' lef' dem clothes tuh meh. Wese allus been good frien's, and so w'en she lef' she say I may wash yo' clothes long ez I wush tuh, an' dere wuz no use worrying yuh 'bout it, now was dere?" To which moderate and sensible question the mistress of the house could only remain speechless. —Baltimore American.

IN THE MULLET BELT.

What the Inhabitants of the Gulf Coast Owe to Biloxi Bacon.

Down on the easy going gulf coast, where everybody loafs and is happy, there are one or two awful thoughts which occasionally shudder through the pleasant dreams of the inhabitants. The most dreadful of these is the horrific suggestion of a possible failure of the mullet crop.

The mullet crop is locally known as Biloxi bacon, because down there it is as absolute a necessary of life as pork is elsewhere in the south. The visitor to all the gulf resorts is more addicted to mullet than he realizes. It sometimes parades on the bill of fare as trout, or something else which gives variety to the menu.

But be not deceived. While the coast can furnish a good mullet no other fish need apply. The names are changed to satisfy the uneducated northerner, but the fish remains the same. Just what a hold the mullet diet has on the natives is clear from a story they tell about Biloxi.

A good many years ago there was a mullet famine along the coast. The people had to fall back on other fish, such as the humble speckled trout and the unintellectual sheephead. It was a time of sacrifice whose memory has survived until this day, when, it is declared, the old inhabitants recall it with a shudder as they repeat their morning supplication: "Give us this day our daily mullet."

It is said that a Biloxian can pretty nearly navigate his whole career, from infancy to death and burial, with mullet as his chief dependence. When he is a baby he cuts his teeth on a piece of mullet; as a boy he fishes for it; the chief requirement in a wife is that she shall know how to cook it, and it is most consolatory when served to the funeral guests.

During the civil war the people of the mullet belt would have had mighty slim pickings if it had not been for their favorite fish. Many a confederate soldier imprisoned by Butler on Ship island has cause to be grateful to Biloxi bacon or black eyes, as the mullet is also called.

CHARM OF FRENCH RURAL LIFE.

Even the Poorest Give Something to Beautifying the Villages.

Normandy and Brittany towns have a quiet sweetness to which the strident call of commerce and the bustle and noise of our American towns are strangers. Wherever commercial activity comes in the charm goes out.

There is little striking in the contrast between the country and the small towns. You leave the brilliant colored poppies in the fields to meet the timid open-eyed children in the village streets and you simply exchange the peasants working at the roadside for the white-capped women knitting in their doorways, and the men, wooden-saboted and clad in blouses and baggy trousers at their work. There are no striking contrasts between country and village such as we are accustomed to in America.

A Normandy or Brittany village is but a cluster of houses and thatched-roofed cottages, picturesquely set amid the trees and fields. Of course, the larger places lose from necessity the pastoral features of the villages, but in them you see nothing of the broken down and often filthy outlying sections observable as you approach American cities. If the section is one of poverty it will be picturesque—not made hideous with the dumpings of empty cans and the town's refuse.

Neatness and attempt at beautifying are observable everywhere. Even in the country we found the edges of the roads and the rows of trees often trimmed with care. No family is so poor that it cannot have some bright flowers in window boxes and a greater variety in the always present little garden. One of the most notable features of both town and country is the absolute lack of idleness. Thrift and industry are written everywhere.—Outing Magazine.

May Open New Gold Mines.

There is a likelihood of gold mines being opened in the near future in Bechuanaland. Should such a development take place it would result in bringing increased business to Kimberley to help fill the gap caused by the falling off in the diamond trade.

LOST $300.

Buying Medicine When Right Food Was Needed.

Money spent for "tonics" and "bracers" to relieve indigestion, while the poor old stomach is loaded with pastry and pork, is worse than losing a pocketbook containing the money.

If the money only is lost it's bad enough, but with lost health from wrong eating, it is hard to make the money back.

A Mich. young lady lost money on drugs but is thankful she found a way to get back her health by proper food. She writes:

"I had been a victim of nervous dyspepsia for six years and spent three hundred dollars for treatment in the attempt to get well. None of it did me any good.

"Finally I tried Grape-Nuts food, and the results were such that, if it cost a dollar a package, I would not be without it. My trouble had been caused by eating rich food such as pastry and pork.

"The most wonderful thing that ever happened to me, I am sure, was the change in my condition after I began to eat Grape-Nuts. I began to improve at once and the first week gained four pounds.

"I feel that I cannot express myself in terms that are worthy of the benefit Grape-Nuts has brought to me, and you are perfectly free to publish this letter if it will send some poor sufferer relief, such as has come to me."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

One of Till's Deposits.

We have been hearing sundry and divers stories about that bundle of John Till's money deposited at the Bank of New Richmond on Monday morning. We are creditably informed that it is stacked up in the following order. That of silver dollars it covered an area five feet long and thirty-two inches wide, stacked up twenty dollars high. It was subdivided into four sections each containing $1000 in real silver money. Then there was a bundle of paper money and some gold that is supposed to have contained between two and three thousand buckerinos. Of course, the bank did not furnish these figures, but we are informed that they are reasonably accurate.

And this was but one of John Till's quite frequent deposits.

Now, how would you like to be the plaster doctor?—New Richmond News.

It is said that over 500 new patients are being turned away each day by John Till at Somerset, due to his announcement not to take any more patients for the present. Till now has 5,000 patients on his register, it is said, and will treat 150 of these daily after which he will leave for Europe, May 18, for a two months' vacation. Till intends to erect a large sanatorium when he returns and will then employ a number of attendants.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

Ladies. Carroll, Miss E. (card); Fisher, Mrs. Minnie (card); Fountaine, Mrs. Olive; Hicks, Mrs. Clara (card); Odgers, Mrs. Kate; Richardson, Mrs. Bertha; Thomson, Miss Isabel M. (card).

Gentlemen. Crane, James; Forrest, C. W.; Gates, K.; Granger, Henry; Hayes, James; Kelland & Ochs.; Kenney, John (card) Lanart, D. G.; Mazurkiewix, Joe; Neddarson, Walter; Palmer, Will; Shockey, W. (card); Talbot, F. K.; Tracy, Vincent J. (card). White, Henry (3 cards).

Civil Service Examination.

Notice is hereby given that an examination will be held on Saturday, May 16th for the position of tariff clerk in the office of the railroad commission. Salary $1200 per annum. The successful candidate must have had a general railroad experience and must also possess a practical knowledge of how to take care of and keep in proper shape files of railroad tariffs, and must be able to determine the correct rates named therein and the rules and conditions applying thereto.

Persons wishing to take this examination should immediately apply for blanks to the State Civil Service Commission, Madison, Wis.

Applications will not be accepted later than May 10th.

ORSON P. COCHRAN.
Piano Tuner.

Best of work guaranteed. Call telephone 2 5 or at the house 447 Third Ave. N.

A Woman Tells How to Relieve Rheumatic Pains.

I have been a very great sufferer from the dreadful disease, rheumatism, for a number of years. I have tried many medicines but never got much relief from any of them until two years ago, when I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I found relief before I had used all of one bottle, but kept on applying it and soon felt like a different woman. Through my advice many of my friends have tried it and can tell you how wonderfully it has worked.—Mrs. Sarah A. Cole, 140 S. New St., Dover, Del. Chamberlain's Pain Balm is a liniment. The relief from pain which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. It makes rest and sleep possible. For sale by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Miss Bessie Huntington is home from Joliet, Ill., having completed her studies and now being a graduate nurse. Miss Huntington will spend the summer here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Huntington, and in the fall will return to Joliet where she expects to locate. George Huntington is visiting at Joliet this week, having a sister residing there.

Order Limiting Time to Present Claims and Notice to Creditors.

State of Wisconsin, Wood County, in county court.

In the matter of the estate of Gallus Zimmerman, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Gallus Zimmerman late of the town of Hansen, in said county of Wood, deceased, having been duly granted to Amelie Zimmerman by this court:

It is ordered, that the time from the date hereof until and including the 29th day of October, A. D. 1908, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Gallus Zimmerman, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against the said Gallus Zimmerman, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this court, at the court room in the court house in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, at the specific term thereof appointed to be held on the fourth Tuesday of October, 1908, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is further ordered that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice, for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper published in the County of Wood, the first publication to be within fifteen days of the date hereof.

Dated this 29th day of April, 1908.

By the Court,
W. J. Conway
County Judge

D. D. Conway
Atty. for Plaintiff
First Pub. April 2
Last Pub. May 13

—Edison phonographs at Daly's.

CRANBERRY NOTES

Best Varieties of Cranberries.

Will some of your readers advise me what are the best varieties of cranberries to set out for good size, good quality productiveness and color for a standard medium or late variety, one that is a good keeper. Have heard the Howe highly spoken of. How does it compare with the Makepeace, McFarlin and Centerville?—Clarece A. Crooks, Rhode Island, in New England Homestead.

A. D. Makepeace of West Barnstable writes as follows: "The Early Black and Howe are respectively the standard early and late cranberry varieties. Both are to be recommended for general planting. The McFarlin and Centennial produce fruit of large size, our preference being for the latter, as more attractive. The fruit of the Centreville is a very handsome, pointed berry. All of the three last named are late varieties."

A list of Wisconsin berries similar to the above list would be much appreciated by many of the readers.

Will some grower kindly submit a list for publication.

"The importance of the corn crop in Wisconsin today," says Prof. Moore, "is much greater than ever before. Not only is the acreage planted to corn greater than it was ten years ago, but the yield of corn per acre is on an average from five to ten bushels higher. This increase in yield has been brought about in two ways: By the use of improved varieties of kiln dried seed corn, and by better culture. In the northern part of the state the acreage devoted to corn is yet small, but by improved methods of culture and the use of varieties well adapted and acclimated to the region, it is believed that corn will become one of the important crops. As dairying is recognized as one of the branches of farming to which the northern half of the state is well adapted, the raising of corn for fodder and silage is very essential."

Cranberry Season Practically Closed.

New York, April 8—The cranberry season has now practically closed. There is but little stock remaining here, and the light offerings of fancy are commanding from $11 to $12.50 per barrel, as they have for some weeks. The trade was slow this week, owing to the fact that strawberries are more plentiful from the south, and this is curtailing the demand for cranberries. The season may be said to have closed at the prices prevailing above. Some who sold cranberries after the fall panic at low figures, may wish that they now had stocks, to sell at the price prevailing, but it must be remembered that the reason these prices are ruling high is that the supplies are so limited, and that if the other stock had not been moved, conditions would now be far different.

C. M. Chaney, secretary and assistant manager of the National Fruit Exchange, which had the marketing of the holdings of the New England Cranberry Sales Company, the Wisconsin Cranberry Sales Company and the New Jersey Cranberry Sales Company, reports that the season has been generally very satisfactory. There were some rather strenuous times about the time of the panic," said Mr. Chaney. "but the season ended well, and the growers and buyers are satisfied. That the latter are pleased with the deal, is signified by the fact that we have already booked orders for about forty cars for next season. The three companies who market their product through the National Fruit Exchange have already had their annual meetings and there is no change in their management for the coming season of importance, although they will likely be stronger than during the season just now closed.—Fruit Trade Journal

—We have some bargains in diamonds. Installment plan if you like. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Market Report.

Victoria	$ 5 70
Patent Flour	5 05 @ 5 20
Rye Flour	4 70
Rye	75
Oats	52
Middlings	1 33
Feed	1 01
Bran	1 35
Corn	1 44
Corn Meal	1 47
Butter	20-26
Eggs	12
Chickens	8-11
Turkeys	11-13
Lard	12
Hogs dressed	7.00
Beef live	3.00-3.50
Beef dressed	5.00-6.00
Hams	12½
Hay, Timothy	$9-10
Potatoes	55

F. G. GILKEY AGENCY,
Fire Insurance,
Life and Accident.
Office in the Wood Block over post office.

D. D. CONWAY,
Attorney at Law.
Law, Loans and Collections. We have $20,000 which will be loaned at a low rate of interest. Office over First National Bank, East Side. Grand Rapids, Wis.

W. E. WHEELAN,
Attorney at Law
Office in the Daly Block on the East Side Grand Rapids, Wis.

GAYNOR & GARDNER,
Attorneys at Law.
Office over the Postoffice on the East Side. Will practice in all courts.

GEO. W. BAKER & SON,
Undertakers and Licensed Embalmers
105 North Second Street, East Grand Rapids Wis. Business phone 401 night calls 402

Goggins, Brazeau & Briere,
Attorneys at Law.
Office in the MacKinnon Block on the West side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

J. J. JEFFREY,
Lawyer.
Loans and Collections, Commercial and Probate Law. Office over Gross & Lyons.

LOUIS A. BAUMAN,
Lawyer
Loans & Abstracts
Post Office Building, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

DR. D. A. TELFER,
Dentist.
Office over Wood County National Bank on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

DR. K. W. BAKER,
Physician and Surgeon,
Offices in First National Bank Building Office phone 433. Residence 214 9th street south, Telephone 428.

DR. GEO. M. McINTYRE,
Osteopath
Suit 14, MacKinnon Block. Hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Evenings by appointment. Telephone 150

Office Phone 254
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DR. A. L. RIDGMAN,
Physician and Surgeon,
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J. W. COCHRAN,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law
Established 1873
Office in Wood County National Bank Building

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Licensed Undertaker and Embalmer.
Successor to G. W. Baker. Store phone 318 Night Phone 68. East Grand Rapids, Wis.

DR. E. L. GRAVES,
Dentist
Office in the MacKinnon Block.

"Hello! Mrs. Housekeeper!"



THE time to clean house is at hand. You will need new Curtains, Draperies, Linens, Sheetings, Etc. We will place our large assortment on sale for three days only at a remarkable saving to you. Now is the time to buy, this is the place. Brand new goods at really remarkably low prices. Don't fail to come.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, April 23d, 24th and 25th, 1908



Lace Curtain News

Regular 50c ruffle curtains, per pair....**30c**
Regular 1.25 large size lace curtains per pair....**79c**
Regular 1.25 large size lace curtains per pair....**98c**
Regular 1.50 lace curtains per pair....**1.25**
Regular 2.00 lace curtains per pair....**1.65**
Regular 2.50 lace curtains per pair....**2.15**
Regular 3.00 lace curtains per pair....**2.55**
Regular 3.50 lace curtains per pair....**2.95**
Regular 5.00 lace curtains per pair....**4.25**
Regular 6.50 lace curtains per pair....**5.50**



Table Linen and Napkins

Best quality regular 50c colored, blue, red and buff table linen at....**39c**
Regular 50c unbleached 64 inch linen....**41c**
Regular 60c and 65c unbleached 64 inch linen....**49c**
Regular 85c bleached 72 inch linen....**69c**
Regular 1.00 bleached 72 inch linen....**85c**
Regular 1.25 bleached 72 inch linen....**1.00**
Regular 1.25 silver bleached 72 inch linen....**1.05**
Regular 1.50 bleached 72 inch linen....**1.29**
Regular 2.50 bleached 72 inch linen....**1.95**

15 per cent Discount on all Napkins to match table linens



Silkolines, Cretons, Challies

Regular 10c silkoline, plain and fancy..**8½c**
Regular 12½c fancy silkolines, all colors.**10c**
Regular 15c fancy silkolines, all colors.**12½c**
Regular 15c 30 inch cotton challies, beautiful line of colorings....**8½c**
Regular 10c and 12½c cretons, blues, tans, brown, reds, pinks, etc....**9c**
Fancy tickings suitable for box coverings, etc., special....**23c**



Special Sheeting News

Brown sheeting 36 inches....**5c**
8c brown sheeting 36 inches, heavy....**6½c**
10c brown sheeting 36 inches, fine and heavy....**7¼c**
Lawnsdale cambric....**12c**
Lawnsdale bleached sheeting....**9¼c**
Regular 10c bleached sheeting....**8c**
Regular 7½c bleached sheeting....**5½c**
9-4 bleached sheeting, 35c quality....**27c**
42 inch bleached pillow tubeing....**15c**
45 inch bleached pillow tubeing....**17c**
50 inch bleached pillow tubeing....**19c**



Curtains... Swiss and Madras

Regular 76c madras, fancy....**50c**
Regular 66c madras, fancy....**45c**
Regular 50c madras, white and fancy....**43c**
Regular 25c English madras, sold everywhere else at 35c, beautiful patterns, at....**21c**
Regular 5c curtain, Swiss....**3½c**
Regular 15c curtain, plain or fancy....**12½c**
Regular 17½c fancy madras....**14c**
Regular 35c barred dimity with ruffling....**22c**

Call early, Mrs. Housekeeper, and select from a complete stock.



Towels and Bed Spreads

Regular 6c and 7c bleached and unbleached cotton towelling....**4½c**
All 10c towelling, bleached and unbleached **8c**
All 12c and 12½c toweling, bleached and unbleached....**10c**
All 14c and 15c towelling, bleached and unbleached....**12½c**
All 25c towelling, bleached and unbleached....**20c**
45c and 50c fancy huck towelling....**37c**
1 lot bed spreads, easily worth 1.25....**1.00**
Regular 1.50 bed spreads....**1.29**
Regular 1.75 bed spreads....**1.50**
Regular 2.75 to 3.00 bed Spreads....**2.35**

Special Bargains in Groceries

10 pounds best granulated sugar....**52c**
One piece China with coffee....**25c**
1 pound tin pail Old Partner tobacco....**28c**
2 pounds tea dust....**25c**
1 pounds good tea....**25c**
1 pound good baking powder....**15c**
Spiced herring a pail....**75c**
Best grade Holland herring per keg....**59c**
Malta Vita per package....**7c**
Good laundry soap 9 bars for....**25c**
3 bars Tar soap at this sale....**10c**

Ask to see our line of Oxfords and Buster Brown Shoes.

Large lemons per dozen....**17c**
Small oranges per dozen....**17c**
Uneeda biscuits per package....**4c**
Good bulk coffee at....**12½c and 15c**
Large bottle blueing....**8c**
Large bottle ammonia....**8c**
Wiggle stick blueing, 3 for....**10c**
Good tomatoes per can....**9c**
Good corn per can....**8c**
Good peas per can....**9c**
Gold Medal Pillsbury flour....**1.45 and 2.85**

Ask to see our line of Oxfords and Buster Brown Shoes.

J. T. Schumacher's Dept. Store

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN

GOOD SEED...

The result of 30 years experience and a close study on field and garden seed not only helps us sell but safe guards your crops. Our seed sales are 6 times greater than any previous year. We sell

SEED OATS, SEED PEAS, CLOVER, TIMOTHY and ALSIKE
GARDEN and FLOWER SEEDS
All Select and Fresh

Try Our Lawn Gross Seeds

...CENTRALIA HDW. CO...

THE BEER THAT IS BEST
GRAND RAPIDS BEER
TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.



JUST ARRIVED

A Big Carload of
BUILDING PAPER
TARRED FELT
INDRUROID ROOFING

By buying car lots we are able to make you some attractive figures.
It will sure pay you to get our prices.

KELLOGG BROS. LBR. CO.

The Best Way

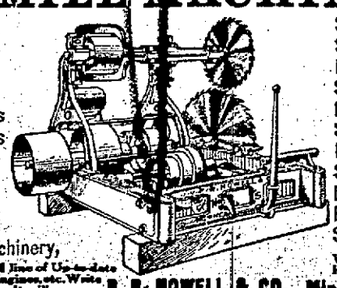
to pay your bills is by giving a check which constitutes the very best form of a receipt for all payments and is the most convenient and business-like way of making payments.

It makes no difference how small your account may be we will be glad to have it and get you started along the line of paying with checks.

BANK OF GRAND RAPIDS
WEST SIDE...

SAW MILL MACHINERY

Saw Mills
Engines
Boilers
Gang Edgers
Lumber Trimmers
Bolting Machines
Lath Machines
Log Turners
Log Jackers
Slab Slashers
Filing Room Machinery,



Slab Conveyors
Steam Feeds
Resaw Machines
Shingle Machines
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